



CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by:

City of Winchester, Virginia Finance Department



CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Officials	i
Organizational Chart	ii
Letter of Transmittal	iii-ix
Certificate of Achievement	X
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4a-4o
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Exhibit 1 – Statement of Net Position	5
Exhibit 2 – Statement of Activities	6
Fund Financial Statements:	
Exhibit 3 – Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	7
Exhibit 4 – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	8
Exhibit 5 – Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Exhibit 6 – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget to Actual – General Fund	
Exhibit 7 – Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	12
Exhibit 8 – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit 9 – Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit 10 – Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Exhibit 11 – Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18-96

Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Exhibit 12A – Primary Government and Winchester Parking Authority	
Exhibit 12B – Schools – Nonprofessional Employees	98
Exhibit 13 – Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability – VRS	0.0
Teacher Retirement Plan	
Exhibit 14 – Schedule of Pension Contributions	100
Exhibit 15A – VRS Health Insurance Credit – City and Winchester Parking Authority	101
Exhibit 15B – VRS Health Insurance Credit – Schools Nonprofessional Employees	
Exhibit 15C – Local Plan – Totals for all employers	
Exhibit 16 – Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability	
Schedules of OPEB Contributions	
Exhibit 17A – City	
Exhibit 17B – Schools	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	107-108
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	109
Exhibit 18 - Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	110
Exhibit 19 - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	111
Exhibit 20 – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	112
Exhibit 21 – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Funds	113
Internal Service Funds	111
Exhibit 22 – Combining Statement of Net Position	113
Exhibit 23 – Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in	116
Fund Net Position.	
Exhibit 24 – Combining Statement of Cash Flows	11/
Fiduciary Funds	118
Exhibit 25 – Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	119
Exhibit 26 - Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	s 120
Discussion Ducconted Common and Huit Cabaal Da and	121 122
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board	
	123
Exhibit 28 – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	104
Governmental Funds	124
Exhibit 29 – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	105
Budget and Actual – School Operating Fund	
Exhibit 30 – Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	126

Other Supplementary Information: (Continued)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board (Continued)	
Exhibit 31 - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Funds	127
Exhibit 32 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	128
Exhibit 33 – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Funds	129
Exhibit 34 – Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Fund	130
Exhibit 35 – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund	
Net Position – Internal Service Fund	131
Exhibit 36 – Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund	132
Exhibit 37 – Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	133
Exhibit 38 – Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	134
Discretely Presented Component Unit – Parking Authority	135
Exhibit 39 – Statement of Net Position – Winchester Parking Authority	136
Exhibit 40 – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Winchester Parking Authority	137
Exhibit 41 – Statement of Cash Flows – Winchester Parking Authority	138
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Narrative	139
Table 1 – Net Position by Component	140
Table 2 – Changes in Net Position.	141-143
Table 3 – Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	144
Table 4 – Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	145-146
Table 5 – Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	147
Table 6 – Direct Property Tax Rates	148
Table 7 – Principal Property Taxpayers	149
Table 8 – Property Tax Levies and Collections	150
Table 9 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	151

STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued)	Page(s)
Table 10 – Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	152
Table 11 – Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	153
Table 12 – Legal Debt Margin Information	154
Table 13 – Pledged-Revenue Coverage	155
Table 14 – Demographic and Economic Statistics	156
Table 15 – Principal Employers	157
Table 16 – Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	158
Table 17 – Operating Indicators by Function	159
Table 18 – Capital Assets Statistics by Function	160
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Complia	ince and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Governmental Auditing Standards	161-162
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal	
Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	163-165
Summary of Compliance Matters	166
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	167-171
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	172
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	173-174

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA

THE COMMON COUNCIL

John D. Smith, Jr., Mayor & President Kim M. Herbstritt, Vice President John W. Hill., Vice Mayor

Evan H. Clark Corey S. Sullivan Phillip L. Milstead Madelyn Rodriguez Les C. Veach Richard S. Bell

OFFICIALS

Daniel C. Hoffman, City Manager Mary M. Blowe, Deputy City Manager/CFO Kerri A. Mellott, Deputy Clerk of Council

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Leslie R. Taylor, City Sheriff
Jeffrey L. Barbour, City Treasurer
William D. Gardner, Clerk of the Circuit Court
Ann T. Burkholder, Commissioner of Revenue
Heather D. Hovermale, Commonwealth's Attorney

OTHER OFFICIALS

Melisa G. Michelsen Amy L. Simmons Mary M. Blowe

Patrick S. Elwell Paula A. Nofsinger Celeste R. Broadstreet

Jonathan D. Henschel Tyler B. Schenck

Christopher A. Konyar Timothy A. Youmans Alfredo Gutierrez Velasq John R. Piper Perry A. Eisenach Amber D. Dopkowski Dr. Jason Van Heukelum Justin R. Kerns

David W. Parker Elizabeth W. Martin City Attorney Communications Director Acting, Economic Development Director Acting, Development Services Director Director of Human Resources Finance Director/Real Estate Administrator Fire and Rescue Chief Innovation and Information Services Director Parks & Recreation Director Planning Director Zoning Administrator Police Chief Public Services Director Social Services Director Superintendent of Schools Executive Director, Win-Fred Co.

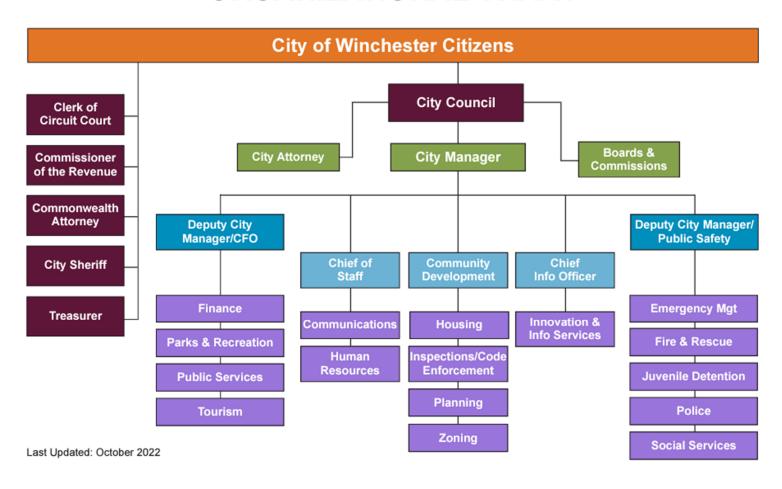
Convention & Visitor's Bureau

Building Official Voter Registrar

City of Winchester Organizational Chart



ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







Rouss City Hall 15 North Cameron Street Winchester, VA 22601 Telephone: (540) 667-1815 FAX: (540) 723-0238 TDD: (540) 722-0782 Website: www.winchesterva.gov

December 1, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council To the Citizens of the City of Winchester Winchester, Virginia

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Winchester, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is submitted herewith pursuant to Sections 15.1-166 & 167 of the Code of Virginia. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of all the funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities are included.

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse; to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled; and to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

State Statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Brown Edwards & Company, L.L.P. performed the City of Winchester's audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In addition to complying with the requirements set forth in the State Statutes, the audit was designed to comply with the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and related Uniform Guidance. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Winchester's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Winchester

The City of Winchester is located in the northern tip of Virginia in the Shenandoah Valley. Winchester, founded in 1744, is the oldest city in Virginia west of the Blue Ridge Mountains. The City currently occupies a land area of 9.3 square miles and serves a resident population of approximately 28,705. Two major interstate highways, I-81 and I-66, and four major state highways, Routes 50, 7, 11, and 522, provide direct access to eastern markets, including Washington, D.C., 72 miles away, and Baltimore, MD, 97 miles away. As a regional employment and health care center, the City's daytime population increases to approximately 45,000.

The City of Winchester has a Council/Manager form of government. The nine-member Council consists of a Mayor and eight Councilors elected from four wards in the city with each ward electing two members from the territory of the ward, and the mayor elected at-large and serving for a period of four years. In the governance of the City, the Council is charged with the responsibility of establishing policies and enacting ordinances and resolutions. The Council elects one of the councilors to serve as President for a two-year term. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and is charged with the responsibility of administering daily operations and implementing Council directives.

The City provides a full range of services, including the following: police and fire protection; emergency response and rescue services; education; water and sewer services; refuse removal and disposal services; construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure; parks and recreational activities; cultural events; parking facilities; transit services; social services; planning and zoning; and general administration. All moneys required to support these services are reflected in this report.

The ACFR includes all funds, component unit agencies, and boards and commissions for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of such an entity's Board, and either (a) the ability to impose its will, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the City.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the following organizations are included in the financial statements for the reasons indicated:

- Winchester Parking Authority (WPA): The Winchester Parking Authority was created at the request of the City of Winchester under Chapter 221 the 1964 Acts of the Virginia General Assembly on March 27, 1964 as a public body and body politic and corporate to acquire, construct, reconstruct, equip, improve, extend, enlarge, maintain, repair and operate off-street parking facilities; providing for the issuance of revenue bonds of the Parking Authority, payable solely from revenues; to pay all or any part of the cost of such parking facilities; providing for the imposition and collection of rates, rentals, fees, and charges for the use of and for the services furnished by the parking facilities; authorizing the issuance of revenue refunding bonds; and prescribing the powers and duties of the Authority in connection with the parking facilities and adjoining areas. All members of the WPA are appointed by the City's Common Council.
- ♦ Winchester School Board (Board): The Board was created by Common Council in accordance with Article VIII, Section 7 of the Virginia Constitution and Section 14.01(A) of the Winchester City Charter as a public body corporate. Pursuant to the foregoing, the Board is vested with the authority to supervise the City's publicly funded primary and secondary school system. The Board is authorized to oversee the operation and management of the City's public schools and receives annual appropriations in furtherance of these efforts from Common Council and other funding sources. In November 2019 the residents of Winchester voted via a referendum to transition from an appointed School Board to one that is elected. Four of the seats were elected in November 2020 and the remaining seats will be elected in November of 2022.

Profile of the City of Winchester (Continued)

Financial activities of the following joint ventures and other related organizations are not included in the ACFR, but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements in accordance with pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board:

- ♦ Frederick-Winchester Service Authority
- ♦ Winchester Regional Airport Authority
- ♦ Handley Regional Library Board

The City maintains budgetary control as part of its fiscal management techniques. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the departmental level. Only the Common Council can revise the appropriation for each department. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within general government departments, and the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City meets its responsibility for sound financial management.

Local Economy

The City is the region's commercial, recreational, industrial, and medical center serving a 75-mile radius. Because of the City's position as a regional economic center and its extensive highway system, the City's workforce is drawn from a substantially broader area. Employers in the area offer a wide variety of private sector jobs ranging from agriculture, forestry, and manufacturing, to retail, professional, educational, and medical services, as well as an emerging presence of information technology opportunities.

The City's largest employer is Valley Health Systems, which owns and operates the Winchester Medical Center and five smaller primary care hospitals in the region along with other related services such as urgent care clinics, home health services, a childcare facility, and transport services. A level II trauma center and level III Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU), the Winchester Medical Center is a non-profit, regional referral hospital, serving the tri-state region surrounding the city. The 495-bed facility, which has recently finalized a medical office building expansion and renovation to accommodate additional medical specialties, offers a full range of inpatient and outpatient diagnostic, medical, advanced surgical options, and rehabilitative services.

Located within Winchester is Shenandoah University, a United Methodist Church-affiliated institution, which was founded in 1875 in Dayton, Virginia, and moved to Winchester in 1960. Today, Shenandoah University has an enrollment of over 4,000 students. These students participate in more than 200 areas of study at the bachelor's, master's, and doctoral degree levels, as well as through undergraduate and graduate certificates, across six schools: College of Arts and Sciences, School of Business, Shenandoah Conservatory, Bernard J. Dunn School of Pharmacy, Eleanor Wade Custer School of Nursing, and School of Health Professions. The University has continued to grow academic offerings and has recently become one of the first universities to offer bachelor's degrees in virtual reality design and esports management, as well as the state's oldest music therapy program.

The Winchester Regional Airport is an all-weather general aviation airport, with 5,500 feet of grooved asphalt runway, serving the region. The airport is staffed 24 hours a day/7 days a week and sells 100LL and Jet-A aviation fuel. It is the official airport of the Virginia Inland Port Authority, which is fifteen miles south of Winchester. The City participates with other user localities in a joint venture to operate the airport and contributes a share of the local funding needed for the operations and capital improvements of the airport.

Local Economy (Continued)

The City's commercial tax base accounts for 32.2% of the taxable real property value in the City. The City serves as the major retail center for the region. Apple Blossom Mall, an enclosed regional shopping center, contains Belk, J.C. Penney's, and AMC Theatres as its anchors, along with over 80 stores, specialty merchants and restaurants. Plazas such as Apple Blossom Corners, Winchester Crossing, Winchester Station and Winchester Plaza house Martin's, Staples, Hobby Lobby, Kohl's, HomeGoods, Books-A-Million, Michael's, Old Navy, Bed Bath and Beyond, Dick's Sporting Goods, Planet Fitness and Kirkland's. Also, serving the area are a Wal-Mart Supercenter, Lowe's, Home Depot, Target, and T.J. Maxx. The Old Town Mall, a pedestrian mall in the City's downtown, offers a wide range of boutiques, specialty shops and restaurants and is often viewed as the cultural center of the community. There are also several anchorless retail centers and one lifestyle center that house Ann Taylor Loft, Talbots, J. Jill, Jos A Bank Clothier, and other high-end retail stores. The city is also home to several national chain restaurants. In addition, the city has several class A office buildings serving the professional services sector and business service entities. In addition to retail, hospitality and office space, the City is home to several large manufacturing companies including Continental AG, National Fruit Company, Rubbermaid Commercial Products, and Trex Corporation. These companies provide over 1,400 jobs to Winchester.

Winchester Development Services and the Winchester Economic Development Authority (EDA) work closely together to facilitate economic development and growth within our community. A brief update on the major projects in FY 2022 authenticates the size, diversity and positive impact on Winchester's business and financial strength. The Winchester Towers property is in development as Lynx Ventures LLC leads the redevelopment to a mixed-use project with 175 residential units, structured parking facility, and commercial opportunities. The Kent and Piccadilly Streets property is proposed to be developed into 16 for sale townhomes by the Aikens Group. The EDA utilized the Enterprise Zone incentive to initiate an \$11.0 million expansion of Continental AG, adding 67 new manufacturing jobs; a new apple pressing facility investment valued at over \$1 million and creating 4 new jobs; secured the recent commitment of a \$35.0 million investment from TFC Poultry and creation of 111 new jobs as part of establishing their first East Coast facility. Outside of the Enterprise Zone, the City actively promotes development and attraction of new businesses. Trex Corporation's new Corporate Headquarters has completed relocate nearly 200 employees into the City of Winchester and result in a roughly \$15.0 million investment.

Winchester City Council is reviewing a Text Amendment to permit solar energy systems in all districts. This "environmental catalyst" may bring new energy resources throughout the city. Central to our Comprehensive Plan are two focus points: Winchester New Urbanism to redevelop blight, vacant properties; and Building Winchester projects increased with merged parcels, in-fill development, medium to large multi-family and Residential Assisted Living options in the community. Council approved many projects this year in support of the City's goals and to grow our community and provide a wide array of housing options. Several approved conditional use permits include 426 units in the downtown Winchester area, an assisted living facility, a 246-unit mixed use project, 79 single family lots with 74 age restricted units, 10.6 acres mixed use development and 172 townhomes and 440 apartments around the City. Also approved was a parcel merger of 10.9 acres with high density multi-family units with special conditions and regulations on the aesthetics of the exterior of the units.

In addition, the City continues to successfully market the City's downtown. As of 2022, Winchester's EDA administers the Main Street Program, focused on downtown revitalization - putting the traditional assets of downtown, such as unique architecture and locally owned businesses, to work as a catalyst for economic growth and community pride. The Main Street Program is directly overseen by the EDA's Main Street Committee, a volunteer board made up of local stakeholders. A new Strategic Plan is in development; an opportunity to take direct feedback from community surveys and stakeholder opinions and use it to guide all future plans and outcomes for the Main Street program.

Long-term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (27.4% of General Fund expenditures) exceeds the policy guidelines set by Council for planning purposes. Twenty percent is the adopted minimum target for the City's General Fund balance. Amounts that exceed 25% are transferred to the capital reserve account up to the funding maximum of \$2.0 million, as currently established by City Council.

As part of our strategic plan, the City has implemented a 20-year financial planning model to help project revenue and expenditures through the year 2041. Factored into the financial planning model are anticipated future major capital projects. The City is planning for several road improvement projects that will leverage state revenue sharing funds and general obligation bonds. Near term, the City school district capital improvement projects include the replacement of the John Handley High School track (\$1,000,000); HVAC, lighting, and sprinkler renovations at Frederick Douglass Elementary School (\$6,000,000); and the completion of the renovation/addition to the Douglas School (approximately \$15,000,000). These projects are funded through various revenue streams, including carryover funds from previous fiscal years, general obligation bonds, federal Elementary and Secondary School Relief (ESSER) COVID funds, and private donations. Winchester Public Schools projects that enrollment will remain flat throughout 2023 at approximately 4,100. Current educational facilities are adequately sized at the elementary level and high school level, but middle school level assets will be slightly strained by student enrollment in grades 5-8. These improvements should take us well into the future, allowing us to continue providing a quality education for all students in the City.

Relevant Financial Policies

In December 2003, along with the fund balance policy (updated in August 2016), City Council adopted a debt obligation policy, which states that net debt as a percentage of assessed value will not exceed 4%. General obligation debt service and capital lease payments as a percentage of general governmental expenditures will not exceed 15%.

The City's investment policy is designed to allow the City to obtain the highest possible yield on available City financial assets, consistent with constraints imposed by its safety objectives, cash flow considerations, and Virginia State laws that restrict the placement of public funds. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act.

Major Initiatives

A. Hope Drive Extension

Construction on this \$10 million project was successfully completed and the new roadway was opened in June 2022. Approximately one-half of the costs of this project were paid for using VDOT Revenue Sharing funds. The project consisted of extending Hope Drive east over the railroad tracks, realigning Papermill Road, and terminating Tevis Street west of the railroad tracks with a cul-de-sac.

B. Green Circle Trail

The City continues to work towards completing the Green Circle Trail. City Council selected the route for the section of the trail along Jubal Early between Plaza Drive and Millwood Avenue and engineering design is underway. Construction on this section of the trail is expected to begin in 2024.

Major Initiatives (Continued)

C. Sidewalk Improvements

Making improvements to sidewalks is one of the highest priorities for City Council and the residents of Winchester. The existing Sidewalk Master Plan will be revised in 2022 that will prioritize sidewalk improvements that will be made throughout the City. Construction on \$3 million of sidewalk replacements is currently in progress and work will continue in 2023.

D. Valley Avenue Drainage and Sidewalk Improvements

Construction on this \$8.9 million project also started in January 2021 and construction is ongoing. The completion of the project has been delayed primarily by the volume of rock that has been encountered and the project is currently expected to be completed in the spring of 2023. The project will correct the significant drainage problem near the intersection of Valley/Tevis and will also install sidewalks on both sides of the roadway where none currently exist. One-half of the costs of the drainage and sidewalk improvements will also be paid for using VDOT Revenue Sharing funds.

E. Street Repaying

Maintaining the City's streets has always been a high priority, as evidenced by the \$2 million in street repaying on streets throughout the City that is nearing completion.

F. North Cameron Street Drainage Improvements

This project will consist of improvements necessary to alleviate significant flooding that occurs along N. Cameron Street north of Piccadilly Street. The City has purchased multiple properties to construct landscaped, stormwater management ponds that will hold runoff after large rain events and release it slowly into the City's stormwater system. The estimated total cost of this major project is over \$14.0 million, and construction is expected to begin in 2023.

G. Utility Infrastructure Improvements

Work is ongoing on multiple utility projects that will be completed in the next few years and are being paid for by the Utility fund. These projects are necessary to replace old infrastructure and include the following:

- 1. Water and sewer main replacements. Work was completed this past year on N. Washington Street between W. Boscawen and W. Piccadilly, and work is nearing completion on Morgan Street and on W. Piccadilly between Morgan and N. Washington.
- 2. The City's new in-house construction crew has started work on completing water and sewer utility replacements on S. Loudoun Street between Cork and Gerrard.
- 3. Sewer pump station replacements. Construction is in progress on two different pump stations that should be completed by the spring of 2023.
- 4. New maintenance facility at City Yards. Construction is in progress and is approximately 98% complete.

H. Millwood Avenue Improvements

City Council has approved making roadway improvements on Millwood Avenue between Apple Blossom Drive and Mall Blvd. to improve traffic flow on this congested corridor. The engineering design of these improvements is underway, and construction will occur at the same time as a new bridge over Interstate-81 is constructed by VDOT.

Major Initiatives (Continued)

I. New South End Fire Station

The City recently purchased the property where the existing South End Fire Station is located. The existing station is in poor condition and does not meet the needs of the Fire and Rescue Department. In early 2023, the City will begin work with a design consultant to plan for and design a new fire station on this property. This will be the first fire station that will be owned and operated by the City.

J. Preston Field Improvements

City Council recently approved an agreement with Blue Ridge Youth Soccer Association (BRYSA) for two artificial turf soccer fields that will be constructed where the existing Preston Fields are in Jim Barnett Park. BRYSA is making a \$500,000 contribution for this project and construction will begin in 2023.

Awards and Acknowledgment

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Winchester for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the thirtieth consecutive year that the City of Winchester has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated and effective efforts of City and Schools Finance staff, and staff in other departments throughout the City who assisted in gathering the information for this report. Many hours of hard work are represented herein, and we extend our sincere appreciation to each member of our staff who contributed to the final report.

Finally, grateful appreciation is extended to the City Council for their leadership and support throughout the year.

Respectfully submitted,

Daniel C. Hoffman City Manager Mary M. Blowe Deputy City Manager/CFO

May M. Stone

Celeste R. Broadstreet Financial Services Director

liste R. Broadstrul



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Winchester Virginia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Winchester, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winchester, Virginia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Notes 6, 8, and 9 to the financial statements, in 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB Statement No. 87, Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepared the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combing and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 1, 2022 City of Winchester, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of the City of Winchester's (the City's) annual financial report presents an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please review all documentation in conjunction with the City's financial statements and the transmittal letter for an overall picture of the City's financial performance as a whole.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Winchester, on a government-wide basis excluding component unit, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2022 by \$133.7 million (net position).
- The City's total net position increased approximately \$29.4 million over the course of this year's operations. Net position of governmental activities increased \$23.4 million, and net position of business-type activities increased \$6.0 million from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41.3 million, an increase of \$7.4 million over the prior year. Approximately 60.3% of this amount, \$24.9 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's general fund unassigned fund balance was \$24.9 million. This amount represents 27.4% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt increased by \$2.4 million, or 1.0%. The City's general obligation bond debt increased \$2.1 million, revenue bond debt increased \$2.4 million, and obligations payable and leases decreased \$2.0 million from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include: general government; judicial administration; public safety; public works; health and welfare; community development; and recreation and cultural. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and a legally separate parking authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains nine governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund and capital projects fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee benefits program and equipment maintenance operation. Because these two functions predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer fund (a major fund). Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City has three fiduciary funds: the Special Welfare Fund, Northwestern Regional Jail Authority Construction Fund, and Northwestern Regional Juvenile Detention Center Fund. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18 - 96 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 97 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position (assets in excess of liabilities) may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Table 1 shows that the primary government's assets exceeded liabilities by \$133.7 million at the close of fiscal year 2022.

The City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although, the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Governmental activities. As shown in Table 1, net position for governmental activities increased from \$27.1 million at the end of FY 2021 to \$50.5 million (\$23.4 million increase) at the end of FY 2022. This increase is attributed to the increase in capital assets, including road improvements, improvements to the Jim Barnett Park and a building acquisition; and a decrease in net pension liabilities, see Note 11 for detailed information.

In FY 2015, the City began complying with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This standard requires the City for the first time to report a net pension liability for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan that is offered to City employees. For detailed information on the Defined Benefit Pension Plan see Note 11, page 53.

In FY 2018 the City began complying with GASB Statements No. 74 and 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This standard requires the City for the first time to report a net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability for its cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan offered to eligible retirees and other OPEB plans offered employees through the Virginia Retirement System see Note 13, page 68. In addition, in FY 2022 the City began complying with GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires for the first time the City as a lessee to report a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and as a lessor to report a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Because information to restate prior years is not readily available, the prior year comparative information included in this discussion and analysis has not been restated.

Table 1 City of Winchester's Net Position Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022

(in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Busines	ss-Type	Total Primary		Component Unit	
			Activ	vities Governm		nment	School	ol Board
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 67.3	\$ 53.5	\$ 25.7	\$ 34.3	\$ 93.0	\$ 87.8	\$ 23.6	\$ 25.9
Capital assets	121.2	104.5	221.5	210.0	342.7	314.5	134.7	129.0
Total Assets	188.5	158.0	247.2	244.3	435.7	402.3	158.3	154.9
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred charge on refunding	1.7	2.3	1.5	1.7	3.2	4.0	-	-
Pension related deferred outflows	6.2	7.6	0.7	0.7	6.9	8.3	10.4	13.0
Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows	4.2	3.8	0.3	0.2	4.5	4.0	1.1	1.1
Total Deferred outflows of resources	12.1	13.7	2.5	2.6	14.6	16.3	11.5	14.1
Liabilities								
Current and other liabilities	16.1	12.3	4.9	7.3	21.0	19.6	9.1	8.3
Long-term liabilities	114.7	128.9	159.8	162.3	274.5	291.2	36.7	61.9
Total Liabilities	130.8	141.2	164.7	169.6	295.5	310.8	45.8	70.2
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Leases	1.1	-	-	-	1.1	-	-	-
Property taxes collected in advance	1.3	1.2	-	-	1.3	1.2	-	-
Pension related deferred inflows	13.2	0.1	1.5	-	14.7	0.1	22.3	4.7
Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows	3.7	2.1	0.3	0.1	4.0	2.2	1.1	0.4
Total Deferred inflows of resources	19.3	3.4	1.8	0.1	21.1	3.5	23.4	5.1
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	87.3	79.6	71.9	73.1	159.2	152.7	134.3	129.0
Restricted	0.2	0.3	-	-	0.2	0.3	2.2	6.4
Unrestricted	(37.0)	(52.8)	11.3	4.1	(25.7)	(48.7)	(35.9)	(41.7)
Total Net Position	\$ 50.5	\$ 27.1	\$ 83.2	\$ 77.2	\$ 133.7	\$ 104.3	\$ 100.6	\$ 93.7

In addition, since the GASB 34 implementation the City reports its liability for the repayment of the debt associated with the construction of school facilities under the governmental activities category. The City, not the School Board, is obligated for the debt. The related capital assets are presented under the Component Unit – School Board. If the debt related to the construction of schools (\$56.4 million) were not presented in Table 2, the net position for the governmental activities would be \$106.9 million and the total net position for the primary government would be \$190.1 million.

Table 2 Changes in the City of Winchester's Net Position Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022

(in millions) Governmental **Business-Type Total Primary** Component Unit Activities Activities School Board Government 2022 2022 2021 2021 2021 2022 2022 2021 Revenues Program Revenues \$ 6.1 \$ \$ 31.1 \$ 35.2 \$ \$ 0.6 Charges for services 4.1 36.2 42.3 1.1 26.0 22.8 0.1 0.4 23.3 40.8 36.8 Operating grants and contributions 26.1 Capital grants and contributions 4.8 0.3 0.4 5.1 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.6 General Revenues Property taxes 49.8 47.0 49.8 47.0 Sales taxes 12.1 10.8 12.1 10.8 Other taxes 26.3 22.9 26.3 22.8 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 3.2 3.1 3.2 3.1 Unrestricted investment earnings 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 31.8 42.0 **Total revenues** \$ 128.3 \$ 112.3 32.0 \$ 164.9 \$ 144.3 74.8 36.6 80.5 **Expenses** General government administration 8.1 7.7 8.1 7.7 5.0 4.6 5.0 Judicial administration 4.6 27.6 26.7 27.6 Public safety 26.7 Public works 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 Health and welfare 11.8 12.6 11.8 12.6 Education 31.9 41.9 31.9 41.9 67.9 68.4 Parks, recreation and culture 4.2 6.2 4.2 6.2 Community development 2.6 3.1 2.6 3.1 Interest on long-term debt 2.4 2.8 2.4 2.8 Bond issuance costs Water and sewer 29.4 30.5 29.4 30.5 **Total expenses** 106.1 118.8 29.4 30.5 135.5 149.3 67.9 68.4 Increase (decrease) in net position (6.5)1.5 (5.0)6.9 12.1 before transfers 22.2 7.2 29.4 Transfers 1.2 1.5 (1.2)(1.5)(5.0)Increase (decrease) in net position 23.4 6.0 29.4 (5.0)6.9 12.1 77.2 Net position - beginning 27.1 77.2 93.7 32.1 104.3 109.3 81.6

4e

\$ 83.2

\$ 77.2

\$ 133.7

\$ 104.3

\$ 100.6

93.7

27.1

\$

50.5

Net position - ending

As shown in Table 2, the City's revenues from governmental activities totaled \$128.3 million for FY 2022, an increase of \$16.0 million from FY 2021. The largest increases were in operating grants and contributions totaling \$3.2 million from the prior year due to the Federal American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act grant to help mitigate and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic; and Capital grants and contributions increased \$3.2 million due to the completion of several public works road projects including Hope Drive and Valley Avenue road improvements and a new signal light. Charges for Services increased \$2.0 million from the prior year, mainly due to an increase of the City's sanitation fee.

Winchester's general revenues increased by \$7.6 million from the prior year, including \$3.4 million increase in Other taxes (business licenses, communications, hotel and meals taxes) due to the economic recovery from the easing of COVID-19 restrictions. In addition, Property taxes increased by \$2.8 million from the prior year due to market conditions which significantly increased the assessment value of personal property and Sales taxes increased \$1.3 million due to the City's economic base which has remained strong.

The City's expenses from governmental activities totaled \$106.1 million (Table 2) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, a decrease of \$12.7 million from the prior year. Education was the largest decrease at 10.0 million which returns the expense to normal levels from the high amount in FY 2021 due to the issuance of bonds for school capital projects. Judicial administration decreased by \$0.4 million, Public safety decreased by \$0.9 million, parks, recreation and culture decreased by \$2.0 million and Community development decreased by \$0.5 million mainly from the CARES Act funding used in FY 2021 to respond to and mitigate the COVID-19 impacts, including a new fire training facility, upgrades to the Emergency Communications Center, improved teleworking capabilities, and improved employee safety measures. General government administration increased by \$0.4 million and Health and welfare increased by \$0.8 million for local social service programs.

As shown in Figure A, the City received 68.8% of its revenue from taxes. The major source of revenue for the City was property taxes (\$49.8 million or 38.8%), composed of real estate, personal property taxes, and machinery and tools taxes. The City's real property tax rate remained unchanged from the prior year at \$0.93 per \$100 of assessed values (effective January 1, 2021). The City revalues real property every two years. Other tax revenues (sales and other taxes) increased \$4.8 million from the prior year, due to recovering economic conditions from the pandemic.

As shown in Figure B, education was the largest expense at \$31.9 million or 30.0% of total governmental expenses. Public safety was the second largest expense at \$26.7 million or 25.2% of total governmental expenses. Public works has the largest amount of program revenue at \$13.8 million or 37.4% of total program revenues. Health and welfare has the second highest program revenue at \$9.1 million or 24.8% of total program revenues.

Figure A
Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

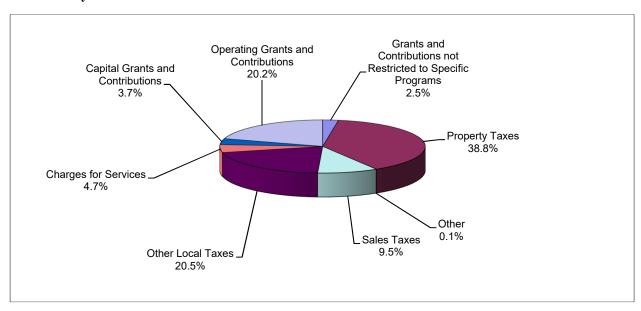
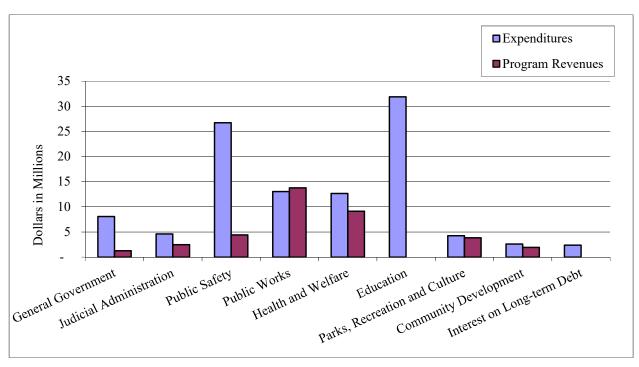


Figure B
Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Business-type activities. The City's business-type activities include the water and sewer fund. The net position of these business-type activities totaled \$83.2 million (Table 2) an increase of \$6.0 million from the prior year. As shown in Figure C, the major revenue source for the business-type activities is charges for services, including water and sewer utility fees, which totaled \$36.2 million or 98.7% of the total revenues for business-type activities, which is \$5.1 million higher than the prior year due to a rate increase effective July 1, 2021. Expenses of the business-type activities totaled \$29.4 million (Table 2) a decrease from the prior year of \$1.1 million. This decrease in expenses is mainly due to the reduction in scheduled interest payments on debt to support the upgrades to the City's aging water and sewer infrastructure.

Figure C Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

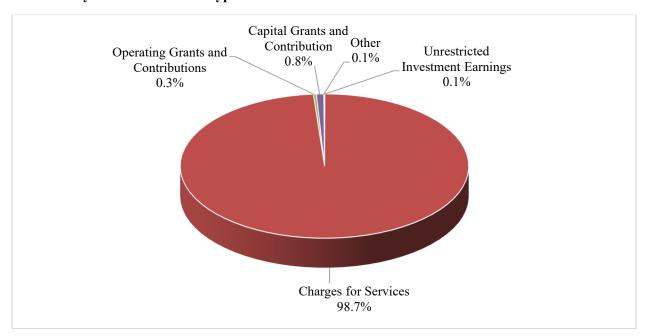
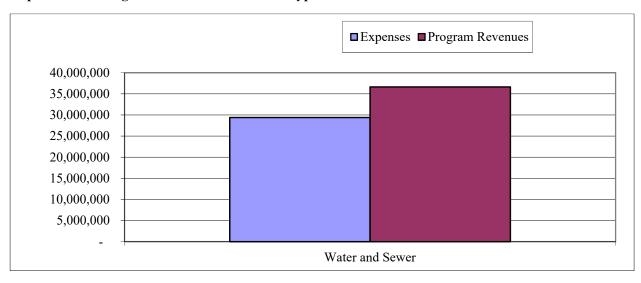


Figure D
Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



4h

School Board activities. The net position of the School Board totaled \$100.6 million (Table 1). School Board revenues (Table 2) decreased by \$5.7 million (7.1%), mainly due to a \$10.2 million decrease (24.3%) in the transfer of bond proceeds from the General Fund. Overall, School Board expenses decreased \$0.5 million (0.7%) from the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Winchester uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Fund balances are the difference between assets and liabilities in governmental funds and consist of the following categories:

- Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in spendable form, or amounts that are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external providers, such as grantors or bondholders, as well as amounts that are restricted through enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes that are determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned fund balance applies to amounts that are intended for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body or authorized official and applies to remaining resources in any governmental funds other than the general fund.
- Unassigned fund balance includes all amounts not contained in other classifications for the general fund, and deficit fund balances in any other governmental funds.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$41.3 million, an increase of \$7.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$24.9 million of the combined total fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is generally available for spending at the City's discretion.

General Fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$24.9 million, while total fund balance reached \$30.7 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and other financing uses. Unassigned fund balance represents 27.4% (23.5% in the prior year) of total general fund expenditures, the increase is due to higher than anticipated collections in local revenues, including personal property, sales, business license, meals and lodging taxes. Total fund balance represents 33.8% (29.1% in the prior year) of general fund expenditures.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds (Continued)

Total fund balance in the general fund increased by \$4.6 million during the current fiscal year due to the higher than projected local taxes, such as sales and personal property taxes. Total revenues increased \$5.6 million or 6.0% over the prior year. Real property taxes increased \$1.2 million (3.8%) over the prior year. Personal Property taxes increased \$1.4 million (9.9%), due to an increase in the personal property assessment values. Other local taxes increased by \$4.8 million (14.2%) from the prior year, including sales, meals and hotel taxes. Sales and use taxes increased \$1.3 million (11.9%), hotel taxes increased by \$0.4 million (57.5%) and meals taxes increased \$1.4 million (16.3%) while business license taxes increased \$1.4 million (19.5%) compared to the prior year. In addition, charges for services increased \$0.6 million (72%) from the prior year primarily due to the increase in park and recreation activities and a sanitation fee rate increase. Federal revenue decreased \$3.7 million (80.8%) due to the reduction in CARES funding.

Total expenditures increased \$1.3 million or 1.5% as compared to the prior year, mainly due to increased salaries and inflationary operating increases. General government and Judicial administration expenditures remained comparable to the prior year. Public safety expenditures decreased by \$0.1 million or 0.6% compared to the prior year. Public works expenditures increased by \$0.4 million or 8.7% compared to the prior year. Education increased by \$1.9 million or 6.5% compared to the prior year. Parks, recreation, and culture increased by \$0.4 million or 14.4% compared to the prior year. Community development decreased by \$0.8 million or 33.5% over the prior year due to the reduction in CARES funding for business relief. Debt service payments increased by \$0.2 million (1.9%) due to the scheduled debt repayment.

Capital Improvements Fund. The Capital Improvements Fund has a total fund balance of \$9.5 million, of which the entire amount is either restricted or committed for various projects. Revenue totaled \$5.1 million from intergovernmental revenue. Intergovernmental revenue included \$5.0 million in funding from the state for road improvement projects, and \$0.1 million in federal funding for road improvement projects. Other financing sources included a \$1.5 million transfer from the general fund and \$11.9 million in bond proceeds. Expenditures totaled \$16.9 million, of which the most significant included \$11.2 million for road improvement projects, \$5.0 million for the acquisition of a building, and \$0.5 million for the Green Circle Trail project.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the City's water and sewer fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, amounted to \$11.5 million, an increase of \$7.1 million from the prior year, mainly due to an increase in capital assets.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

City Council revised the City budget three times during the fiscal year. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget of expenditures for the general fund was an increase of \$4.7 million, mainly due to the City's carry over capital projects and the carry-over of school excess funds for capital improvement from FY 2021.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

Actual revenues were more than final budget amounts by \$3.0 million, and actual expenditures were \$1.5 million less than final budget amounts. Highlights of the comparison of final budget to actual figures include the following:

- Other local taxes were more than budget by \$1.7 million due to the sales and meals tax collections increasing due to improving economic conditions from the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Revenues from general property taxes were \$1.3 million more than budgeted amounts mainly due to an increase in assessment values for personal property taxes.
- Actual combined general government administration, judicial administration, public works, parks, recreation, and cultural, and community development were \$0.3 million more than budgeted amounts resulting primarily from inflationary costs due to current economic conditions.
- Public Safety expenditures were \$0.2 million less than budgeted amounts resulting primarily from savings in personnel costs due to managed positions.
- Education expenditures were \$1.6 million less than budgeted amounts primarily from savings in personnel and operating costs by the Winchester Public Schools.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Winchester's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$342.6 million net of depreciation, which represents an increase of \$28.0 million, or 8.9% over the prior year. This investment includes land, buildings, improvements, water and sewer distribution systems, roads and bridges, and machinery and equipment. More detailed information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Hope Drive road improvements totaled \$11.2 million
- Purchase of office building for Social Services for \$5.0 million.
- Jim Barnett Park athletic fields and equipment improvements totaled \$3.0 million.
- Green Circle Trail additions totaled \$1.1 million.
- Sidewalks and curb additions totaled \$1.0 million.
- Replacement of public safety and public works equipment totaled \$1.4 million.
- Water and sewer infrastructure improvements totaled \$10.3 million
- Replacement of water meters totaled \$3.7 million

Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)

Table 3 summarizes the City's capital assets as of June 30, 2021 and 2022.

Table 3 City of Winchester's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Busines	s-Type	Total Primary Government		
			Activ	rities			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Land	\$ 8,663,997	\$ 7,480,583	\$ 1,201,485	\$ 1,201,485	\$ 9,865,482	\$ 8,682,068	
Construction in progress	7,732,304	9,728,911	29,045,565	25,555,511	36,777,869	35,284,422	
Buildings	35,269,231	31,302,339	-	-	35,269,231	31,302,339	
Treatment plants	-	-	39,645,212	40,631,414	39,645,212	40,631,414	
Improvements other than buildings	14,466,149	10,239,773	436	891	14,466,585	10,240,664	
Infrastructure	45,165,572	35,884,452	104,380,496	96,213,413	149,546,068	132,097,865	
Equipment – leases	69,105	121,529	5,779	-	74,884	121,529	
Equipment	9,826,463	9,896,653	21,368,768	18,193,334	31,195,231	28,089,987	
FWSA purchased capacity	-	-	25,805,373	28,221,071	25,805,373	28,221,071	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 121,192,821	\$ 104,654,240	\$221,453,114	\$210,017,119	\$ 342,645,935	\$ 314,971,359	

Long-term debt. As shown in Table 4, the City of Winchester had total debt outstanding of \$243.3 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an increase of \$2.4 million from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the City, with \$149.2 million of the total being repaid by the City's business-type activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's outstanding general bond obligation increased by \$2.1 million, including the new issuance of \$11.9 million in general obligation bonds and the retirement of \$9.8 million general bond obligations due to the scheduled retirement of principal and bond refunding. The business-type activities obligations payable amount decreased by \$1.6 million. The revenue bonds payable amount increased by \$2.4 million, including the new issuance of \$6.9 million and the retirement of \$4.5 million in revenue bonds. The City's Water and Sewer Fund continues to upgrade the City's aging water and sewer system. Projects include water line replacements, sewer pump station replacements, and a new Maintenance Facility. More detailed information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Table 4
City of Winchester's Outstanding Debt
Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Busines	ss-Type	Total Primary		
			Activ	rities	Government		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 94,035,914	\$ 90,544,678	\$ 3,964,086	\$ 5,360,322	\$ 98,000,000	\$ 95,905,000	
Revenue Bonds	-	-	113,067,805	110,668,679	113,067,805	110,668,679	
Leases	67,894	121,529	5,756	-	73,650	121.529	
Obligations payable	-	400,000	32,210,673	33,808,488	32,210,673	34,208,488	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 94,103,808	\$ 91,066,207	\$ 149,248,320	\$ 149,837,489	\$ 243,352,128	\$ 240,903,696	

Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)

The City's General Obligation Bonds have been rated AAA by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service, and AA+ from Fitch Ratings. The legal debt margin of the City is 10% of the total assessed valuation of the real estate within the City, which is subject to local taxation. The limitation complies with Article VII, Section 10(a) of the Constitution of Virginia, 1971, and Section 15.1-176 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, which defines the limitation on outstanding indebtedness that may be incurred by cities. Based on 10% of the assessed value of real property, the City of Winchester's legal debt limit is \$349.2 million. As of June 30, 2022, the City of Winchester's total debt applicable to the limitation totaled \$98.0 million, leaving a legal debt margin of \$251.2 million.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- While the COVID-19 outbreak and measures implemented to contain its spread have altered, and continue to alter, business operations and citizens' behavior, City staff will continue to monitor the financial and operating effects of the pandemic and if revenues are not meeting the FY 2023 projections, we will prepare a mid-year (January timeframe) budget amendment to adjust revenues and expenditures. If decisions need to be made on our fund balance policies, or it appears that the City will drop below its policy goals, City staff will present to Council a plan to restore the fund balance, preferably within one fiscal year as per the City's fund balance policy.
- To date, the City has received approximately \$4.9 million in federal funding under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act (of which approximately \$2.5 million was received in fiscal year 2020 and \$2.4 million was received in fiscal year 2021). The City has used approximately \$0.9 million to provide small business grants through the City's Economic Development Authority and approximately \$0.6 million to provide assistance to local non-profits. The remaining funds have been used to offset costs associated with preparing and responding to the COVID-19 pandemic. Of the total CARES Act funding received, the City spent approximately \$750,000 in fiscal year 2020 and approximately \$4,150,000 in fiscal year 2021. The City received approximately \$12.4 million of funding under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), \$6.2 million in fiscal year 2021 and \$6.2 million in fiscal year 2022. The Common Council has appropriated the funding for a range of purposes including revenue replacement, COVID-19-related facility improvements, water quality and sanitation, digital services improvements and homeowner assistance. Of the total ARPA funding received the City spent approximately \$3.4 million in fiscal year 2022.
- The City of Winchester uses a robust strategic planning process to identify and address significant community issues. The process involves both the City Council and staff working together to create and update the plan. The 2021 Strategic Plan was adopted by Council on September 28, 2021 and served as the guidebook to develop the FY 2023 budget. The FY 2023 budget is based on the City's five main strategic plan goals: 1) Working Winchester Encourage economic opportunity for all residents through small business supports and workforce development; 2) Building Winchester Establish the foundations for a vibrant community by stimulating development of affordable housing, revitalizing catalyst sites, and building smart infrastructure; 3) Strengthening Winchester Foster a safe, healthy, and diverse community with ample opportunities for recreation and wellness; 4) Moving Winchester Facilitate the movement of people and goods around the city in all modes with comfortable sidewalks and trails, reliable transit, and safe streets; 5) Supporting Winchester Support the City's high-performing operations with effective communication, innovation, and sound fiscal policies. City Council and staff embrace the plan and work together to achieve these goals.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates (Continued)

- The approved \$100,675,000 FY 2023 General Fund budget is \$7.6 million more than the adopted FY 2022 budget. The FY 2023 budget projects a \$6.7 million increase in local tax revenues due to the improving economy trends, including personal property, sales, meals, motel and business license taxes. The FY 2023 budget includes \$1.1 million increase in personnel to support a 4% cost of living adjustment and a 1% to 2% merit increase for City employees; \$0.6 million increase for seven (7) new positions; \$0.8 million increase in equipment replacement and information technology enhancements; \$1.0 million increase in public safety expenses; \$0.9 million increase in debt service payments; and \$1.0 million increase in the contribution to the Winchester Public Schools.
- The FY 2022 budget included an increase in the solid waste fee from the previous rate of \$5.00 per month to an options based model based on container size \$6.00 (35-gallon container), \$8.00 (65-gallon container) and \$10.00 (95-gallon container). These rates increased to \$7.00, \$9.00, and \$11.00, respectively, on July 1, 2022. The new container program has modernized and partially automated our solid waste collection system, enhanced employee safety, and reduced employee injuries.
- The City is not planning to issue any new general obligation debt in FY 2023.
- In order to meet increasingly stringent stormwater regulations primarily related to the cleanup of the Chesapeake Bay, and construct capital improvements that are needed to improve stormwater infrastructure throughout the City, City Council approved a stormwater utility earlier this year. Additional discussions will take place with City Council in early 2023 regarding establishing a rate for the stormwater fee that would be based on the amount of impervious surface area on each property in the City.
- The City continues in the effort of major capital improvements to replace aging water and sanitary sewer infrastructure. In 2017, City Council approved a series of water and sewer rate increases that are necessary to pay for these capital improvements. Since 2017, approximately \$75 million of capital improvements have been completed and there are additional improvements that are planned or in progress. The City has also implemented an in-house construction crew that focuses on replacing old water and sewer lines.
- The City of Winchester reassesses real property every two years; the next reassessment is effective January 1, 2023. The 2021 reassessment resulted in a 6.1% increase in taxable real property values. Based on current trends, the 2023 overall assessment values are projected to show modest growth over 2021 values.
- For the month of June 2022, the City's unemployment rate was 2.5%, compared to the State's 2.8% and the Federal rate of 3.6%.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, City of Winchester, 15 N. Cameron Street, Winchester, VA 22601.











CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Exhibit 1

]	Prim	ary Governmen	t			Componer	
				Business-					Winchester
		ernmental		type		Total		School Board	Parking
	A	ctivities		Activities		Totai		Боаги	Authority
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,916,781	\$	12,640,843	\$	38,557,624	\$	16,933,267	820,2
Investments		887,708		432,978		1,320,686		552,497	28,0
Receivables, net:									
Taxes, including penalties		7,082,122		-		7,082,122		-	-
Accounts		2,003,302		4,637,919		6,641,221		94,101	15,9
Promises to give		-		· · · · -		-		2,381	_
Leases		1,073,515		-		1,073,515		-	_
Due from other governments		11,671,383		_		11,671,383		3,390,978	_
Internal balances		233,538		(233,538)		-		-	_
Inventories		142,555		155,455		298,010		100,159	_
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		9,001,397		_		9,001,397		-	_
Investments - restricted		9,326,615		8,147,784		17,474,399		1,124,913	_
Net pension asset		-		-		-		1,386,621	_
Capital assets:								-,,	
Nondepreciable		16,396,301		30,247,050		46,643,351		12,052,704	11,6
Depreciable, net		104,796,520		191,206,064		296,002,584		122,611,725	6,879,2
Total assets		188,531,737	_	247,234,555	_	435,766,292	_	158,249,346	7,755,2
Total assets	-	100,551,757	_	247,234,333	_	433,700,292	_	130,249,340	1,133,2
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charges on refunding		1,656,515		1,517,433		3,173,948		-	_
Pension related deferred outflows		6,195,058		710,592		6,905,650		10,463,293	65,3
Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows		4,252,630		280,503		4,533,133		1,067,820	31,9
Total deferred outflows of resources		12,104,203		2,508,528		14,612,731		11,531,113	97,3
A LA DIA ATTACA									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other current				2 52 6 00 4		0.565.040		0.400.00=	
liabilities		6,038,435		3,526,884		9,565,319		9,128,097	23,8
Accrued interest		1,141,460		1,386,279		2,527,739		-	58,5
Unearned revenue		8,912,759		-		8,912,759		-	-
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year:		25.4.5		2.1.1		20.24		25.420.040	
Net pension liability due in more than one year		27,147		3,114		30,261		27,138,040	2
Net other postemployment benefit liability due in more than one year		7,464,569		399,067		7,863,636		6,447,115	44,2
Due within one year		12,051,312		8,429,818		20,481,130		326,379	354,3
Due in more than one year		95,212,395		150,995,913		246,208,308		2,744,095	5,971,9
Total liabilities		130,848,077		164,741,075		295,589,152		45,783,726	6,453,3
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Leases		1,062,170		-		1,062,170		-	-
Deferred charges on refunding		-		-		-		-	77,0
Property taxes collected in advance		1,297,547		-		1,297,547		-	-
Pension related deferred inflows		13,204,458		1,514,592		14,719,050		22,265,791	139,2
Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows		3,700,904		279,269		3,980,173		1,150,923	31,4
Total deferred inflows of resources		19,265,079		1,793,861		21,058,940	_	23,416,714	247,7
NET DOCUTION									
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		87,323,524		71,939,919		159,263,443		134,263,208	528,8
Restricted for:		01,323,324		11,232,219		137,203,443		137,203,200	340,0
								1 296 621	
Net pension asset		-		-		-		1,386,621	_
Unspent bond proceeds		212 722		-		212 722		868,518	-
Revenue for public safety programs Unrestricted		213,733		11 260 220		213,733		(25 029 229)	622.6
		(37,014,473)		11,268,228	_	(25,746,245)		(35,938,328)	622,6
Total net position	\$	50,522,784	\$	83,208,147	\$	133,730,931	\$	100,580,019	1,151,4

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 2

			Program Revenue	s		,	xpenses) Revenue		Exhibit 2
			0		Pi	rimary Governmer	nt	Compon	ent Units
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	Winchester Parking Authority
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 8,066,864	\$ 189,525	\$ 1,062,598	\$ -	\$ (6,814,741)		\$ (6,814,741)		
Judicial administration	4,593,264	697,127	1,771,221	-	(2,124,916)		(2,124,916)		
Public safety	26,732,161	1,701,058	2,716,819	8,813	(22,305,471)		(22,305,471)		
Public works	13,033,839	2,095,569	9,935,276	1,743,670	740,676		740,676		
Health and welfare	12,651,515	125,250	9,002,695	-	(3,523,570)		(3,523,570)		
Education	31,894,879	-	-	-	(31,894,879)		(31,894,879)		
Parks, recreation, and culture	4,243,367	682,153	156,934	3,002,801	(401,479)		(401,479)		
Community development	2,593,936	589,024	1,339,637	-	(665,275)		(665,275)		
Interest on long-term debt	2,381,752	-	=	-	(2,381,752)		(2,381,752)		
Total governmental activities	106,191,577	6,079,706	25,985,180	4,755,284	(69,371,407)		(69,371,407)		
Town go vermientur wen vines			20,500,100	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(05,571,107)		(05,571,107)		
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer	29,414,553	36,195,859	120,975	300,400		\$ 7,202,681	7,202,681		
Total business-type activities	29,414,553	36,195,859	120,975	300,400	-	7,202,681	7,202,681		
Total primary government	\$ 135,606,130	\$ 42,275,565	\$ 26,106,155	\$ 5,055,684	(69,371,407)	7,202,681	(62,168,726)		
Component units:									
School board	\$ 67,967,043	\$ 1,096,932	\$ 40,817,156	\$ 980,336				\$ (25,072,619)	s -
Parking authority	1,171,584	1,451,804	-	-				-	280,220
Total component unit	\$ 69,138,627	\$ 2,548,736	\$ 40,817,156					(25,072,619)	280,220
		General revenues:	-						
		Taxes:							
		Property taxes			49,817,931	_	49,817,931	_	_
		Sales taxes			12,129,457	_	12,129,457	_	_
		Utility taxes			1,925,536	_	1,925,536	_	_
		Business licens	se taves		8,638,935	_	8,638,935	_	_
		Franchise taxe			546,449	_	546,449	_	_
		Hotel and mea			11,387,014	_	11,387,014	_	_
		Communicatio			1,526,944	_	1,526,944	_	_
		Other local tax			2,323,744	_	2,323,744	_	_
		Miscellaneous	CS		47,670	31,473	79,143	120,613	27,064
		Payments from	City		-	31,173	-	31,834,141	27,001
			ributions not restric	ted				31,034,141	
		to specific pro			3,161,850	_	3,161,850	_	_
			estment earnings		1,212	12,777	13,989	27,965	_
		Transfers	estinent earnings		1,246,010	(1,246,010)	-	-	_
			ies and transfers		92,752,752	(1,201,760)	91,550,992	31,982,719	27,064
			Change in net posi	tion	23,381,345	6,000,921	29,382,266	6,910,100	307,284
		Net position - begi		-	27,141,439	77,207,226	104,348,665	93,669,919	844,190
		Net position - endi	ing		\$ 50,522,784	\$ 83,208,147	\$ 133,730,931	\$ 100,580,019	\$ 1,151,474

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.





CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

		General	Im	Capital provements Fund	lonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Exhibit 3 Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,317,840	\$	-	\$ 1,523,076	\$	24,840,916
Investments Receivables, net:		798,690		-	52,168		850,858
Taxes, including penalties		7,082,122		_	-		7,082,122
Accounts		1,602,873		-	389,514		1,992,387
Leases		2,610,011		-	-		2,610,011
Prepaids Inventories		4,974		-	-		4,974
Due from other funds		4,328,780		-	-		4,328,780
Due from other governments		4,246,064		5,123,503	2,301,816		11,671,383
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		-		.	8,707,021		8,707,021
Investments - restricted	_			9,028,379	 298,236	_	9,326,615
Total assets	\$	43,991,354	\$	14,151,882	\$ 13,271,831	\$	71,415,067
LIABILITIES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	915,210	\$	1,200,574	\$ 1,755,021	\$	3,870,805
Deposits payable		27,692		-	204 184		27,692
Accrued payroll Unearned revenue		1,042,457			294,184 8,912,759		1,336,641 8,912,759
Due to other funds		<u> </u>		3,480,280	 848,500		4,328,780
Total liabilities		1,985,359		4,680,854	 11,810,464		18,476,677
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Leases		2,593,820		-	-		2,593,820
Property taxes collected in advance		1,297,547		-	-		1,297,547
Unavailable revenue		7,370,625			 329,353	_	7,699,978
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,261,992			 329,353		11,591,345
FUND BALANCES		4.074					4.074
Nonspendable Restricted		4,974 213,733		9,028,279	-		4,974 9,242,012
Committed		2,288,502		426,435	-		2,714,937
Assigned		3,284,955		16,314	1,132,014		4,433,283
Unassigned		24,951,839		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		24,951,839
Total fund balances	_	30,744,003		9,471,028	 1,132,014		41,347,045
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	43,991,354	\$	14,151,882	\$ 13,271,831		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:							
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							121,136,597
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.							7,699,978
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of							1,077,710
supplies, employee benefits, and risk management to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities							
							817,653
and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.							0.1,000
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from							
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position							
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and,							(4,846) 1,656,515
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows Net pension liability Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are							(4,846) 1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255) (26,766)
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension liability							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows Net pension liability Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows Net other postemployment benefit liability Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255 (26,766 4,212,344 (3,661,311
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred outflows Pension ilability Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows Net other postemployment benefit liability Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255 (26,766 4,212,344 (3,661,311 (7,408,737
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows Net pension liability Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows Net other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows Net other postemployment benefit liability Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Bonds, leases and obligations payable							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255 (26,766 4,212,344 (3,661,311 (7,408,737
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred outflows Net pension liability Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows Net other postemployment benefit liability Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Bonds, leases and obligations payable Issuance premiums							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255 (26,766 4,212,344 (3,661,311 (7,408,737
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Inter-fund lease activity is reported in the funds but eliminated from the Statement of Net Position Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows Net pension liability Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows Net other postemployment benefit liability Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Bonds, leases and obligations payable							1,656,515 6,108,167 (13,019,255 (26,766 4,212,344 (3,661,311 (7,408,737

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Exhibit 4 Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 48,478,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,478,205
Other local taxes	38,478,078	-	-	38,478,078
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	655,791	-	-	655,791
Fines and forfeitures	81,641	-	-	81,641
Revenues from use of money and property	262,600	27,315	345	290,260
Charges for services	1,474,888	-	1,360,593	2,835,481
Miscellaneous	876,917	-	71,663	948,580
Recovered costs	1,328,664	-	-	1,328,664
Intergovernmental:				
Frederick County	-	-	567,063	567,063
Commonwealth	6,877,092	4,963,917	8,350,167	20,191,176
Federal	872,685	111,857	8,683,021	9,667,563
Total revenues	 99,386,561	5,103,089	19,032,852	123,522,502
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	7,137,271	-	714,750	7,852,021
Judicial administration	4,338,124	-	113,530	4,451,654
Public safety	23,671,886	-	2,185,397	25,857,283
Public works	5,390,317	-	5,002,169	10,392,486
Health and welfare	843,412	-	11,969,720	12,813,132
Education	31,894,879	-	-	31,894,879
Parks, recreation, and culture	3,585,733	-	156,934	3,742,667
Community development	1,700,174	-	926,710	2,626,884
Capital outlay Debt service:	607,775	16,715,511	1,258,752	18,582,038
Principal retirement	8,918,321	-	36,588	8,954,909
Interest and fiscal charges	2,973,173	-	13,892	2,987,065
Bond issuance costs	-	232,681	-	232,681
Total expenditures	91,061,065	16,948,192	22,378,442	130,387,699
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	 8,325,496	(11,845,103)	(3,345,590)	(6,865,197)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of property	5,218	-	-	5,218
Insurance recoveries	47,670	-	-	47,670
Issuance of bonds	-	11,960,000	-	11,960,000
Proceeds from premium on bond issuance	-	1,083,235	-	1,083,235
Transfers in	1,246,010	1,491,000	3,522,980	6,259,990
Transfers out	(4,973,980)	-	(40,000)	(5,013,980)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,675,082)	14,534,235	3,482,980	14,342,133
Net change in fund balances	4,650,414	2,689,132	137,390	7,476,936
Fund balance - beginning	 26,093,589	6,781,896	994,624	33,870,109
Fund balance - ending	\$ 30,744,003	\$ 9,471,028	\$ 1,132,014	\$ 41,347,045

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 5

		Lambit 5
et change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	7,476,936
nounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives or lease terms and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays,		
\$18,582,045, exceeded depreciation and amortization, \$5,453,037, in the current period.		13,129,008
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.		3,444,964
In the Statement of Activities, only the <i>gain or loss</i> on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by		
the <i>cost</i> of the property sold.		(25,389
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,362,915
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Employer pension contributions Pension expense	\$ 2,247,466 (779,992)	1,467,474
Governmental funds report other postemployment benefit contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of other postemployment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as other postemployment benefit expense.		
Employer other postemployment benefit contributions Other postemployment benefit expense	 264,625 (463,548)	(198,923
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Principal repayments		8,922,399
Issuance of bonds Proceeds from premium on bond issuance		(11,960,000)
Amortization of issuance premium Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		1,235,595 (605,073)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(***,****,
Compensated absences Accrued interest		175,806 (38,992)
Inter-fund lease activity is eliminated from the Statement of Activities		(4,846
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of supplies, employee benefits, and risk management to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is allocated between governmental and business-type activities in the		
Statement of Activities.		
Net revenue (expense) of internal service funds Allocation of net revenue (expense) to business-type activities		96,986 (14,280)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	23,381,345

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	For the Year Ended Ju	ne 30, 2022		Exhibit
	Dudase	ad Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	ed Amounts Final	_ Actual Amounts	(Negative)
	9			\ 8 /
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 46,746,90			
Other local taxes	32,256,60			1,743,924
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	441,20	,	,	214,59
Fines and forfeitures	125,00			(43,35
Revenues from use of money and property	257,00			5,60
Charges for services	1,629,90			(155,01
Miscellaneous	954,30			(6,88
Recovered costs	883,60	0 1,204,090	1,328,664	124,57
ntergovernmental:	c coo ==			
Commonwealth	6,603,75			245,08
Federal	1,059,55	0 1,259,550	872,685	(386,86
Total revenues	90,957,80	96,358,605	99,386,561	3,027,95
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government administration:				
Legislative	267,20	0 267,200	261,625	5,57
General and financial administration	6,471,77			(194,33
Board of elections	278,70		, ,	16
Total general government administration	7,017,67			(188,59
•			,,===,=,=	(-00,0)
Judicial administration: Courts	2,774,27	5 2,779,625	2,755,314	24,31
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Commonwealth attorney	1,617,70			7,88
Total judicial administration	4,391,97	5 4,405,025	4,372,829	32,190
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control	8,561,70	0 8,732,100	8,732,084	1
Fire and rescue services	6,848,60	5 7,136,155	7,014,541	121,61
Correction and detention	5,564,43	7 5,534,437	5,495,433	39,00
Inspections	572,70	0 572,700	563,073	9,62
Other protection	2,916,60	0 2,309,300	2,275,990	33,31
Total public safety	24,464,04	24,284,692	24,081,121	203,57
Public Works:				
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges				
and sidewalks	425,40	0 485,000	465,508	19,49
Sanitation and waste removal	2,091,60	0 2,484,261	2,472,438	11,82
Maintenance of buildings and grounds	2,537,80	0 2,582,100	2,587,750	(5,65
Total public works	5,054,80	0 5,551,361	5,525,696	25,66
Health and welfare:				
Health	349,80	2 349,802	349,802	_
Chapter X board	251,21			_
Welfare/Social Services	225,00			
Total health and welfare	826,02		843,412	
Education:				
Contributions to community college	60,73	8 60,738	60,738	_
Contributions to School Board	31,039,10			1,609,06
Total education	31,099,84		31,894,879	1,609,06
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation	2 700 90	0 2.002.200	2 060 140	(164.94
	2,790,80			(164,84
Contribution to Regional Library	428,04			- 44401
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	3,218,84	3,331,341	3,496,189	(164,848

(Continued)

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	For the Y	ear Ended June	30, 20	122			Exhi	ibit 6 (Continued)
		Budgeted	Amoi	unts		Actual	,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final	•	Amounts		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)								
Current: (continued)								
Community development:								
Planning and community development	\$	1,741,368	\$	1,722,168	\$	1,700,174	\$	21,994
Total community development		1,741,368		1,722,168		1,700,174		21,994
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		8,741,700		8,868,900		8,918,321		(49,421
Interest and fiscal charges		2,881,200		2,973,200	_	2,973,173		27
Total debt service		11,622,900		11,842,100		11,891,494		(49,394
Total expenditures		89,437,460		92,550,722		91,061,065		1,489,657
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,520,340		3,807,883	-	8,325,496		4,517,613
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of property		_		5,300		5,218		(82
Insurance recoveries		-		48,000		47,670		(330
Transfers in		1,500,000		1,246,010		1,246,010		-
Transfers out		(3,537,540)		(5,107,193)		(4,973,980)		133,213
Appropriation of fund balance		517,200		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,520,340)		(3,807,883)		(3,675,082)		132,801
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,650,414	\$	4,650,414

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

		Exhibit 7
	Business-type Activities-	Governmental
	Enterprise Funds	Activities
	<u>Major</u>	
	Water and	Internal
	Sewer Fund	Service Funds
	runu	Funus
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,075,865
Investments	432,978	36,850
Accounts receivable, net	4,637,919	10,915
Inventories	155,455	137,581
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Investments - restricted	8,147,784	294,376
Total current assets	26,014,979	1,555,587
N		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	30,247,050	-
Depreciable, net	191,206,064	56,224
Total capital assets, net	221,453,114	56,224
Total noncurrent assets	221,453,114	56,224
Total assets	247,468,093	1,611,811
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
	1 517 422	
Deferred charge on refunding Pension related deferred outflows	1,517,433 710,592	86,891
Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows	280,503	40,286
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,508,528	127,177
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,764,650	755,102
Customer deposits	558,632	-
Accrued payroll	203,602	48,195
Accrued interest	1,386,279	-
Compensated absences - current	114,276	32,606
Bonds payable and other obligations - current Total current liabilities	8,315,542 13,342,981	835,903
rotal current habilities	13,342,761	833,703
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	133,043	37,961
Net pension liability	3,114	381
Net other postemployment benefit liability	399,067	55,832
Bonds payable and other obligations	150,862,870	
Total noncurrent liabilities	151,398,094	94,174
Total liabilities	164,741,075	930,077
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related deferred inflows	1,514,592	185,203
Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows	279,269	39,593
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,793,861	224,796
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	71,939,919	56,224
Unrestricted Total not position	11,501,766	527,891 \$ 584,115
Total net position	83,441,685	\$ 584,115
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities		
related to enterprise funds and shown as an internal balance on the Statement of Net Position.	(233,538)	
Statement of feet Controll.	(233,338)	
Net position of business-type activities	\$ 83,208,147	
1	<u> </u>	

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Rusina	ss-type Activities-	Co	Exhibit 8 Governmental		
		erprise Funds		Activities		
	Ent	Major	1	Activities		
		Water and		Internal		
		Sewer		Service		
		Fund		Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	29,837,783	\$	3,164,363		
Miscellaneous		31,473		-		
Recovered costs		6,358,076				
Total operating revenues		36,227,332	-	3,164,363		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services		5,776,232		907,493		
Contractual services		6,801,112		299,945		
Other supplies and expenses		5,335,884		1,260,394		
Insurance claims and expenses		-		589,569		
Depreciation		6,566,696		10,001		
Total operating expenses		24,479,924		3,067,402		
Operating income		11,747,408		96,961		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Intergovernmental:						
Federal		120,975		-		
Investment earnings		12,777		25		
Interest and fiscal charges		(4,938,520)		-		
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(10,389)				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(4,815,157)		25		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		6,932,251		96,986		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		300,400		-		
TRANSFERS OUT		(1,246,010)				
Change in net position		5,986,641		96,986		
Total net position - beginning		77,455,044		487,129		
Total net position - ending	\$	83.441.685	\$	584,115		
Change in net position	<u>\$</u>	5,986,64	1 <u>4</u>	1 4		
Change in net position	\$	5,986,641				
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.		14,280				
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$	6,000,921				

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 20.	<i>L L</i>			Exhibit 9
	Busine	s-type Activities-	Go	vernmental
	Ent	erprise Funds	1	Activities
		Major Water and Sewer		Internal Service
		Fund		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	29,319,622	\$	-
Cash received from internal services provided		, , , <u>-</u>		3,157,782
Cash paid to suppliers		(14,270,421)		(1,674,380)
Cash received from internal services reimbursements		(355,634)		-
Cash paid to employees		(5,563,732)		(844,278)
Premiums paid		-		(16,184)
Recovered costs and other receipts		6,396,175		688
Net cash provided by operating		***************************************		
activities		15 526 010		622 620
activities		15,526,010		623,628
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from federal grants		120,975		_
Transfer to other funds		(1,246,010)		_
Net cash used in noncapital		() -))		
financing activities		(1,125,035)		
imalicing activities		(1,123,033)		<u>-</u> _
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(17,760,772)		-
Principal paid on capital debt		(7,580,440)		_
Interest paid on capital debt		(5,655,153)		_
Proceeds from debt issuances		7,487,689		_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		54,363		-
Net cash used in capital		<u> </u>		
and related financing activities		(23,454,313)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds (purchases) of investments, net		13,366,700		(9,891)
Investment income		12,777		25
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investing activities		13,379,477		(9,866)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,326,139		613,762
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		8,314,704		756,479
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		0,314,704		750,477
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	12,640,843	\$	1,370,241
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR IS COMPRISED OF THE FOLLOWING:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,640,843	\$	1,075,865
Restricted cash				294,376
Total	\$	12,640,843	\$	1,370,241

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Tear Ended June 30, 20				(Continued)
		es-type Activities- erprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
		Major Water and Sewer Fund		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income	\$	11,747,408	\$	96,961
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		6,566,696		10,001
Pension expense, net of employer contributions		2,221		(5,126
Other postemployment benefit expense, net of employer contributions		39,488		1,778
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		(518,593)		(6,581)
Prepaids		-		505,885
Due from other governments		6,626		688
Inventories		(19,991)		(20,708
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		(2,368,300)		(25,833)
Customer deposits		432		30,546
Accrued payroll		42,727		36,017
Compensated absences		27,296		-
Total adjustments		3,778,602		526,667
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	15,526,010	\$	623,628
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		200.400	•	
Capital contributions of water and sewer lines from developers	<u>\$</u>	300,400	\$	-

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022				Exhibit 10
	Pos		Total Custodial Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$		\$	1,773,369
Investments:				
Money markets		381,466		1,408,407
Domestic equity securities		1,892,474		-
Domestic fixed income securities		1,881,032		-
International equity securities		1,383,681		
Total investments		5,538,653		1,408,407
Accounts receivable		-		29,509
Total assets	\$	5,538,653	\$	3,211,285
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	7,769
Accrued payroll				95,939
Total liabilities	\$		\$	103,708
NET POSITION				
Restricted for postemployment benefits other than pensions	\$	5,538,653	\$	-
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments		· -		3,107,577
Total net position	\$	5,538,653	\$	3,107,577
r	<u> </u>	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	-,,-,-,

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

For the fiscal year chied built 30, 2022			Exhibit 11
		Other	23
	Post	temployment	
		Benefits	Custodial
	T	rust Fund	Funds
ADDITIONS			
Member contributions	\$	-	\$ 25,702
Payments collected from other local governments		-	3,313,697
Payments collected from Federal government		_	261,253
Grant proceeds		-	857,527
Miscellaneous		-	68,845
Investment income:			
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(977,004)	-
Interest and dividends		116,487	1,028
Less investment related expenses		(13,290)	-
Net investment income		(873,807)	1,028
Total additions	\$	(873,807)	\$ 4,528,052
DEDUCTIONS			
Payments made to welfare recipients	\$	-	\$ 29,217
Bond principal payments		-	850,000
Bond interest payments		-	383,925
Payroll		-	2,723,134
Administrative			391,058
Total deductions	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 4,377,334
Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(873,807)	150,718
Total net position - beginning		6,412,460	 2,956,859
Total net position - ending	\$	5,538,653	\$ 3,107,577

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Winchester, Virginia (the "City") was incorporated in 1752 and organized under the Council-Manager form of government. The City is governed by an elected mayor and an eight-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

The City of Winchester School Board was created as a separate legal entity by the City to oversee the operations and management of its publicly funded primary and secondary schools. All members of the School Board are appointed by City Council, and the City has the ability to impose its will upon the Board. In addition, because the School Board does not have taxing powers, the School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City to provide significant funding to operate the public schools. The School Board must also obtain the City's approval for debt issuances.

The Winchester Parking Authority was created by the City for the purpose of planning and fostering the development of off-street parking facilities. The City appoints all members of the Authority and is able to impose its will on the Authority. The City is financially accountable for the Authority because the City approves the Authority's budget, levies taxes (if necessary) and must approve any debt issuances.

Separate financial statements of these component units are not available.

Joint Ventures:

The Frederick-Winchester Service Authority was created by the City and County of Frederick to provide for administration, planning, and design of regional wastewater facilities for the participating jurisdictions. The City appoints a majority of the voting members of the Authority but has no equity interest in the venture. The Authority is able to meet its operating and other costs from charges for services. The City has certain long-term obligations with the Authority that are described further in Note 8. Separate financial statements for this joint venture may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at P.O. Box 43, Winchester, Virginia 22604.

The Winchester Regional Airport Authority was created by the City and the Counties of Frederick, Clarke, Warren, and Shenandoah to operate a regional airport facility. The City appoints less than a majority of Authority members and participating jurisdictions have no equity interest in the venture. The participants normally must subsidize operations and capital needs. During 2022, the City provided total support of \$123,561. Separate financial statements for this joint venture may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 491 Airport Road, Winchester, Virginia 22602.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures (Continued):

The Northwestern Juvenile Detention Center Commission was created by the City of Winchester and the Counties of Clarke, Frederick, Page, Shenandoah, and Warren to provide for the operation of a regional juvenile detention center for the use of the participating jurisdictions. The City serves as fiscal agent for the Commission and appoints a majority of the voting members of the Commission, but has no equity interest in the venture. The participants must subsidize operations and capital needs. During 2022, the City provided total support of \$470,635. Separate financial statements for this joint venture may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 145 Fort Collier Road, Winchester, Virginia 22603.

The Northwestern Regional Jail Authority was created by the City of Winchester and the Counties of Clarke, Frederick, and Fauquier to govern the operations of the Northwestern Regional Adult Detention Center. Each participating jurisdiction appoints three members to the Authority's board. The participants must subsidize operations and capital needs. During 2022, the City provided total support of \$4,900,166. Separate financial statements for this joint venture may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 141 Fort Collier Road, Winchester, Virginia 22603.

Other Related Organizations:

The Economic Development Authority of the City of Winchester was created by Council resolution to promote industry and trade within the City. A board of seven directors appointed by the City Council governs the Authority; however, the City's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments. Separate financial statements for this related organization may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 15 North Cameron Street, Winchester, Virginia 22601.

The Handley Regional Library Board was created by the City and the Counties of Frederick and Clarke to operate a regional library. Although the City appoints a majority of the Board members, its accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments. The participating localities have no equity interest in the library; however, the City provided \$428,041 to the Board for operating support for 2022. Separate financial statements for this related organization may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at 100 West Piccadilly Street, Winchester, VA 22601.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

Governmental funds account for the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in proprietary and fiduciary funds. The governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than on net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The City reports the following governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

The *Capital Improvements Fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The Capital Improvements Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds consist of the Social Services Fund, Highway Maintenance Fund, Emergency Medical Services Fund, Winchester-Frederick County Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund, Law Library Fund, Transit Fund, and Federal Grants Fund.

Proprietary funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income. Proprietary funds consist of enterprise and internal service funds. The government reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds account for operations where the intent of the City is that the cost of provided services to the general public be financed and recovered through user charges. Enterprise funds consist of the Water and Sewer Fund, which accounts for the operation of the City's water distribution system and sewage collection system and is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Internal Service Funds account for employee benefits and equipment inventory provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal service funds consist of the Employee Benefits Fund and Equipment Operating Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include the other postemployment benefits trust fund and custodial funds. Fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the proprietary funds presentation. Custodial funds reported by the City include the Special Welfare Fund, Northwestern Regional Jail Authority Construction Fund, and the Northwestern Regional Juvenile Detention Center Fund. These funds account for assets held by the City for social services clients, regional jail construction, and a regional juvenile detention center.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer fund, transit service fund, and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the operating definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance</u>

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool approximates the fair value of the pool shares.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on June 20 and December 5. The City bills and collects its own taxes. The City's real estate and business-related personal property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable property located in the City, and are accounted for in the General fund. Therefore, real estate and business-related personal property taxes that are due within the current fiscal year and collected within 45 days subsequent to year-end are recorded as revenue.

Levy Date January 1
Due Date June 20/December 5

Property Taxes - Motor Vehicles

The City employs three prorated billing/assessment methodologies for personal property taxes on motor vehicles. Vehicles added to the tax roll prior to 1994 are assessed as of January 1 with taxes due in one installment on December 5. For vehicles added to the tax roll 1994 – 2018, property is assessed on a twelvemonth cycle based on the date which a vehicle gains situs in the City, using its value as of the starting month and year of the vehicle's twelve-month billing cycle and with taxes due in one installment thirty days after the cycle ends. Vehicles added to the tax roll 2019 - present (or by taxpayer option) follow a calendar year tax cycle with property assessed as of January 1 and semi-annual payment options due April 5 and October 5. The City bills and collects its own taxes, which attach as a lien on the property. These taxes are accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

General Fund (property taxes, penalties, and interest)	\$ 1,615,166
Emergency Medical Service Fund	320,970
Water and Sewer Fund	639,145
	\$ 2,575,281

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the enterprise and internal service funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are accounted for under the consumption method. The cost is recorded as an expense at the time the individual inventory items are used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The City capitalizes the following categories with a cost of at least:

Land and land improvements	\$10,000
Building and building improvements	\$50,000
Machinery and equipment	\$10,000
Infrastructure	\$100,000

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Lease assets are recorded based on the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Years

	1 Ca15
Buildings	25-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-65
Infrastructure	10-65
Machinery and equipment	5-30

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset. In leases where a purchase option is reasonably certain of being exercised the asset is amortized over the useful life, unless the underlying asset is nondepreciable, in which the leased asset is not amortized.

Compensated Absences

City employees earn paid time off at a rate of 16 to 22 hours per month, depending on years of service. Benefits or pay is received for unused medical leave upon termination at 25% of its carrying value to a maximum of \$5,000 per employee after five years of uninterrupted service or \$7,500 per employee after twenty years of uninterrupted service. Accumulated paid time off is paid out at a rate of 50% to 100% depending on the years of service with the maximum hours paid being 350 hours.

Employees of the School Board, who retire under the Virginia Retirement System, and have been employed by the School Board for the immediately preceding ten consecutive years prior to retirement in a full-time position receive \$50 a day for any unused sick leave up to a maximum of 90 days. All employees who are classified as full-time twelve-month employees are entitled to annual leave and shall be paid per diem upon retirement or termination (based on their final annual salary) for their unused annual leave.

All vacation and sick pay currently payable is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Unearned revenue consists of unspent federal awards.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face value of the debt issued plus premium is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

School Board Debt/Capital Asset Reporting

The City issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities because the School Board does not have borrowing or taxing authority. The City reports this debt, whereas the School Board reports the related capital assets. As a result, in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1), the school related debt reduces *unrestricted net position* for the primary government, while the capital assets are reported in *net investment in capital assets* for the School Board.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial statement elements related to pension and OPEB plans, information about the fiduciary net position of the City and Schools' Plans and the additions to/deductions from the City and Schools' Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement which presents financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement which presents financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

- Deferred charge on refunding. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Due to the relationship with outstanding debt, these deferred outflows are included in the calculation of net position, net investment in capital assets.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and OPEB; these will be applied to the net pension or OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.
- Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. These differences will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions, resulting from participation in cost-sharing pension and OPEB plans, are reported as deferred outflows or inflows as appropriate.
- Property taxes collected in advance of the period for which they were levied. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the period for which they were levied.
- Governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes and other receivables not collected within the availability period. These amounts are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period they become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors and changes
 of assumptions in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be
 recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all
 employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as
 appropriate.
- Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the City is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.
- **Restricted** Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through adoption of a resolution. Only City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- **Assigned** Amounts are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by City management based on City Council direction through adoption or amendment of the budget or through ordinance or resolution.
- Unassigned Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The General Fund reserve target is 20% of the fund's prior year actual expenditures less capital outlays funded with bond proceeds. For the purpose of determining if the target has been met, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is compared with prior year actual expenditures.

Other governmental funds of the City do not have specified fund balance targets. Recommended levels of committed and/or assigned fund balance will be determined on a case by case basis, based on the needs of each fund and as recommended by officials and approved by Council.

Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to March 30, the City Manager submits to Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. Appropriated annual budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Improvements Funds of the primary government and School Board.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution is adopted at the fund, function, and department level and places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department can be revised only by the Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's departmental categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds and the capital improvements funds. The Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), with the exception of appropriations of prior fund balance, which are treated as revenue sources on the budgetary basis.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all City funds.
- 8. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the appropriated budget as of June 30, as amended. The City required budget amendments during the year, which increased total appropriations in the General Fund by \$4,682,915.

The City spent funds in excess of budgeted amounts in two departments but did not exceed the budget for the general fund as illustrated in Exhibit 6.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized. For the purposes of this disclosure, deposits include cash and cash equivalents as well as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with original maturities of more than three months.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

As of June 30, the City's deposits and investments consisted of the following:

Туре	F	air Value	S & P Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity*	
Investments – Level 1:					
U.S. Treasury notes	\$	1,347,692	N/A	1.00	
Mutual funds – equity		598,765	N/A	N/A	
Mutual fund – fixed income		709,256	Unavailable	N/A	
Investments – Level 2:					
Mutual funds – equity		2,837,729	Unavailable	N/A	
Mutual funds – fixed income		2,743,238	Unavailable	3.34	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		947,186	N/A	0.67	
Money market		381,466	N/A	N/A	
Investments reported at amortized cost:					
LGIP		339,755	AAAm	0.28	
SNAP	1	17,995,712	AAAm	0.17	
Total investments		27,900,799			
Cash and cash equivalents	(57,208,290			
Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit		51,929			
Total deposits		67,260,219			
Total deposits and investments	\$ 9	95,161,018			

^{* -} Average Maturity in Years

The items above are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

			Component Units			J nits		
	_	Primary Government	So	chool Board		Winchester Parking Authority	_	Total
Statement of Net Position:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,557,624	\$	16,933,267	\$	820,217	\$	56,311,108
Investments		1,320,686		552,497		28,094		1,901,277
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		9,001,397		-		-		9,001,397
Investments - restricted		17,474,399		1,124,913		-		18,599,312
Fiduciary:								
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		1,773,369		122,416		-		1,895,785
Investments		5,538,653		-		-		5,538,653
Investments – restricted		1,408,407		505,079				1,913,486
Total	\$	75,074,535	\$	19,238,172	\$	848,311	\$	95,161,018

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 2 investments are valued using a matrix pricing technique, which is based on the investments' benchmark quoted prices.

Neither LGIP nor SNAP are registered with the SEC, but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The value of the City's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares and is stated at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, which approximates fair value.

The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The City's investments are subject to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk as described below. The City's investments are not subject to custodial risk or foreign currency risk.

Credit Risk - Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City held investments at June 30 issued by the United States Treasury totaling approximately 4.90% of all investments. Additionally, the City held investments at June 30 issued by PFM Multi Manager International and PFM Multi Manager Fixed Income Fund totaling approximately 6.88% and 6.43% of all investments, respectively. These investments were not considered by management to represent a risk to the City.

Interest Rate Risk - The primary goal of the investment policy is to maximize return on investment while minimizing risk to the investment. The City will diversify use of investment instruments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. The City may reject an investment with a higher yield when it is felt it carries an element of risk. Speculative investments will not be allowed. If a specific maturity date is required, either for cash flows purposes or for conformance to maturity guidelines, bids will be requested for instruments, which meet the maturity requirement. If no specific maturity is required, a yield curve analysis will be conducted to determine which maturities would be most advantageous.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Restricted cash and investments:

Restricted cash and investments consist of the following:

Unspent bond proceeds restricted	
for capital projects	\$ 17,995,712
Unspent capitalized interest restricted	
for capital projects	305,364
Flexible spending accounts held	
for benefit of employees	294,376
Unspent Federal funding	9,005,257
Unspent funds held for benefit of outside parties	3,809,271

Note 4. Due from Other Governments

The following amounts represent amounts due from other governments at June 30:

			Component			
	Primary Government			Unit –		
			School Board			
Federal and Commonwealth of Virginia:						
State sales tax	\$	_	\$	1,011,273		
Title V-B	Ψ	_	Ψ	175,595		
Title I		_		264,529		
School lunch and breakfast		_		81,683		
METRICS/TSL education grant		_		653,315		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		_		1,204,583		
Local sales tax		2,068,056		-		
Transit grants		931,874		_		
Highway construction funds		5,123,503		_		
Welfare grants		1,165,003		_		
Communication tax		244,252		_		
Other federal and state funds		485,440		-		
Total due from federal and state sources		10,018,128		3,390,978		
E. L. L. Consta						
Frederick County: Joint Judicial Center – debt service		1 102 000				
		1,182,898		-		
Joint Judicial Center – operating expenses		169,941		_		
Tourism		147,063		_		
Other receivables		139,727		-		
Other local receivables		13,626				
Total due from other governments	\$	11,671,383	\$	3,390,978		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Inter-fund balances at June 30, consisted of the following:

Primary Government

Due to general fund from:	
Non-major governmental funds	\$ 848,500
Capital improvements fund	3,480,280
	\$ 4,328,780
Component Unit - School Board	
Due to school operating fund from:	
Federal grants fund	\$ 4,206,696
Due to school capital improvement fund from:	
Construction fund	\$ 2,000

Interfund receivables and payables are generally used by the City and School Board to cover temporary cash deficits in individual funds until grant or similar resources are received.

Inter-fund transfers for the year ended June 30, consisted of the following:

Primary Government

T C 1 1 C	
Transfers to general fund from:	
Water and sewer fund	\$ 1,246,010
Transfers to capital improvements fund from:	
General fund	\$ 1,451,000
Non-major governmental funds	40,000
	\$ 1,491,000
Transfers to non-major governmental funds from:	
General fund	\$ 3,522,980

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs, (3) close the residual balances of certain funds into other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets

Primary Government

A summary of the changes in the City's capital assets for governmental activities is as follows:

		Beginning Balance*		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
				_			
Capital asset, not being							
depreciated:							
Land	\$	7,480,583	\$, ,	\$	(25,000) \$	8,663,997
Construction in progress	_	9,728,911	_	10,294,515		(12,291,122)	7,732,304
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated		17,209,494		11,502,929		(12,316,122)	16,396,301
Capital assets, being depreciated amortized:	/						
Buildings		46,500,558		5,374,202		(401,374)	51,473,386
Improvements other than		17,420,314		5,038,388		(82,935)	22,375,767
buildings		17,120,311		2,030,300		(02,733)	22,373,707
Infrastructure		74,879,433		10,989,507		-	85,868,940
Equipment - leases		121,529		-		-	121,529
Equipment		25,084,963		1,923,761		(374,239)	26,634,485
Total capital assets being				, ,			, , ,
depreciated/amortized		164,006,797		23,325,858		(858,548)	186,474,107
Less accumulated depreciation/							
amortization for:							
Buildings		(15,198,219)		(1,363,341)		357,404	(16,204,156)
Improvements other than		(7,180,541)		(756,872)		27,796	(7,909,617)
buildings							
Infrastructure		(38,994,981)		(1,708,387)		-	(40,703,368)
Equipment - leases		-		(52,424)		-	(52,424)
Equipment		(15,188,310)		(1,968,562)		348,850	(16,808,022)
Total accumulated depreciation/							
amortization		(76,562,051)		(5,849,586)	_	734,050	(81,677,587)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated/amortized, net		87,444,746		17,476,272		(124,498)	104,796,520
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	104,654,240	\$	28,979,201	\$	(12,440,620) \$	121,192,821

^{*} - Amounts have been restated to include items related to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, Leases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government \$	421,954
Judicial administration	280,289
Public safety	1,419,602
Public works	2,729,617
Health and welfare	18,876
Parks, recreation, and cultural	588,897
Community development	5,151
Total depreciation and amortization expense	
– governmental activities §	5,464,386

Increases include depreciation expense, amortization expense and transfers in from other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

A summary of the changes in the City's capital assets for business-type activities is as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,201,485	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,201,485
Construction in progress		25,555,511		17,237,712		(13,747,658)		29,045,565
Total capital assets not being								
depreciated		26,756,996		17,237,712	_	(13,747,658)		30,247,050
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:								
Treatment plants		51,212,990		-		-		51,212,990
Improvements other than buildings		118,837		-		-		118,837
Infrastructure		134,098,044		10,289,746		(130,131)		144,257,659
Equipment		21,916,974		4,281,373		(26,955)		26,171,392
Equipment - leases		-		6,271		-		6,271
FWSA purchased capacity	_	52,496,047	_	-			_	52,496,047
Total capital assets being depreciated/								
amortized	_	259,842,892		14,577,390	_	(157,086)		274,263,196
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:								
Treatment plants		(10,581,576)		(986,202)		-		(11,567,778)
Improvements other than buildings		(117,946)		(455)		-		(118,401)
Infrastructure		(37,884,631)		(2,068,300)		75,768		(39,877,163)
Equipment		(3,723,640)		(1,095,549)		16,565		(4,802,624)
Equipment - leases		-		(492)		-		(492)
FWSA purchased capacity		(24,274,976)		(2,415,698)				(26,690,674)
Total accumulated depreciation/								
amortization	_	(76,582,769)	_	(6,566,696)	_	92,333		(83,057,132)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated/amortized, net		183,260,123		8,010,694	_	(64,753)		191,206,064
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	210,017,119	\$	25,248,406	\$	(13,812,411)	\$	221,453,114

Increases include depreciation expense, amortization expense and transfers in from other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Frederick-Winchester Service Authority (FWSA) treatment plant rights:

The City and the FWSA have entered into agreements for the City to benefit from a certain wastewater treatment plant of the FWSA. The City is not authorized to hold legal title to the plant; thus FWSA holds title to these assets. Through long-term contracts, the risks and benefits of operating and maintaining the assets have been transferred to the City, and thus represent intangible capital assets. The City is responsible for a portion of the debt incurred for these facilities.

Construction Commitments:

The City and School Board have active construction projects related to various items. At year end, the City's and School Board's commitments with contractors on the projects are as follows:

	Total Contracts			Total Payments	Future Amounts to be Expended		
Primary Government	_		_		_		
Valley Avenue Drainage and Sidewalks	\$	8,994,982	\$	7,289,750	\$	1,705,142	
Utilities							
City Yards Maintenance Facility	\$	13,475,225	\$	11,583,564	\$	1,891,661	
Sewer Pump Station Replacements		2,491,000		2,014,906		473,094	
Central Downtown Infrastructure							
Improvements		16,642,325		6,152,047		10,490,278	
Total Utilities	\$	32,608,550	<u>\$</u>	19,750,517	<u>\$</u>	12,858,033	
School Board							
Douglas Community Learning Center	\$	13,340,228	\$	6,972,998	\$	6,367,230	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Summaries of the changes in the Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board and Parking Authority's capital assets are as follows:

Component Unit - School Board

		Beginning Balance*		Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital asset, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	3,758,028	\$	-	\$ (25,000)	\$	3,733,028
Construction in progress		17,317,124		8,207,375	(17,204,823)		8,319,676
Total capital assets not being		_		_			_
depreciated	_	21,075,152	_	8,207,375	(17,229,823)		12,052,704
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:							
Buildings		148,702,951		16,125,078	(401,374)		164,426,655
Buildings - leases		85,929		-	-		85,929
Improvements other than buildings		6,138,264		902,486	(105,596)		6,935,154
Equipment		9,473,547		1,353,006	(59,070)		10,767,483
Equipment – leases		374,939		231,481			606,420
Total capital assets being depreciated	/						
amortization		164,775,630	_	18,612,051	(566,040)		182,821,641
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:							
Buildings		(46,265,133)		(3,184,971)	356,019		(49,094,085)
Buildings – leases		-		(79,319)	-		(79,319)
Improvements other than buildings		(3,239,105)		(263,637)	46,942		(3,455,800)
Equipment		(6,871,871)		(560,250)	59,070		(7,373,051)
Equipment – leases			_	(207,661)			(207,661)
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization		(56,376,109)	_	(4,295,838)	462,031		(60,209,916)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net		108,399,521		14,316,213	(104,009)		122,611,725
School board capital assets, net	\$	129,474,673	\$	22,523,588	\$ (17,333,832)	<u>\$</u>	134,664,429

^{* -} Amounts have been restated to include items related to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, *Leases*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit – Parking Authority

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 11,685	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,685
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,685	-		11,685
Capital assets, being depreciated:	0.751.200			0.551.200
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	9,751,399 56,179	-	-	9,751,399 56,179
Equipment	738,787	80,893	(49,238)	
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,546,365	80,893	(49,238)	10,578,020
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(3,229,447)	(194,849)	-	(3,424,296)
Improvements other than buildings	(56,179)	-	-	(56,179)
Equipment	(155,593)	(111,925)	49,238	(218,280)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,441,219)	(306,774)	49,238	(3,698,755)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,105,146	(225,881)	-	6,879,265
Parking Authority capital assets, net	\$ 7,116,831	\$ (225,881)	\$ -	\$ 6,890,950

Increases include depreciation expense, amortization expense and transfers in from other funds.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the respective Component Unit – School Board's governmental activities and Component Unit – Parking Authority's business-type activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
School Board	\$ 4,295,838
Business-type activities:	
Parking Authority	\$ 306,774

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 7. Unavailable Revenue

Unavailable revenue reported in the general fund is comprised of the following:

	G	eneral Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end	\$	6,187,727	\$ -
Uncollected joint judicial commission debt service billings		1,182,898	-
EMS billings not collected within 45 days after year-end			 329,353
Total general fund unavailable revenue	\$	7,370,625	\$ 329,353

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt

Primary Government

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the City for the year ended June 30:

		Beginning Balance*		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$		9	\$ 11,960,000	\$		\$	94,035,914	\$	9,553,957
HUD obligation		400,000		-		(400,000)		-		- 20 402
Leases Unamortized bond		121,529		-		(53,635)		67,894		38,482
premium		10,664,819		1,083,235		(1,235,595)		10,512,459		1,235,600
Compensated absences		2,787,229		1,188,610		(1,328,399)		2,647,440		1,223,273
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	104 518 255	9	§ 14 231 845	\$	5(11,486,393)	\$	107 263 707	\$	12 051 312
iong term naomaes	Ψ	101,510,255	= =	7 1,231,013	= =	(11,100,373)	Ψ	107,203,707	Ψ	12,031,312
		Beginning						Ending	Γ	Due within
	_	Balance		Increases	_	Decreases		Balance	(One Year
Business-type Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	5,360,322	\$	_	\$	(1,396,236)	\$	3,964,086	\$	1,036,042
Revenue bonds		110,668,679	·	6,985,000		(4,585,874)		113,067,805		4,812,123
Obligations payable FWSA		33,808,488		-		(1,597,815)		32,210,673		1,657,668
Leases		-		6,271		(515)		5,756		1,535
Unamortized bond										
premium		10,300,789		502,689		(873,386)		9,930,092		808,174
Compensated absences	_	220,023		132,159	_	(104,863)		247,319		114,276
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	160,358,301	\$	7,626,119	\$	(8,558,689)	\$	159,425,731	\$	8,429,818

^{* -} Amounts have been restated to include items related to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, *Leases*.

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At June 30, \$70,567 of internal service funds compensated absences is included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund and special revenue funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Details of Long-Term Indebtedness		
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$31,705,000 General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding Bond, Series 2011, issued September 8, 2011, maturing annually beginning September 1, 2012 through September 1, 2023, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 2.0-4.0%. Purpose: General, Utilities, and School capital projects	\$ 4,008,819	\$ 726,181
\$28,635,000 General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding Bond, Series 2012, issued August 2, 2012, maturing annually beginning September 1, 2012 through September 1, 2026, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3.0-5.0%. Purpose: General, Utilities, and School capital projects	2,263,560	356,440
\$24,265,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2013, issued October 30, 2013, maturing annually beginning September 1, 2014 through September 1, 2033, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3.0-5.0%. Purpose: General and School capital projects	1,165,000	-
\$14,685,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, issued October 30, 2014, maturing annually beginning September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 1.5-5.0%. Purpose: Refund certain outstanding bonds	2,885,000	-
\$16,660,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2017 refunding, issued July 18, 2017, maturing annually beginning September 1, 2023 through September 1, 2033, interest payable semi-annually at rate of 1.5-5.0%. Purpose: Refund certain outstanding bonds	16,660,000	<u>-</u>
\$15,000,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bond, Series 2019, issued October 15, 2019, maturing annually beginning March 1, 2021 through March 1, 2040, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3-5%. Purpose: General and School capital projects	14,035,000	_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
Details of Long-Term Indebtedness (Continued)				
\$10,020,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020, issued July 15, 2020, maturing annually beginning August 1, 2021 through August 1, 2036, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3.00-5.00%. Purpose: Refund certain outstanding bonds.	\$ 9,940,000	\$ -		
\$14,605,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020, issued July 15, 2020, maturing annually beginning August 1, 2021 through August 1, 2040, interest payable semi-annually at rate of 2.00-5.00%. Purpose: General and School Capital Projects.	14,150,000	-		
\$19,850,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A, issued March 30, 2021, maturing annually beginning August 1, 2022 through August 1, 2026, interest payable semi-annually at rate of .30-1.00%. Purpose: Refund certain outstanding bonds.	16,968,535	2,881,465		
\$6,825,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021B, issued November 9, 2021, maturing annually beginning August 1, 2022 through August 1, 2041, interest payable semi-annually at rate of 3.00-5.00%. Purpose: General Capital Projects.	6,825,000	-		
\$5,135,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021C, issued November 9, 2021, maturing annually beginning August 1, 2022 through August 1, 2041, interest payable semi-annually at rate of 1.05-2.625%. Purpose: General Capital Projects.	5,135,000			
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 94,035,914	\$ 3,964,086		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primar	<u>y Government</u>	(Continuea)

. , ,	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
<u>Details of Long-Term Indebtedness</u> (Continued)				
Revenue Bonds:				
\$12,295,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series of 2009B, issued November 1, 2009, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2011 through October 2, 2029, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3.041%-5.916%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects	\$ -	\$ 6,290,000		
\$1,500,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2011A, issued October 25, 2011, maturing semi-annually beginning September 1, 2013 through September 1, 2042, interest payable semi-annually at 3.00%. Balance of bond is based on principal advances made by the City not to exceed \$1,500,000	-	1,172,805		
\$14,810,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2015, issued April 28, 2015, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2015 through April 1, 2030, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 2.93%-5.13%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects and refunding of outstanding bonds	-	11,610,000		
\$13,115,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2016A, issued March 31, 2017, maturing annually beginning November 1, 2016 through November 1, 2032, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3.13%-5.13%. Purpose: Refund certain outstanding bonds	-	12,975,000		
\$37,725,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2018, issued March 30, 2018, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2020 through October 1, 2039, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 3.59%-5.13%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects	-	35,345,000		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
<u>Details of Long-Term Indebtedness</u> (Continued)		
Revenue Bonds (Continued):		
\$6,555,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2019, issued November 20, 2019, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2022 through October 1, 2030, interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 5.125%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects and refunding of outstanding bonds	-	6,035,000
\$32,655,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2020B, issued August 5, 2020, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2024 through October 1, 2050, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 2.13-5.125%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects	-	32,655,000
\$6,985,000 Virginia Resources Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2022A, issued May 2022, maturing annually beginning October 1, 2023 through October 1, 2042, interest payable semi-annually at rates of 4.323-5.125%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects		6,985,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ -	\$ 113,067,805

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)	Governmental Activities	ısiness-type Activities
<u>Details of Long-Term Indebtedness</u> (Continued)		
Obligations Payable:		
\$26,452,442 FWSA Opequon Water Facility obligations, commencing April 1, 2004, maturing annually through October 1, 2039 interest payable monthly at rates of 2.6%-3.5%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects**	\$ -	\$ 9,120,673
\$25,092,500 FWSA Green Energy Project obligations, commencing June 30, 2016, maturing annually through October 1, 2038 interest payable monthly at rates of 3.13%-5.13%. Purpose: Utilities capital projects**	-	23,090,000
Total Obligations Payable	\$ -	\$ 32,210,673

^{**}On October 1, 2021, the FWSA Green Energy Project and the FWSA Opequon Water Facility obligations were refunded, maturing annually through April 1, 2039 with interest payable at rates of 0.31%-2.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Governmental Activities

		General (Obligation					
		Bo	nds		Leas	ses		
		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interes	t
2023	\$	9,553,957	\$ 2,895,690	0 \$	38,482	\$		347
2024		9,813,415	2,617,12	7	17,745			172
2025		9,405,442	2,428,72	7	9,391			65
2026		8,342,975	2,222,504	4	2,276			10
2027		5,605,125	2,011,380	\mathbf{C}	-			-
2028-2032		21,865,000	7,088,960	6	-			-
2033-2037		18,915,000	2,748,450	6	-			-
2038-2042		10,535,000	608,709	9	-			-
2043-2047		-	-		-			-
2048-2052	_			_	-			-
	\$	94,035,914	\$ 22,621,559	\$	67,894	\$		594

Business-type Activities

	General Obligation Bonds				Revenue Bonds				Obligations Payable FWSA			
	_	Principal	Interest	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	1,036,042	\$ 38,987	\$	4,812,123	\$	4,443,304	\$	1,657,668	\$	938,715	
2024		971,587	17,511		5,253,396		4,209,471		1,716,083		876,544	
2025		874,557	11,847		6,229,708		3,917,615		1,782,535		811,207	
2026		772,025	6,379		6,546,059		3,589,896		1,850,500		740,351	
2027		309,875	1,549		6,872,451		3,242,851		1,910,396		681,760	
2028-2032		-	-		31,784,656		11,334,149		9,836,366		2,662,861	
2033-2037		-	-		20,466,340		6,145,858		9,330,840		1,332,528	
2038-2042		-	-		16,944,718		2,691,253		4,126,285		129,031	
2043-2047		-	-		7,788,354		1,112,919		-		-	
2048-2052		- -		_	6,370,000		284,169		-			
	\$	3,964,086	\$ 76,273	\$	113,067,805	\$	40,971,485	\$	32,210,673	\$	8,172,997	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	Bı	Business-type Activities									
		Leases									
2023	Pr	incipal	In	terest							
	\$	1,535	\$	85							
2024		1,561		59							
2025		1,587		33							
2026		1,073		7							
	\$	5,756	\$	184							

Frederick-Winchester Service Authority (FWSA) treatment plant rights

During 2008 and 2009, the FWSA in conjunction with the participating entities decided to expand the Opequon Water Reclamation Facility. The FWSA has issued debt to finance this project. During 2011, this project was completed and the City assumed responsibility for partial debt service of this plant.

In November 2013, the City, along with the FWSA, the County of Frederick, and the Frederick County Sanitation Authority, approved the Green Energy Project (the "Project") for the purpose of implementing a series of capacity and efficiency improvements to the Opequon Water Reclamation Facility. To finance this project, the FWSA authorized the issuance of \$53,000,000 in bonds. In late fiscal year 2017, the Project began accepting waste. The City has assumed responsibility for a portion of the related debt service in the approximate amount of \$25,092,500.

Prior Defeasance of Debt

In addition to the current year refunding, the City defeased certain outstanding general obligation and revenue bonds payable in prior years. The proceeds were placed in trust to fund all future debt service payments. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the following bonds are considered defeased:

	Beginning							Ending	
		Balance	Increases		Decreases			Balance	
General obligation bonds		_				_		_	
PIB Series 2007	\$	3,225,000	\$	-	\$	(405,000)	\$	2,820,000	
PIB Series 2013		16,650,000		-		-		16,650,000	
Series 2012		18,240,000		-		-		18,240,000	
Revenue bonds									
VRA VPFP 2008B		5,740,000		-		(700,000)		5,040,000	
VRA VPFP 2011B		12,955,000		-		-		12,955,000	
VRA VPFP 2010 C		6,940,000		-		(665,000)		6,275,000	
	\$	63,750,000	\$	-	\$	(1,770,000)	\$	61,980,000	

School Board

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the School Board for the year ended June 30:

	Beginning Balance*		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Oue within One Year
Governmental Activities School Board	_								
Compensated absences Leases	\$ 2,639,079 460,868	\$	156,121 231,481	\$	(125,947) (291,128)	\$	2,669,253 401,221	\$	155,881 170,498
School board Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,099,947	\$_	387,602	<u>\$</u>	(417,075)	\$	3,070,474	\$	326,379

^{* -} Amounts have been restated to include items related to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, *Leases*.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	 School Board							
	 Leases							
	 Principal		Interest					
2023	\$ 170,498	\$	2,398					
2024	124,288		1,378					
2025	101,755		418					
2026	 4,680	_	3					
	\$ 401,221	\$	4,197					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Parking Authority

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the Parking Authority for the year ended June 30:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Business-type Activities – Parking Authority					
Revenue bond Compensated absences	\$ 6,528,400 33,416	\$ 6,285,000 23,809	\$ (6,528,400) (15,926)	\$ 6,285,000 41,299	\$ 335,234 19,083
Parking authority Long-term liabilities	\$ 6,561,816	\$ 6,308,809	\$ (6,544,326)	\$ 6,326,299	\$ 354,317

<u>Details of Long-Term Indebtedness</u>

\$6,285,000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, issued August 3, 2021, maturing annually beginning August 1, 2022 through August 1, 2037, interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 2.25%. Purpose: Refund certain outstanding bonds

\$ 6,285,000

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

		Parking Authority								
		Revenue	Bon	ds						
	P	rincipal	Interest							
2023	\$	335,234	\$	137,641						
2024	•	338,418	•	130,063						
2025		346,793		122,354						
2026		354,721		114,462						
2027		362,001		106,399						
2028-2032		1,932,380		404,851						
2033-2037		2,157,113		174,998						
2038-2042		458,340		5,156						
	\$	6,285,000	\$	1,195,924						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Parking Authority (Continued)

Current Year Refunding of Debt

In August 2021, the Parking Authority issued a Revenue Refunding Bond totaling \$6,285,000 for the purpose of refunding series 2018 bonds for \$6,243,000. The proceeds were placed in trust with an escrow agent to fund all future debt service payments. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability has been removed from the Parking Authority's long-term debt. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$798,535, resulting in an economic gain of \$664,008.

At June 30, 2022, the following bonds are considered defeased:

]	Beginning Balance	Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance		
Revenue Bond								
Series 2021	\$	-	\$ 6,243,000	\$	-	\$ 6,243,000		

Note 9. Leases

City as Lessor

In 2022, the City, implemented the guidance of GASB No. 87, *Leases*, which for lessors requires recognizing a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements.

A summary of significant City leases as the lessor is as follows:

In January 2022 the City entered into a lease as lessor with the Winchester Department of Social Services for the use of building space at 401 N. Cameron Street and 24 Baker Street expiring in December 2042. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,569,007. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,536,496. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$7,715 and the lease has an interest rate of 2.132%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,531,650 and the City recognized lease revenue of \$37,357 during the fiscal year.

Since this lease is between funds, the activity is eliminated on the government wide statements (Exhibits 1 and 2). However, lessor terms above are presented in the General Fund (Exhibit 3) and the lessee principal and interest payments in the Social Services Fund (Exhibit 19).

The City also has a lease as lessor with the Virginia Health Department expiring in January 2026. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,163,792. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$921,609. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$14,461 and additional monthly payments of \$7,255. The lease has an interest rate of 2.1320%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$909,874, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$253,918 during the fiscal year. The lessee has four extension options, each for 12 months. The lessee had a termination period of 9 months as of the lease commencement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 9. Leases (Continued)

City as Lessor (Continued)

In addition to the significant lessor leases above the City also leases buildings and infrastructure to various entities for periods expiring September 2022 through June 2044. As of June 30, 2022, the value of these lease receivables is \$151,906 and the value of the deferred inflows of resources related to these leases as of June 30, 2022 was \$152,296.

Total lease and interest revenue in the general fund was \$305,917 and \$35,614 respectively, for 2022.

City and School Board as Lessee

In 2022, the City and School Board implemented the guidance of GASB No. 87, *Leases*, which for lessees requires reporting an intangible right to use asset and a lease liability for leases that had previously been reported as operating and capital leases.

The City has leases for various equipment such as copiers and postage machines for periods expiring October 2022 through May 2026. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate unless an interest rate is explicitly stated in each lease. The value of right to use lease asset balances and related accumulated amortization as of year-end are disclosed in Note 6. The related debt as well as principal and interest requirements to maturity are disclosed in Note 8.

The School Board has leases for various equipment primarily copiers and building space for periods expiring July 2022 through August 2025. The School Board uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate unless an interest rate is explicitly stated in each lease. The value of right to use lease asset balances and related accumulated amortization as of year-end are disclosed in Note 6. The related debt as well as principal and interest requirements to maturity are disclosed in Note 8.

Note 10. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Federal programs in which the City participates were audited in accordance with provisions of the *Uniform Guidance*. Pursuant to the provisions of this document, all major programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of material noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City, (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	City	WPA	School Non- Professional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries	204	2	52
currently receiving benefits	304	3	52
Inactive members:			
Vested inactive members	89	1	10
Non-vested inactive members Inactive members active elsewhere	187	2	25
in VRS	204	2	10
Total inactive members	480	5	45
Active members	479	5	88
Total covered employees	1,263	13	185

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The City and WPA's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 10.23% of covered employee compensation. The School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 6.37% of covered employee compensation. These rates were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019.

These rates, when combined with employee contributions, were expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,540,900 and \$2,358,765 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the WPA were \$24,044 and \$18,699 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan were \$162,065 and \$144,444 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For political subdivisions, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees, Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Inflation

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

IIIIation	2.5070
General Employees - Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 5.35%
Public Safety Employees with hazardous duty benefits - Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 4.75%
Teacher Cost Sharing Plan – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

2.50%

including inflation

Mortality rates: General employees -15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees -45% to 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable Pub-2010 Mortality Table with various set backs or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Updated mortality table; adjusted retirement rates; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; no change to disability rates; no change to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Updated mortality table; adjusted retirement rate to better fit experience and increased final retirement age to 70; adjusted rates of withdrawal; no change to disability rates; no changes to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00 %	5.00 %	1.70 %
Fixed Income	15.00	0.57	0.09
Credit Strategies	14.00	4.49	0.63
Real Assets	14.00	4.76	0.67
Private Equity	14.00	9.94	1.39
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.29	0.20
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.84	0.21
Total	100.00 %		4.89 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
*Expected arithmet	ic nominal return		7.39 %

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions, political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever is greater. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability - City

changes in 11ct I ension Embiney City	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 109,429,996	\$ 91,902,768	\$ 17,527,228			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	2,656,291	-	2,656,291			
Interest	7,331,253	-	7,331,253			
Changes of assumptions	4,272,193	-	4,272,193			
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(2,900,886)	-	(2,900,886)			
Contributions – employer	-	2,382,536	(2,382,536)			
Contributions – employee	-	1,163,171	(1,163,171)			
Net investment income	-	25,548,145	(25,548,145)			
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions	(4,874,073)	(4,874,073)	-			
Administrative expenses	-	(63,158)	63,158			
Other changes		(174,876)	174,876			
Net changes	6,484,778	23,981,745	(17,496,967)			
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 115,914,774	\$ 115,884,513	\$ 30,261			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability - WPA

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	1,097,171	\$	958,221	\$	138,950
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		25,136		-		25,136
Interest		69,374		-		69,374
Changes of assumptions		40,427		-		40,427
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(27,450)		-		(27,450)
Contributions – employer		=		22,545		(22,545)
Contributions – employee		-		11,007		(11,007)
Net investment income		-		241,757		(241,757)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(46,122)		(46,122)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(598)		598
Other changes		-		(28,560)		28,560
Net changes		61,365		200,029		(138,664)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	1,158,536	\$	1,158,250	\$	286

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability - School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension Liability
		Liability (a)		Net Position (b)		(Asset) (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	8,771,739	\$	8,418,206	\$	353,533
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		273,865		-		273,865
Interest		577,687		-		577,687
Changes of assumptions		264,853		-		264,853
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(310,362)		-		(310,362)
Contributions – employer		-		144,042		(144,042)
Contributions – employee		-		116,047		(116,047)
Net investment income		-		2,291,593		(2,291,593)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(426,816)		(426,816)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(5,701)		5,701
Other changes				216		(216)
Net changes		379,227		2,119,381		(1,740,154)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	9,150,966	\$	10,537,587	\$	(1,386,621)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
City's net pension liability (asset) WPA's net pension liability (asset) School Board Non-Professional	\$ 16,542,181 156,535	\$ 30,261 286	\$ (13,448,935) (127,264)
Employee Plan's net pension liability (asset)	(398,078)	(1,386,621)	(2,223,049)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$976,651. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,002,737	\$	1,979,970
Changes of assumptions		3,362,013		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		12,739,080
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,540,900		
Total	\$	6,905,650	\$	14,719,050

The \$2,540,900 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	to Pension
June 30,	Expense
2023	\$ (1,352,843)
2024	(2,239,369)
2025	(2,903,226)
2026	(3,858,862)
2027	=
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the WPA recognized pension expense of \$9,242. At June 30, 2022, the WPA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,489	\$	18,736
Changes of assumptions		31,816		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		120,547
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		24,044		
Total	\$	65,349	\$	139,283

The \$24,044 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from WPA's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	to	Decrease Pension Expense
2023 2024	\$	(12,802) (21,191)
2025 2026 2027		(27,473) (36,512)
Thereafter		-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan recognized pension expense of \$(95,123). At June 30, 2022, the School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	240,774	
Changes of assumptions		176,862		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,137,172	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		162,065		-	
Total	\$	338,927	\$	1,377,946	

The \$162,065 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Decrease to Pension Expense			
2022	¢.	(215.017)		
2023	\$	(315,017)		
2024		(275,145)		
2025		(265,086)		
2026		(345,836)		
2027		-		
Thereafter		-		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, approximately \$392,000 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2022 payroll.

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of Virginia school divisions, including Winchester City Public Schools, (the "School Division"), are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This multiple employer, cost sharing plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employers pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously funded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those described in Note 11.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$5,273,804 and \$4,951,480 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

In June 2021, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$61.3 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 552 of the 2021 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported a liability of \$27,138,040 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the school division's proportion was 0.349% as compared to 0.354% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school division recognized pension expense of \$(247,024). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,311,405		
Changes of assumptions	4,754,413	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	17,101,316		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	96,149	1,475,124		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,273,804			
Total	\$ 10,124,366	\$ 20,887,845		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$5,273,804 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Increase (Decrease) to Pension Expense			
2023	\$	(4,017,416)		
2024		(3,463,110)		
2025		(3,638,092)		
2026		(4,922,054)		
2027		3,389		
Thereafter		-		

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	53,381,141 45,617,878
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>\$</u>	7,763,263
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		85.46%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee			
Retirement plan net pension liability	\$ 52,373,827	\$ 27,138,040	\$ 6,377,176

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, approximately \$776,000 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2022 payroll for the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan and School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan combined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City of Winchester administers a cost-sharing defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Retiree Health Plan"). Participating employers include the City, the WPA, the Northwestern Juvenile Detention Center Commission, and the Frederick-Winchester Service Authority. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and coverage ceases at age 65. Retirees under age 65 have the option of choosing three medical plans including a prescription program for retail and a mail order program. Retirees can continue the same medical coverage they had (including dependent coverage) as active employees. The plan was established under the authority of the City of Winchester's Council. Management of the plan is vested in the City's OPEB Finance Board, which is comprised of the City's CFO, Treasurer, and a citizen representative.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on June 30. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan, including City, WPA and other employers:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries:	
Currently receiving benefits	36
Active plan members	547
Total	583

Investment Policies

The City's policy for the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the OPEB Finance Board. It is the policy of the OPEB Finance Board to ensure that assets are diversified to minimize the impact of large losses from individual investments, and to achieve a long-term level of return commensurate with contemporary economic conditions. The investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established by City Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the City were \$-0- for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2022, the City and WPA reported liabilities of \$2,600,661 and \$28,884, respectively for their proportionate shares of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. The City's and WPA's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the City's and WPA's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City's and WPA's proportion was 94.40%.

	 City and WPA	<u></u>	Other Employers	 Total
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 7,858,034 5,228,489	\$	466,154 310,164	\$ 8,324,188 5,538,653
Employers' net OPEB liability	\$ 2,629,545	\$	155,990	\$ 2,785,535
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	66.54%		66.54%	66.54%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability – Entire Plan

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	9,333,739	\$	6,412,460	\$	2,921,279	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		253,318		-		253,318	
Interest		592,600		-		592,600	
Experience losses (gains)		820,242		-		820,242	
Contributions – employer		-		466,582		(466,582)	
Net investment income		-		(873,807)		873,807	
Changes in assumptions		(2,209,129)		=		(2,209,129)	
Benefit payments		(466,582)		(466,582)		<u>-</u>	
Net changes		(1,009,551)		(873,807)		(135,744)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	8,324,188	\$	5,538,653	\$	2,785,535	

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

In the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 6.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the plan's investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date.

The following additional simplifying assumptions were made:

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse – Actual coverage status is used; females assumed to be three years younger than male spouse. Employees with individual coverage are assumed to elect individual coverage in retirement; those with spouse/family coverage assumed to continue this coverage at retirement.

Election Rate - 90% of actives currently enrolled in the City's health care plan will continue in the plan upon retiring or becoming disabled.

Demographic Assumptions – Demographic assumptions mirror those used for the pension plan, with adjustments made for actual experience of City employees. All employees are assumed to participate in the Virginia Retirement System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Economic Assumptions – The medical trend assumption was developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model baseline assumptions. The SOA Model was released in October 2010 and updated in 2021. The following assumptions were used as input variables into this model:

•	Rate of Inflation	2.50%
•	Rate of Growth in Real Income / GNP per capita	1.50%
•	Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.10%
•	Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.00%
•	Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2075

Payroll is assumed to increase at 2.50% per annum. This assumption is used to determine the level percentage of payroll amortization factor. Inflation is assumed to be 2.50% per annum.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using an economic building block approach that projects economic and corporate profit growth and takes into consideration the fundamental factors driving long-term real economic growth, the expectation for inflation of 2.50%, productivity, and labor force growth.

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Capital Market Assumptions	term Return (Net of Inflation)
Domestic Equity	39.00 %	7.60 %	5.10 %
International Developed Equity	15.00	7.30	4.80
International Emerging Markets Equity	6.00	7.70	5.20
Core Fixed	20.00	3.90	1.40
Investment Grade Corporate Debt	10.00	3.90	1.40
Emerging Markets Debt	5.00	4.90	2.40
High Yield	5.00	5.00	2.50
Total	100.00 %		
	Inflation		2.50 %

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the net OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the political subdivision, as well as what the political subdivision's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current discount rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.50%)]	Current Discount Rate (6.50%)	 1.00% Increase (7.50%)
Net OPEB liability – City	\$ 3,314,389	\$	2,600,661	\$ 1,956,492
Net OPEB liability – WPA	36,811		28,884	21,729
Net OPEB liability – Other Employers	198,800		155,990	117,353
Total	\$ 3,550,000	\$	2,785,535	\$ 2,095,574

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the political subdivision, as well as what the political subdivision's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (2.94%) or one percentage point higher (4.94%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare	
	1.00%	Cost Trend	1.00%
	 Decrease (2.94%)	 Rates (3.94%)	 Increase (4.94%)
Net OPEB liability – City	\$ 1,802,630	\$ 2,600,661	\$ 3,532,960
Net OPEB liability – WPA	20,021	28,884	39,238
Net OPEB liability – Other Employers	 108,123	 155,990	 211,911
Total	\$ 1,930,774	\$ 2,785,535	\$ 3,784,109

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City, WPA, and other participating employers recognized OPEB expenses of \$569,934, \$6,330, and \$38,556, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City and WPA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Ci	ty			\mathbf{W}	PA	
	O	Deferred utflows of desources	Iı	Deferred nflows of desources	Ou	eferred atflows of esources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,980,963	\$	5,987	\$	22,001	\$	66
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		438,878		-		4,874		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		19,894		-		221
Changes of assumptions				2,089,768				23,210
Total	\$	2,419,841	\$	2,115,649	\$	26,875	\$	23,497

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ended	Increase (Decrease) to OPEB Expense				
June 30,	City	WPA			
2023	\$ 149,356	\$ 1,659			
2024	151,642	1,684			
2025	140,357	1,559			
2026	238,866	2,653			
2027	(188,530)	(2,094)			
Thereafter	(187,499)	(2,083)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the City, Schools, and WPA also participate in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

The GLI and Teacher HIC are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Both of these plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) is available for all full time, salaried employees of local government entities other than Teachers. The General Employee HIC provides all the same benefits as the Teacher HIC, except that this plan is considered a multi-employer agent plan.

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program:

	City	WPA	Schools Non- Professional Employees
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	48	1_	13_
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	5		2
Total inactive members	53	1	15
Active members	367	5	88
Total covered employees	420	6	103

Line of Duty Act Program

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the VRS are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA). As required by statute, the VRS is responsible for managing the assets of the program. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the VRS actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers. The LODA is considered a multiple employer, cost sharing plan.

Specific information about the LODA is available at https://www.valoda.org/

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2020 (General Employee HIC Program) and June 30, 2019 (GLI, Teacher HIC, and LODA Programs). The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and				
	may be impacted as a result of funding				
	provided to school divisions and				
	governmental agencies by the Virginia				
	General Assembly.				
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation.				
	Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and				
	0.54% employer. Employers may elect to				
	pay all or part of the employee contribution.				

	City	WPA	Schools
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$143,173	\$1,550	\$195,138
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$132,667	\$1,240	\$182,368

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.21% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$403,319
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$377,877

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1402(E) and may be				
	impacted as a result of funding provided to				
	governmental agencies by the Virginia				
	General Assembly.				
Total rate:	0.10% of covered employee compensation.				

	City	WPA	Schools
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$19,639	\$287	\$8,659
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$18,764	\$230	\$7,620

Line of Duty Act Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 9-1-400.1 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	\$722.55 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. Based on pay-as-you-go funding rate.
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$122,301
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$120,149

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. LODA proportion was determined based on pay-as-you-go employer contributions instead of actuarially determined contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program

	City	WPA	Schools
June 30, 2022 proportionate share of			
liability	\$1,400,294	\$15,165	\$1,902,070
June 30, 2021 proportion	0.13%	0.01%	0.12%
June 30, 2020 proportion	0.13%	0.01%	0.16%
June 30, 2022 expense	\$53,573	\$580	\$53,791

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

June 30, 2022 proportionate share of	
liability	\$4,526,250
June 30, 2021 proportion	0.35%
June 30, 2020 proportion	0.35%
June 30, 2022 expense	\$319,558

Line of Duty Act Program

June 30, 2022 proportionate share of	
liability	\$3,848,534
June 30, 2021 proportion	0.87%
June 30, 2020 proportion	0.96%
June 30, 2022 expense	\$327,157

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Changes in the City's net OPEB liability of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	474,699	\$	395,826	\$	78,873
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		13,602		-		13,602
Interest		31,579		-		31,579
Benefit changes		_		-		-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		6,430		-		6,430
Changes of assumptions		5,488		-		5,488
Contributions – employer		-		18,888		(18,888)
Net investment income		-		104,662		(104,662)
Benefit payments		(32,638)		(32,638)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(1,206)		1206
Other changes				(519)		519
Net changes		24,461		89,187		(64,726)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	499,160	\$	485,013	\$	14,147

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$(5,136) related to the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Changes in the WPA's net OPEB liability of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	5,546	4,579	\$	967	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		199	-		199	
Interest		462	-		462	
Benefit changes		-	-		-	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		94	-		94	
Changes of assumptions		80	-		80	
Contributions – employer		-	276		(276)	
Net investment income		-	1,530		(1,530)	
Benefit payments		(477)	(477)		-	
Administrative expenses		-	(18)		18	
Other changes			(193)		193	
Net changes		358	1,118		(760)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	5,904	5,697	\$	207	

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2022, the WPA recognized OPEB expense of \$(75) related to the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Changes in the Schools Non-Professional Employees net OPEB liability of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Set Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	129,515	\$	88,020	\$	41,495
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		4,582		-		4,582
Interest		8,481		-		8,481
Benefit changes		-		-		-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(9,106)		-		(9,106)
Changes of assumptions		3,752		-		3,752
Contributions – employer		-		7,621		(7,621)
Net investment income		-		23,063		(23,063)
Benefit payments		(7,738)		(7,738)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(275)		275
Other changes						
Net changes		(29)		22,671		(22,700)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	129,486	\$	110,691	\$	18,795

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2022, the Schools recognized OPEB expense of \$3,005 related to the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

At June 30, 2022, the City, WPA, and Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program - City

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	159,708	\$	10,669
Changes of assumptions		77,197		191,590
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		334,220
Changes in proportion		39,955		45,283
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		143,173		-
Total	\$	420,033	\$	581,762

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program - WPA

			Ir	Deferred aflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,730	\$	116
Changes of assumptions		836		2,075
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		3,619
Changes in proportion		433		490
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,550		_
Total	\$	4,549	\$	6,300

<u>Group Life Insurance Program – Schools (Teachers and Non-professional)</u>

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	216,838	\$	14,492
Changes of assumptions		104,860		260,244
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		453,983
Changes in proportion		3,987		66,193
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		195,138		-
Total	\$	520,923	\$	794,912

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	78,983
Change in assumptions		122,353		18,191
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		59,624
Changes in proportion		4,721		175,826
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		403,319		-
Total	\$	530,393	\$	332,624

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - City

O	utflows of]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$	5,578 12,977	\$	53,272 6,671
	Oı	. ,	Outflows of Resources I \$ 5,578 \$

Changes of assumptions	12,7//	0,071
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
OPEB plan investments	-	50,209
Changes in proportion	-	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	19,639	-
Total	\$ 38,194	\$ 110,152

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - WPA

	Out	ferred flows of sources	Ir	Deferred of the sources of the sourc
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	82	\$	779
Changes of assumptions		190		98
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		734
Changes in proportion		-		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		287		
Total	\$	559	\$	1,611

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - Schools

Deferred Outflows of Resources Resources
nd actual experience \$ 3,722 \$ 12,187
4,123 130
d and actual earnings on
- 11,070
-
ent to the
8,659 -
\$ 16,504 \$ 23,387
and actual experience \$ 3,722 \$ 12,18 4,123 13

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 320,864	\$ 582,702
Changes of assumptions	1,065,016	184,093
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
OPEB plan investments	-	22,286
Changes in proportion	146,884	383,529
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	122,301	_
Total	\$ 1,655,065	\$ 1,172,610

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's, WPA's, and Schools' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program - City

Year Ended June 30,	(Decrease) to OPEB Expense	
2023	\$	(72,779)
	Φ	
2024		(54,132)
2025		(48,931)
2026		(105,182)
2027		(23,878)
Thereafter		_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program - WPA

Year Ended June 30,	to	ecrease) OPEB xpense
2023	\$	(788)
2024		(586)
2025		(530)
2026		(1,139)
2027		(258)
Thereafter		

<u>Group Life Insurance Program – Schools (Teachers and Non-professional)</u>

 Year Ended June 30,		Decrease) to OPEB Expense
2023	\$	(117,837)
2024		(94,009)
2025		(86,352)
2026		(143,862)
2027		(27,067)
Thereafter		_

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

t	Decrease) o OPEB Expense
ø	(54,606)
Þ	(54,606)
	(55,283)
	(48,286)
	(35,851)
	(8,469)
	(3,055)
	t

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - City

Year Ended June 30,	Increase (Decrease) to OPEB Expense	
2023	\$	(21,763)
2024		(21,643)
2025		(21,836)
2026		(23,257)
2027		(3,795)
Thereafter		697

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - WPA

Year Ended June 30,	(De	crease crease) OPEB cpense
2023	\$	(318)
2024		(316)
2025		(319)
2026		(340)
2027		(55)
Thereafter		9

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - Schools

Year Ended June 30,	to	ecrease) OPEB Expense
2023	\$	(3,064)
2024		(2,920)
2025		(4,805)
2026		(4,434)
2027		(319)
Thereafter		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

Year Ended June 30,	Increase to OPEB Expense							
2023	\$	61,177						
2024		62,201						
2025		62,503						
2026		62,823						
2027		69,879						
Thereafter		41,571						

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

Inflation	2.50%
 Salary increases, including inflation: Locality- general employees Locality – hazardous duty employees 	3.50 – 5.35%
• Teachers	3.50 – 4.75% 3.50 – 5.95%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
• Under age 65	7.00 - 4.75%
 Ages 65 and older 	5.375 - 4.75%

Investment rate of return, net of expenses, GLI & HIC: 6.75%; LODA 2.16% including inflation*

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 11.

^{*} Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.16% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Group Life	Teacher					
	Insurance	Employee HIC	Line of Duty Act				
	Program	OPEB Plan	Program				
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,577,346	\$ 1,477,874	\$ 448,542				
Plan fiduciary net							
position	2,413,074	194,305	7,553				
Employers' net OPEB							
liability (asset)	\$ 1,164,272	\$ 1,283,569	\$ 440,989				
Plan fiduciary net							
position as a percentage							
of total OPEB liability	67.45%	13.15%	1.68%				

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00 %	5.00 %	1.70 %
Fixed Income	15.00	0.57	0.09
Credit Strategies	14.00	4.49	0.63
Real Assets	14.00	4.76	0.67
Private Equity	14.00	9.94	1.39
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.29	0.20
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.84	0.21
Total	100.00 %		4.89 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
*Expected arithmet	7.39 %		

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11, including inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

The long-term expected rate of return on the LODA Program's investments was set at 2.16% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS pooled investments 6.75% assumption noted above. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.16% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The discount rate used to measure the LODA OPEB liability was 2.16% The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the City, WPA, and Schools, as well as what the net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75% HIC; GLI/1.16% LODA) or one percentage point higher (7.75% HIC; GLI/3.16% LODA) than the current discount rate:

	1.00% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.00% Increase
	 (5.75%)	 (6.75%)	 (7.75%)
GLI Net OPEB liability – City GLI Net OPEB liability – WPA GLI Net OPEB liability – Schools	\$ 2,045,880 22,156 2,778,993	\$ 1,400,294 15,165 1,902,070	\$ 878,954 9,519 1,193,915
Teacher HIC Net OPEB liability	\$ 5,095,303	\$ 4,526,250	\$ 4,044,695
General Employee HIC Net OPEB liability (asset) – City General Employee HIC Net OPEB	\$ 78,358	\$ 14,147	\$ (39,469)
liability (asset) – WPA	1,146	207	(577)
General Employee HIC Net OPEB liability – Schools	32,542	18,795	7,011
LODA Net OPEB liability	\$ (1.16 %) 4,427,225	\$ (2.16 %) 3,848,534	\$ (3.16 %) 3,388,716

Sensitivity of the LODA Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Because the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) contains provisions for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the LODA net OPEB liability of the City using health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the City's LODA net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.00% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%)	1.00% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%)
LODA Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,157,820	\$ 3,848,534	\$ 4,734,172

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefits

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	Net OPEB Liability]	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
City – Local Plan	\$	2,419,841	\$ 2,600,661	\$	2,115,649	\$ 569,934
City – GLI		420,033	1,400,294		581,762	53,573
City – HIC		38,194	14,147		110,152	(5,136)
City – LODA		1,655,065	3,848,534		1,172,610	627,157
	\$	4,533,133	\$ 7,863,636	\$	3,980,173	\$ 1,245,528
WPA – Local Plan		26,875	28,884		23,497	6,330
WPA - GLI		4,549	15,165		6,300	580
WPA – HIC		559	207		1,611	(75)
	\$	31,983	\$ 44,256	\$	31,408	\$ 6,835
Schools Non			_		_	
Professional – HIC		16,504	18,795		23,387	3,005
Teachers - HIC		530,393	4,526,250		332,624	319,558
Schools Non						
Professional – GLI		42,630	138,897		56,792	6,386
Teachers – GLI		478,293	 1,763,173		738,120	47,405
	\$	1,067,820	\$ 6,447,115	\$	1,150,923	\$ 376,354

Note 16. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other cities and counties in the Virginia Liability Risk Management Plan (VARISK2), a Commonwealth of Virginia risk pool currently operating as a risk management program for public body members in Virginia. The City pays an annual premium to VARISK2 for its public officials general law enforcement and medical malpractice liability insurance coverage. The Department of Treasury obtains its authority to act from the statutory provisions of the Code and will limit liability up to \$1 million for each insured event.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 16. Risk Management (Continued)

Through the Virginia Municipal League, the City has joined together with other Virginia public bodies in the Virginia Municipal League Insurance Programs pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for members in Virginia. The City pays an annual premium to VML Insurance Programs for its workers' compensation and employer's liability, general liability, excess property, crime, and automobile coverage. The agreement for formation of the VML Insurance Programs Pool provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Workers' compensation coverage provides the benefits as set forth in the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act. VML Insurance Programs will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$5 million for general liability, and \$5 million for automotive liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Through the Virginia School Board Association, the School Board has joined together with other localities in the VSBA Insurance Program and School Systems of VA Group Self-Insurance Association, public entity risk pools currently operating as an insurance program and common risk management for several member city and county school boards in Virginia. The school board pays annual premiums to VSBA Insurance Program and School Systems of VA Group Self-Insurance Association for its employer liability insurance coverage and worker's compensation insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of VSBA Insurance Program and School Systems of VA Group Self-Insurance Association provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The Workers' compensation coverage provides the benefits set forth in the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act.

Note 17. Related Party Transactions

The Social Services fund had a 15 year lease for property that commenced during 2009 for which the City paid \$266,903 in 2022 for rent. During the year, the City purchased the building from the related party for approximately \$4,942,300. The City now leases this building back to the Winchester Department of Social Services. See additional details about the intra-entity lease in Note 9.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 18. Fund Balances

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the general fund balance and other governmental funds balance are presented below:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>				
Nonspendable: Prepaids Inventories	\$ - 4,974	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -				
Total nonspendable	4,974						
Restricted for: Revenue for public safety programs Revenue for community development programs Debt proceeds not yet spent for projects	213,733	- - 9,028,279	- - -				
Total restricted	213,733	9,028,279					
Committed to: Public works Public safety Parks, recreation and cultural Other capital projects	84,905 203,597 2,000,000	426,435	- - -				
Total committed	2,288,502	426,435					
Assigned to: Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation and cultural Subsequent year appropriation Total assigned	17,638 115,355 - 1,609,062 - 1,542,900 3,284,955	16,314 - - - - - 16,314	44,866 449,996 259,716 47,099 - 330,337 1,132,014				
Unassigned	24,951,839						
Total fund balance	\$ 30,744,003	\$ 9,471,028	\$ 1,132,014				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 19. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 1, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 20. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In May 2019, the GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In April 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 99**, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

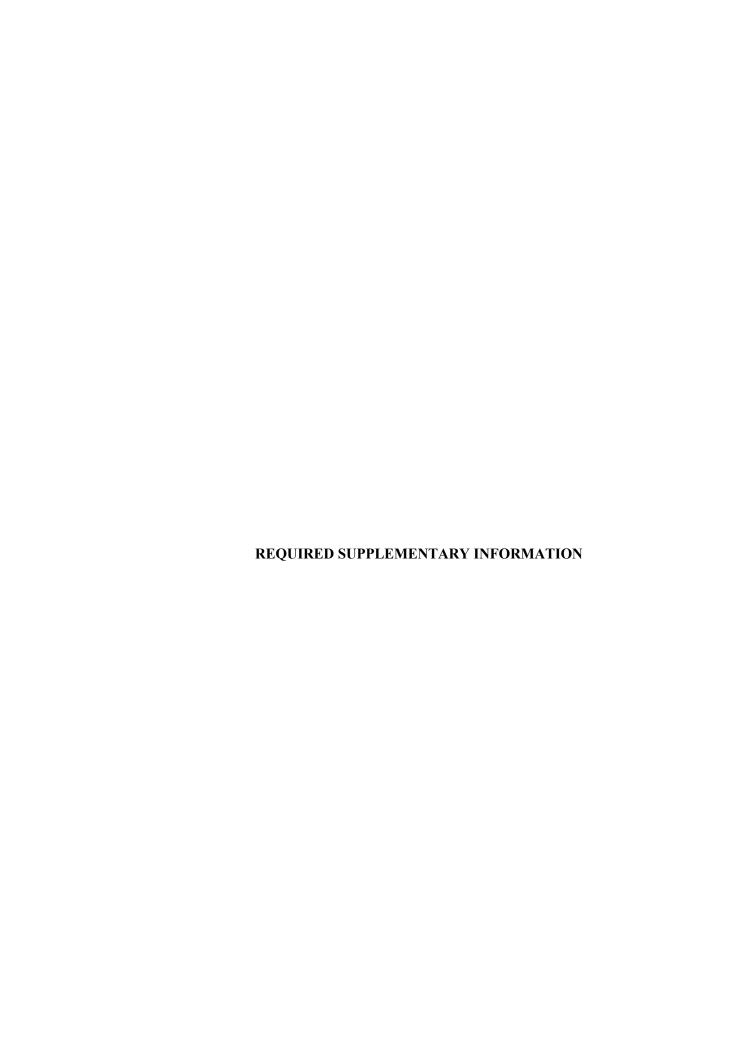
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 20. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 100**, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 101**, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS $_{\bf June~30,2022}$

Primary Government and Winchester Parking Authority Plan Year Ended June 30,

	Plan Year Ended June 30,														
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015		2014
Total Pension Liability															
Service cost	\$	2,681,427	\$	2,732,667	\$	2,597,139	\$	2,484,786	\$	2,579,048	\$	2,505,857	\$ 2,454,330	\$	2,316,409
Interest on total pension liability		7,400,627		6,842,363		6,619,241		6,194,543		5,955,078		5,655,539	5,566,393		5,265,624
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(4,920,195)		(4,616,328)		(4,498,689)		(4,051,306)		(3,747,622)		(3,717,526)	(3,463,806)		(3,782,051)
Difference between actual and															
expected experience		(2,928,336)		2,176,590		811,802		(556,820)		(573,149)		(249,368)	(2,623,418)		-
Changes of assumptions		4,312,620				3,228,192				(692,576)			-		
Net change in total pension liability		6,546,143		7,135,292		8,757,685		4,071,203		3,520,779		4,194,502	1,933,499		3,799,982
Total pension liability - beginning		110,527,167		103,391,875		94,634,190		90,562,987		87,042,208		82,847,706	 80,914,207		77,114,225
Total pension liability - ending	\$	117,073,310	\$	110,527,167	\$	103,391,875	\$	94,634,190	\$	90,562,987	\$	87,042,208	\$ 82,847,706	\$	80,914,207
Plan Fiduciary Net Position															
Contributions - employer	\$	2,405,081	\$	2,118,242	\$	2,112,247	\$	2,087,412	\$	2,054,193	\$	2,551,366	\$ 2,496,346	\$	2,480,335
Contributions - employee		1,174,178		1,233,064		1,292,059		1,084,938		1,107,449		1,102,156	1,063,902		1,010,980
Net investment income		25,789,902		1,770,438		5,982,376		6,089,112		9,027,657		1,291,832	3,207,547		9,515,209
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(4,920,195)		(4,616,328)		(4,498,689)		(4,051,306)		(3,747,622)		(3,717,526)	(3,463,806)		(3,782,051)
Administrative expenses		(63,756)		(60,203)		(58,925)		(52,294)		(51,704)		(44,712)	(43,206)		(50,971)
Other changes		(203,436)		198,071		(169,802)		(10,114)		(22,965)		63,874	(47,957)		502
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		24,181,774		643,284		4,659,266		5,147,748		8,367,008		1,246,990	3,212,826		9,174,004
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		92,860,989		92,217,705		87,558,439		82,410,691		74,043,683		72,796,693	69,583,867		60,409,863
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	117,042,763	\$	92,860,989	\$	92,217,705	\$	87,558,439	\$	82,410,691	\$	74,043,683	\$ 72,796,693	\$	69,583,867
								<u>-</u>							
Net pension liability - ending	\$	30,547	\$	17,666,178	\$	11,174,170	\$	7,075,751	\$	8,152,296	\$	12,998,525	\$ 10,051,013	\$	11,330,340
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		100%		84%		89%		93%		91%		85%	 88%		86%
Covered payroll	\$	24,694,829	\$	25,468,564	\$	23,917,946	\$	22,250,533	\$	22,001,965	\$	22,043,861	\$ 21,352,682	\$	20,509,189
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.12%		69%		47%		32%		37%		59%	 47%		55%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - e.g., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2022

Schools -Nonprofessional Employees

	Nonprotessional Employees Plan Year Ed. June 30.															
		2021		2020		2019		2018	iucu 31	2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability					_		_									
Service cost	\$	273,865	s	260,986	s	242,727	S	239,752	\$	229,749	\$	239,831	\$	232,607	\$	234,274
Interest on total pension liability		577,687		557,813		527,051		508,391		503,177		487,897		460,720		432,031
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(426,816)		(407,534)		(423,662)		(378,664)		(336,811)		(317,220)		(291,762)		(221,176)
Difference between actual and																
expected experience		(310,362)		(107,196)		167,672		(80,413)		(160,784)		(182,415)		(597)		-
Changes of assumptions		264,853	_			212,756		-		(139,925)		-			_	-
Net change in total pension liability		379,227		304,069		726,544		289,066		95,406		228,093		400,968		445,129
Total pension liability - beginning		8,771,739		8,467,670		7,741,126		7,452,060		7,356,654		7,128,561		6,727,593		6,282,464
Total pension liability - ending	\$	9,150,966	\$	8,771,739	\$	8,467,670	\$	7,741,126	\$	7,452,060	\$	7,356,654	\$	7,128,561	\$	6,727,593
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions - employer	\$	144,042	\$	133,747	\$	127,371	\$	140,978	\$	142,642	\$	182,973	\$	182,430	\$	202,866
Contributions - employee		116,047		118,764		111,012		108,249		109,305		104,368		104,329		100,009
Net investment income		2,291,593		158,448		534,183		562,499		839,313		118,191		298,135		884,655
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(426,816)		(407,534)		(423,662)		(378,664)		(336,811)		(317,220)		(291,762)		(221,176)
Administrative expenses		(5,701)		(5,476)		(5,338)		(4,863)		(4,829)		(4,204)		(4,031)		(4,659)
Other changes		216		(190)		(336)		(501)		(748)		(51)		(62)		46
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,119,381		(2,241)		343,230		427,698		748,872		84,057		289,039		961,741
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,418,206		8,420,447		8,077,217		7,649,519		6,900,647		6,816,590		6,527,551		5,565,810
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	10,537,587	\$	8,418,206	\$	8,420,447	\$	8,077,217	\$	7,649,519	\$	6,900,647	\$	6,816,590	\$	6,527,551
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$	(1,386,621)	S	353,533	S	47,223	\$	(336,091)	\$	(197,459)	\$	456,007	\$	311,971	\$	200,042
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (asset)	_	115%	_	96%	_	99%	_	104%		103%		94%		96%		97%
Covered payroll	\$	2,467,380	s	2,509,199	s	2,342,029	\$	2,278,347	\$	2,245,349	\$	2,127,334	\$	2,109,954	\$	2,044,072
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-56%	_	14%	_	2%	_	-15%	_	-9%	_	21%		15%		10%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - e.g., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2022

					Employer's Proportionate Share of	
School Division Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.35%	\$	27,138,040	\$ 31,839,788	85.23%	85.46%
2021	0.35%		51,555,588	31,549,305	163.41%	71.47%
2018	0.35%		46,466,019	29,750,334	156.19%	73.51%
2017	0.36%		42,860,000	29,604,640	144.77%	74.81%
2016	0.37%		45,450,000	29,329,091	154.97%	72.92%
2015	0.38%		53,014,000	28,839,427	183.82%	68.28%
2014	0.38%		47,549,000	28,107,384	169.17%	70.68%
2015	0.37%		44,422,000	27,264,162	162.93%	70.88%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - e.g., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

13.94%

14.50%

28,839,427

28,107,384

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2022

Contributions in Relation to Contributions as a **Entity Fiscal Year Contractually Required Contractually Required Contribution Deficiency Employer's Covered** Percentage of Covered **Ended June 30** Contribution Contribution (Excess) Payroll Payroll **Primary Government and Winchester Parking Authority** \$ 9.59% 2022 \$ 2,564,944 2,564,944 26,743,991 2021 2,377,464 2,377,464 24,694,829 9.63% 2020 2,156,879 2,156,879 25,468,564 8.47% 2019 2,063,819 2,063,819 23,917,946 8.63% 2018 2,086,214 2,086,214 22,250,533 9.38% 2017 2,051,838 2,051,838 22,001,965 9.33% 2016 2,567,157 2,567,157 22,043,861 11.65% 2015 2,638,462 2,638,462 21,352,682 12.36% **Schools - Nonprofessional Employees** 2022 162,065 \$ 162,065 \$ 2,842,683 5.70% \$ 2021 144,444 144,444 2,467,380 5.85% 134,192 2020 134,192 2,509,199 5.35% 127,729 127,729 2,342,029 5.45% 2019 2018 141,361 141,361 2,278,347 6.20% 143,042 2017 143,042 2,245,349 6.37% 2016 183,396 183,396 2,127,334 8.62% 182,815 182,815 2,109,954 8.66% 2015 Schools - VRS Teacher Retirement Plan 15.62% 2022 5,273,804 \$ 5,273,804 \$ 33,769,087 \$ 2021 4,951,480 4,951,480 31,839,788 15.55% 2020 4,687,085 4,687,085 31,549,305 14.86% 2019 4,523,107 4,523,107 29,750,334 15.20% 4,713,786 29,604,640 15.92% 2018 4,713,786 2017 4,205,966 4,205,966 29,329,091 14.34%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

4,021,395

4,074,900

2016

2015

4,021,395

4,074,900

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2022

	Plan Year Ended													
VRS Health Insurance Credit - City and WPA		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017				
Total OPEB Liability	·					<u> </u>								
Service cost	\$	13,801	\$	14,218	\$	14,221	\$	13,397	\$	14,030				
Interest on total OPEB liability		32,041		32,014		34,748		33,879		32,993				
Difference between expected and actual experience		6,524		(17,299)		(46,940)		(25,089)		-				
Changes of assumptions		5,568		-		13,750		-		(17,997)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(33,115)		(32,656)		(22,827)		(25,595)		(11,878)				
Net change in total OPEB liability		24,819		(3,723)		(7,048)		(3,408)		17,148				
Total OPEB liability - beginning		480,245		483,968		491,016		494,424		477,276				
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	505,064		480,245		483,968		491,016		494,424				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer		19,164		23,214		22,855		21,761		22,286				
Net investment income		106,192		8,184		25,415		25,719		36,848				
Benefit payments		(33,115)		(32,656)		(22,827)		(25,595)		(11,878)				
Administrative expenses		(1,224)		(777)		(557)		(606)		(615)				
Other		(712)		1,687		(3,306)		(2,466)		1,819				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		90,305		(348)		21,580		18,813		48,460				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		400,405		400,753		379,173		360,360		311,900				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		490,710		400,405		400,753		379,173		360,360				
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	14,354	\$	79,840	\$	83,215	\$	111,843	\$	134,064				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		97%		83%		83%		77%		73%				
Covered payroll	\$	19,021,853	\$	19,818,132	\$	18,532,932	\$	17,312,179	\$	17,226,470				
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.08%		0.40%		0.45%		0.65%		0.78%				

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2017 was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2018 financial report.

Note: Plan year 2017 amounts corrected in 2019 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) is the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2022

	Plan Year Ended										
VRS Health Insurance Credit - Schools Nonprofessional Employees		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total OPEB Liability											
Service cost	\$	4,582	\$	4,460	\$	3,547	\$	3,227	\$	3,096	
Interest on total OPEB liability		8,481		8,314		7,414		7,425		7,360	
Changes in benefit terms		-		4,016		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(9,106)		(6,898)		10,142		(3,657)		-	
Changes of assumptions		3,752		-		2,930		-		(4,270)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(7,738)		(7,090)		(6,477)		(7,819)		(2,701)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(29)		2,802		17,556		(824)		3,485	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		129,515		126,713		109,157		109,981		106,496	
Total OPEB liability - ending		129,486		129,515		126,713		109,157		109,981	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions - employer		7,621		6,016		5,607		5,669		5,614	
Net investment income		23,063		1,739		5,329		5,875		8,159	
Benefit payments		(7,738)		(7,090)		(6,477)		(7,819)		(2,701)	
Administrative expenses		(275)		(167)		(116)		132		(135)	
Other				(1)		(6)		(914)		401	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		22,671		497		4,337		2,943		11,338	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		88,020		87,523		83,186		80,243		68,905	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		110,691		88,020		87,523		83,186		80,243	
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	18,795	\$	41,495	\$	39,190	\$	25,971	\$	29,738	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		85%	_	68%		69%	_	76%		73%	
Covered payroll	\$	2,464,994	\$	2,509,199	\$	2,336,297	\$	2,267,717	\$	2,245,349	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	_	1%		2%		2%		1%		1%	

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2017 was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2018 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) is the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2022

	Plan Year Ended									
Local Plan - Totals for all employers		2022	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	253,318	\$	243,481	\$	235,248	\$	222,257	\$	214,120
Interest on total OPEB liability		592,600		566,667		456,740		395,825		374,376
Difference between expected and actual experience		820,242		(7,634)		2,007,314		633,920		(3,365)
Changes of assumptions		(2,209,129)		-		(603,377)		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(466,582)		(381,094)		(360,870)		(294,359)		(253,650)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,009,551)		421,420		1,735,055		957,643		331,481
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,333,739		8,912,319		7,177,264		6,219,621		5,888,140
Total OPEB liability - ending		8,324,188		9,333,739		8,912,319	_	7,177,264		6,219,621
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer		466,582		799,094		677,870		688,359		3,763,727
Net investment income		(873,807)		1,294,260		218,216		253,647		7,260
Benefit payments		(466,582)		(381,094)		(360,870)		(294,359)		(253,650)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(873,807)		1,712,260		535,216		647,647		3,517,337
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,412,460		4,700,200		4,164,984		3,517,337		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		5,538,653		6,412,460		4,700,200		4,164,984		3,517,337
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,785,535	\$	2,921,279	\$	4,212,119	\$	3,012,280	\$	2,702,284
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		67%	_	69%		53%		58%		57%
Covered payroll	\$	29,203,858	\$	26,954,995	\$	25,706,956	\$	24,341,867	\$	23,926,081
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		10%	_	11%		16%	_	12%		11%
Schedule of Investment Returns										
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		-13.29%		26.22%		5.08%		6.78%		0.59%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 is the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY June 30, 2022

Plan Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		Emp	lloyer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		
Local Plan - City and W									
2022	94.40%	\$	2,629,545	\$	29,203,858	9.00%	66.54%		
2021	95.10%		2,778,137		26,954,995	10.31%	68.70%		
2020	95.10%		4,005,725		25,706,956	15.58%	52.74%		
2019	95.35%		2,872,209		24,341,867	11.80%	58.03%		
2018	95.61%		2,583,654		23,926,081	10.80%	56.55%		
Virginia Retirement Sys	tem - Group Life Insurance	- City a	nd WPA						
2021	0.13%	\$	1,415,459	\$	24,824,551	5.70%	67.45%		
2020	0.14%		2,031,603		25,580,734	7.94%	52.64%		
2019	0.13%		2,031,179		23,957,369	8.48%	52.00%		
2018	0.13%		1,780,176		22,336,167	7.97%	51.22%		
2017	0.13%		1,783,983		21,855,882	8.16%	48.86%		
Virginia Retirement Sys	tem - Line of Duty Act - City	,							
2021	0.87%	\$	3,848,534	\$	10,060,931	38.25%	1.68%		
2020	0.96%		4,018,366		10,052,714	39.97%	1.02%		
2019	0.92%		3,316,000		9,748,157	34.02%	0.79%		
2018	0.94%		2,947,000		9,253,377	31.85%	0.60%		
2017	0.99%		2,606,000		9,299,054	28.02%	1.30%		
Virginia Retirement Sys	tem - Group Life Insurance	- Schoo	ls (Teacher and No	n-profes	sional)				
2021	0.16%	\$	1,902,070	\$	34,387,933	5.53%	67.45%		
2020	0.16%		2,731,385		34,123,682	8.00%	52.64%		
2019	0.15%		2,663,347		32,085,718	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.17%		2,548,000		31,898,684	7.99%	51.22%		
2017	0.17%		2,569,000		31,488,698	8.16%	48.86%		
Virginia Retirement Sys	tem - Health Insurance Cred	lit - Tea	nchers						
2021	0.35%	\$	4,526,250	\$	31,838,038	14.22%	13.15%		
2020	0.35%	*	4,629,337	~	31,549,305	14.67%	9.95%		
2019	0.35%		4,639,048		29,723,396	15.61%	8.97%		
2018	0.37%		4,646,000		29,591,167	15.70%	8.08%		
2017	0.37%		4,700,000		29,240,563	16.07%	7.04%		
2017	3.5770		.,,,,,,,,,		25,2.0,505	13.0770	7.0170		

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - e.g., plan year 2017 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2018 financial report.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - CITY June 30, 2022

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Emp	ployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
VRS Health Insur	ance Cr	edit - City and	WPA					
2022	\$	19,926	\$	19,926	-	\$	20,436,216	0.10%
2021		18,994		18,994	-		19,021,853	0.10%
2020		23,695		23,695	-		19,818,132	0.12%
2019		22,204		22,204	-		18,532,932	0.12%
2018		21,663		21,663	-		17,312,179	0.13%
Virginia Retireme	nt Syste	m - Group Lif	e Insur	ance - City and WPA				
2022	\$	144,723	\$	144,723	-	\$	26,829,324	0.54%
2021		133,907		133,907	-		24,824,551	0.54%
2020		132,580		132,580	-		25,580,734	0.52%
2019		124,331		124,331	-		23,957,369	0.52%
2018		116,437		116,437	-		22,336,167	0.52%
Virginia Retireme	nt Syste	m - Line of Du	ıty Act	- City				
2022	\$	122,301	\$	122,301	-	\$	10,685,910	1.14%
2021		120,149		120,149	-		10,060,931	1.19%
2020		130,391		130,391	-		10,052,714	1.30%
2019		124,039		124,039	-		9,748,157	1.27%
2018		100,141		100,141	-		9,253,377	1.08%

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	 ributions in Relation tuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Emp	oloyer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Local Plan - City	and WP	A					
2022	\$	-	\$ -	-	\$	29,203,858	0.00%
2021		397,518	397,518	-		26,954,995	1.47%
2020		301,467	301,467	-		25,706,956	1.17%
2019		375,679	375,679	-		24,341,867	1.54%
2018		3,355,985	3,355,985	-		23,926,081	14.03%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the City's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - SCHOOLS June 30, 2022

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	ntractually Required ntribution		ributions in Relation ntractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Em	ployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
VRS Health Insur	ance Cr	edit - Schools	Nonpro	fessional Employees				
2022	\$	8,659	\$	8,659	-	\$	2,842,683	0.30%
2021		7,620		7,620	-		2,464,994	0.31%
2020		6,016		6,016	-		2,509,199	0.24%
2019		5,607		5,607	-		2,336,297	0.24%
2018		5,669		5,669	-		2,267,717	0.25%
Virginia Retireme	nt Syste	m - Group Lif	e Insur	ance - Schools (Teacher	and Non-professional)			
2022	\$	195,138	\$	195,138	-	\$	36,585,755	0.53%
2021		182,368		182,368	-		34,387,933	0.53%
2020		175,154		175,154	-		34,123,682	0.51%
2019		168,064		168,064	-		32,085,718	0.52%
2018		167,149		167,149	-		31,898,684	0.52%
Virginia Retireme	nt Syste	m - Health Ins	surance	Credit - Teachers				
2022	\$	403,319	\$	403,319	-	\$	33,731,893	1.20%
2021		377,877		377,877	-		31,838,038	1.19%
2020		373,337		373,337	-		31,549,305	1.18%
2019		356,531		356,531	-		29,723,396	1.20%
2018		363,973		363,973	-		29,591,167	1.23%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the School's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scape MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year and service through 9 years of service.
- No change to disability rates.
- No change to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scape MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70.
- Decreased withdrawal rates.
- No change to disability rates.
- No change to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scape MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year and service through 9 years of service.
- No change to disability rates.
- No changes to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scape MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70.
- Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty.
- No change to disability rates.
- No change to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scape MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 78 to 80 for all.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year and service through 9 years of service.
- No change to disability rates.
- No changes to salary scale.
- No change to discount rate.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- **Social Services Fund** to account for the provision of health and welfare services. Financing is provided by state and federal funds, which may be used only for this purpose.
- **Highway Maintenance Fund** to account for the proceeds of state street and highway maintenance grants, and the related expenditure which is to be used for this purpose. This fund is only used for maintenance related expenditures, capital expenditures are recorded in other applicable funds.
- **Emergency Medical Services Fund** to account for the provision of emergency medical transportation services. Financing is provided by fees charged to customers and insurance providers.
- Winchester-Frederick County Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund to account for the costs of a shared visitors bureau. Financing is provided in equal amounts by the City of Winchester and Frederick County.
- **Law Library Fund** to account for the purchase of reference material for the law library. Financing is provided by a portion of court fines levied. Such funds are limited to expenditures for this purpose.
- **Transit Fund** to account for grants and monies received and used for operations of the City's public transit system.
- **Federal Grants Fund** to account for Federal grants and monies received under the American Rescue Plan Act and used for the City's response to COVID and fiscal recovery.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									Exhibit 18						
					Er	mergency		Win-Fred Convention								
		Social Services Fund		Highway aintenance Fund		Medical Services Fund	a	nd Visitors Bureau Fund		Law Library Fund		Transit Fund		Federal Grants Fund		Total
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	329,814	\$	315,402	\$	595,811	\$	248,725	\$	32,850	\$	474	\$	-	\$	1,523,076
Investments		11,297		10,803		20,408		8,519		1,125		16		-		52,168
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		380,202		-		1,072		8,240		-		389,514
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		8,707,021		8,707,021
Investments - restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		298,236		298,236
Due from other governments	_	1,166,802	_	-	-			147,063	_	11,296	_	931,874		44,781		2,301,816
Total assets	\$	1,507,913	\$	326,205		996,421	\$	404,307	\$	46,343	\$	940,604	\$	9,050,038	\$	13,271,831
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$	1,299,906	\$	63,825		191,156	\$	64,595	\$	1,477	\$	4,306		129,756	\$	1,755,021
Accrued payroll		160,911		49,136		25,915		9,375		-		41,324		7,523		294,184
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		848,500		-		848,500
Unearned revenue	_		_	=					_					8,912,759		8,912,759
Total liabilities		1,460,817		112,961		217,071	_	73,970	_	1,477		894,130	_	9,050,038		11,810,464
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable revenue	_		_			329,353	_		_		_		_		_	329,353
Fund balances:																
Assigned	_	47,096	-	213,244		449,997	_	330,337	_	44,866	_	46,474	_		_	1,132,014
Total fund balances	_	47,096	_	213,244		449,997		330,337	_	44,866	_	46,474			_	1,132,014
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			,													
and fund balances	\$	1,507,913	\$	326,205	\$	996,421	\$	404,307	\$	46,343	\$	940,604	\$	9,050,038	\$	13,271,831

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

															Exhibit 19
							Special Reve	nue	e Funds						
		Social Services Fund	Highway aintenance Fund]	Emergency Medical Services Fund	(Win-Fred Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund		Law Library Fund		Transit Fund		Federal Grants Fund		Total
REVENUES															
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	-	\$ 6	\$	339	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	345
Charges for services		-	-		1,301,474		-		22,449		36,670		-		1,360,593
Miscellaneous		-	7,913		-		63,123		-		627		-		71,663
Intergovernmental:															
Frederick County		-	-		-		567,063		-		-		-		567,063
Commonwealth		4,496,034	3,458,311		-		-		-		395,822		-		8,350,167
Federal		3,691,045	 5,900	_		_	-	_	-	_	931,874		4,054,202		8,683,021
Total revenues		8,187,079	 3,472,130		1,301,813		630,186	_	22,449	_	1,364,993	_	4,054,202	_	19,032,852
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General administration		-	-		-		-		-		-		714,750		714,750
Judicial administration		-	-		-		-		58,204		-		55,326		113,530
Public safety		-	-		1,301,813		-		-		-		883,584		2,185,397
Public works		-	3,469,985		-		-		-		1,360,824		171,360		5,002,169
Health and welfare		11,412,330	-		-		-		-		-		557,390		11,969,720
Parks, recreation and culture													156,934		156,934
Community development		-	-		-		610,315		-		-		316,395		926,710
Capital outlay		33,664	26,625		-		-		-		-		1,198,463		1,258,752
Debt service:															
Principal		35,105	1,483		-		-		-		-				36,588
Interest and fiscal charges		13,883	 9	_		_		_		_		_		_	13,892
Total expenditures		11,494,982	 3,498,102	_	1,301,813		610,315	_	58,204	_	1,360,824	_	4,054,202	_	22,378,442
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over															
expenditures		(3,307,903)	 (25,972)	_	-	_	19,871	_	(35,755)	_	4,169	_	-		(3,345,590)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES															
Transfers in		3,372,480	-		-		150,500		-		-		-		3,522,980
Transfers out	_	(40,000)	 	_			-	_	-						(40,000)
Total other financing sources	_	3,332,480	 	_			150,500	_		_				_	3,482,980
Net change in fund balances		24,577	(25,972)		-		170,371		(35,755)		4,169		-		137,390
Fund balance - beginning	_	22,519	 239,216	_	449,997	_	159,966	_	80,621	_	42,305				994,624
Fund balance - ending	\$	47,096	\$ 213,244	\$	449,997	\$	330,337	\$	44,866	\$	46,474	\$		\$	1,132,014

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

·		Social Ser	vices Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance w/ Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	S -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	=	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	3,889,082	4,274,590	4,496,034	221,444
Federal	3,512,878	3,757,472	3,691,045	(66,427
Total revenues	7,401,960	8,032,062	8,187,079	155,017
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General	-	-	-	-
Judicial administration	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	10,764,000	11,355,364	11,412,330	(56,966
Parks, recreation and culture				
Community development	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	25,000	32,650	33,664	(1,014
Debt service:				
Principal	<u>-</u>	_	35,105	(35,105
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	13,883	(13,883
Total expenditures	10,789,000	11,388,014	11,494,982	(106,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(3,387,040)	(3,355,952)	(3,307,903)	48,049
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(0,000,000)	(0,000,000)	(0,000,000)	
Transfers in	3,387,040	3,395,952	3,372,480	(23,472
Transfers out	3,507,010	(40,000)	(40,000)	(23,172
Appropriation of fund balance		(40,000)	(40,000)	-
** *	2 297 040			-
Total other financing sources	3,387,040	3,355,952	3,332,480	(23,472
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,577	\$ 24,577

	Win-Fred Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund								
		riginal sudget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES			•						
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Charges for services Miscellaneous		50,000	50,000	63,123	12 122				
Intergovernmental:		30,000	30,000	03,123	13,123				
Frederick County		368,500	368,500	567,063	198,563				
Commonwealth		308,300	300,300	307,003	190,303				
Federal		_	_	_					
Total revenues		418,500	418,500	630,186	211,686				
EXPENDITURES	-	110,000	110,000	030,100	211,000				
Current:									
Judicial administration		_	=	-	-				
Public works		-	-	-	-				
Community development		569,000	629,000	610,315	18,685				
Capital Outlay									
Total expenditures		569,000	629,000	610,315	18,685				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(150,500)	(210,500)	19,871	230,371				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers in		150,500	150,500	150,500	-				
Appropriation of fund balance		-	60,000	-	(60,000)				
Total other financing sources	-	150,500	210,500	150,500	(60,000)				
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	S -	\$ 170,371	\$ 170,371				

												Exhibit 20
		Highway Ma	intenance Fund			Emergency Med	lical Services Fund		ı	Federal C	Grants Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	_	s -	s	6 \$	5 \$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 339	\$ (1,661)	s -	s -	s -	s -
Ψ	_	-	Ψ -	-	1,148,000			153,474	_	-	ψ - -	- -
	-	_	7,9	13 7,913		-,,	-,,,,,,,	-	-	-	-	=
									-	-	-	-
	3,441,000	3,441,000				-	-	-	-	=	=	-
	4,000	4,000	5,9	00 1,900			. <u>-</u>			6,168,841	4,054,202	(2,114,639)
	3,445,000	3,445,000	3,472,13	27,130	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,301,813	151,813		6,168,841	4,054,202	(2,114,639)
	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	731,400	714,750	16,650
	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	55,400		74
	_	_	_	_	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,301,813	(151,813)		1,412,495		528,911
	3,445,000	3,618,350	3,469,9	35 148,365		, ,		-	-	209,200		37,840
	· -		-	· -	-	_	_	_	-	818,500		261,110
									-	157,000	156,934	66
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	896,415	316,395	580,020
	-	26,650	26,6	25 25	-	-	-	-	-	1,888,431	1,198,463	689,968
	-	=	1,4	83 (1,483	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				9 (9	-	. <u>-</u>	<u> </u>			-	<u> </u>	
	3,445,000	3,645,000	3,498,10	02 146,898	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,301,813	(151,813)) <u>-</u>	6,168,841	4,054,202	2,114,639
	_	(200,000	(25,9	72) 174,028	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
			·			. ———		-				
	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	-	-	=
	-	-	-	- (200.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		200,000		(200,000		· 	. 	-	-	-		
		200,000		(200,000			·				·	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ (25,9)	72) \$ (25,972	2) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>s</u> -	\$ -	\$ -

	Law Libi	ary Fund		Transit Fund								
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -					
33,000	33,000	22,449	(10,551)	30,000	30,000	36,670	6,670					
-	-	=	=	-	=	627	627					
-	-	-	-	-	=	-	=					
-	-	-	-	189,000	189,000	395,822	206,822					
 				1,046,000	1,152,000	931,874	(220,126)					
 33,000	33,000	22,449	(10,551)	1,265,000	1,371,000	1,364,993	(6,007)					
50,000	50,000	58,204	(8,204)	-	_	_	-					
-	´-	-	-	1,265,000	1,371,000	1,360,824	10,176					
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
 50,000	50,000	58,204	(8,204)	1,265,000	1,371,000	1,360,824	10,176					
 (17,000)	(17,000)	(35,755)	(18,755)		<u> </u>	4,169	4,169					
-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-					
 17,000	17,000		(17,000)									
 17,000	17,000		(17,000)		·							
\$ -	\$ -	\$ (35,755)	\$ (35,755)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,169	\$ 4,169					

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	For the	e Year Ended Ju	ne 50, 2022			Exhibit 21
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 27,315	\$	27,315
Recovered costs		20,000	20,000	-		(20,000)
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		2,820,000	9,315,110	4,963,917		(4,351,193)
Federal		162,000	162,000	111,857		(50,143)
Total revenues		3,002,000	9,497,110	5,103,089		(4,394,021)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public works		13,402,000	28,182,390	16,202,591		11,979,799
Parks, recreation and culture		2,400,000	2,753,523	512,920		2,240,603
Debt service:						
Bond issuance costs		300,000	300,000	232,681		67,319
Total expenditures		16,102,000	31,235,913	16,948,192	_	14,287,721
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		(13,100,000)	(21,738,803)	(11,845,103) _	9,893,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of bonds		13,100,000	13,100,000	11,960,000		(1,140,000)
Proceeds from premium on bond issuance		-	-	1,083,235		1,083,235
Transfers in		-	1,833,119	1,491,000		(342,119)
Appropriation of fund balance		-	6,805,684	-		(6,805,684)
Total other financing sources		13,100,000	21,738,803	14,534,235		(7,204,568)
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 2,689,132	\$	2.689.132

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Employee Benefits Fund – to account for the receipt and payment of funds for City employee fringe benefits, including health insurance and workers' compensation. Cost reimbursement revenues paid by departments and agencies of the City, as well as participating employees, are used to provide the employee fringe benefits.

Equipment Operating Fund – to account for the purchase and use of equipment inventory, which is provided to departments and agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Employee Benefits Fund	Equipment Operating Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 957,818	\$ 118,047	\$ 1,075,865
Investments	32,807	4,043	36,850
Accounts receivable, net	10,745	170	10,915
Due from other governments, net	-	-	-
Prepaids	-	-	-
Inventories	-	137,581	137,581
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	294,376	-	294,376
Total current assets	1,295,746	259,841	1,555,587
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable, net	_	56,224	56,224
Total assets	1,295,746	316,065	1,611,811
10th 45505	1,275,740	310,003	1,011,011
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred outflows	-	86,891	86,891
Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows		40,286	40,286
Total deferred outflows of resources		127,177	127,177
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	718,271	36,831	755,102
Accrued payroll	-	48,195	48,195
Compensated absences - current		32,606	32,606
Total current liabilities	718,271	117,632	835,903
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	_	37,961	37,961
Net pension liability	_	381	381
Net other postemployment benefit liability	-	55,832	55,832
Total noncurrent liabilities		94,174	94,174
Total liabilities	718,271	211,806	930,077
Total habilities	/16,2/1	211,800	930,077
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred inflows	_	185,203	185,203
Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows	-	39,593	39,593
Total deferred inflows of resources		224,796	224,796
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		56,224	56,224
Unrestricted	577.475	(49,584)	527,891
Total net position	\$ 577,475	\$ 6,640	\$ 584,115

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Be	ployee nefits und	Equipment Operating Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	810,096	\$ 2,354,267	\$	3,164,363
Total operating revenues		810,096	2,354,267		3,164,363
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services		-	907,493		907,493
Contractual services		-	299,945		299,945
Other supplies and expenses		-	1,260,394		1,260,394
Insurance claims and expenses		589,569	-		589,569
Depreciation		-	10,001		10,001
Total operating expenses		589,569	2,477,833		3,067,402
Operating income (loss)		220,527	 (123,566)		96,961
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings			 25		25
Change in net position		220,527	(123,541)		96,986
Total net position - beginning		356,948	 130,181	_	487,129
Total net position - ending	\$	577,475	\$ 6,640	\$	584,115

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Employee Benefits Fund	Equipment Operating Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	002.520	Φ 2.254.252	Φ.	2 155 502
Cash received from internal services provided	\$	803,530	\$ 2,354,252	\$	3,157,782
Cash paid to suppliers		-	(1,674,380)		(1,674,380)
Cash paid to employees		-	(844,278)		(844,278)
Premiums paid		(16,184)	-		(16,184)
Other receipts			688		688
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		787,346	(163,718)		623,628
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds of investments, net		(20,862)	10,971		(9,891)
Investment income		-	25		25
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(20,862)	10,996		(9,866)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		766,484	(152,722)		613,762
		405 710	270 760		756 470
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		485,710	270,769		756,479
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	1,252,194	\$ 118,047	\$	1,370,241
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year is comprised of the following:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	957,818	\$ 118,047	\$	1,075,865
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		294,376			294,376
Total	\$	1,252,194	\$ 118,047	\$	1,370,241
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	220,527	\$ (123,566)	\$	96,961
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			40.004		40.004
Depreciation		-	10,001		10,001
Pension expense, net of employer contributions		-	(5,126)		(5,126)
Other postemployment benefit expense, net of employer contributions		-	1,778		1,778
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable		(6,566)	(15)		(6,581)
Prepaids		505,885	(15)		505,885
Due from other governments		303,883	688		688
Inventories		-	(20,708)		(20,708)
Increase (decrease) in:		-	(20,700)		(20,700)
Accounts payable		67,500	(93,333)		(25,833)
Accrued payroll		-	30,546		30,546
Compensated absences		-	36,017		36,017
Compensate accordes			30,017	-	30,017
Total adjustments		566,819	(40,152)		526,667

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

- **Special Welfare Fund** to account for the receipt and payment of funds collected by the City on the behalf of certain social services clients.
- Northwestern Regional Jail Authority Construction Fund to account for bond proceeds for purposes of constructing a new regional jail.
- Northwestern Regional Juvenile Detention Center Fund to account for state grants, member locality contributions and reimbursements, and other revenues for the purpose of operating a joint juvenile detention center.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	June 30,	2022					Exhibit 25
	We	ecial elfare und	Northwestern Regional Jail Authority Construction Fund			orthwestern ional Juvenile ention Center Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	781	\$	-	\$	1,772,588	\$ 1,773,369
Investments - restricted		-		1,347,692		60,715	1,408,407
Accounts receivable		-				29,509	 29,509
Total assets	\$	781	\$	1,347,692	\$	1,862,812	\$ 3,211,285
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		-		-		7,769	7,769
Accrued payroll		-				95,939	 95,939
Total liabilities						103,708	 103,708
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	781	\$	1,347,692	\$	1,759,104	\$ 3,107,577

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Exhibit 26			
	Special Ifare Fund	Ja	vestern Regional il Authority truction Fund	Juve	vestern Regional nile Detention enter Fund	Total
ADDITIONS						
Member contributions	\$ 25,702	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 25,702
Payments collected from other local governments	-		1,233,925		2,079,772	3,313,697
Payments collected from Federal government	-		-		261,253	261,253
Grant proceeds	-		-		857,527	857,527
Miscellaneous INVESTMENT INCOME:	-		-		68,845	68,845
Interest and dividends	 -		1,028			 1,028
Net investment income (loss)	-		1,028		-	1,028
Total additions	\$ 25,702	\$	1,234,953	\$	3,267,397	\$ 4,528,052
DEDUCTIONS						
Payments made to welfare recipients	\$ 29,217	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 29,217
Bond principal payments	-		850,000		-	850,000
Bond interest payments	-		383,925		-	383,925
Payroll	-		-		2,723,134	2,723,134
Administrative	 				391,058	 391,058
Total deductions	\$ 29,217	\$	1,233,925	\$	3,114,192	\$ 4,377,334
Change in fiduciary net position	(3,515)		1,028		153,205	150,718
Total net position - beginning	 4,296		1,346,664		1,605,899	 2,956,859

781 \$

Total net position - ending

1,347,692 \$ 1,759,104 \$

3,107,577

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

School Operating Fund – to account for the operations and maintenance of the schools. Financing is provided by state and federal funds, and by appropriations from the City's general revenues. State and federal education funds received may be used only for this purpose. Annual appropriations from general revenues were restricted by the Appropriations Resolution to education expenditures.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

- **School Fundraising Fund** created to account fundraising revenue and expenditures for the construction of school facilities.
- **School Capital Improvement Fund** created to account for unexpended school funds allowed by the Common Council to be carried over to future periods for school related capital projects.
- **School Construction Fund** created to account for the financing and construction of school capital projects. Currently, financing is provided by bond proceeds. Expenditures are for the construction of school facilities.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- **School Cafeteria Fund** to account for the operation and maintenance of cafeterias of the schools. Financing is provided primarily from charges for services and federal and state lunch subsidiaries. Such funds are limited by federal and state law to expenditures for cafeteria operations and maintenance.
- **School Federal Grants Fund** to account for the proceeds from federal grants. Such funds are limited to specified educational expenditures that are governed by the terms of the grant.
- **School Textbook Fund** to account for the purchase and sale of school textbooks. Financing is provided primarily by the transfer of funds from the School Operating Fund and funds received are limited by the School Board to expenditures only for school textbooks.
- **School Activity Funds** to account for funds received from extracurricular school activities, and from any and all school sponsored activities of the Schools that involve school personnel, students, or property.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD (Continued)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

School Insurance Fund – to account for the operation of a partially self-insured employee health insurance program. Receipts from the School Board and participating employees are used to pay claims and purchase insurance for excess claims.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Newton B. Shingleton, M. Louise Cooper, and School Scholarship Funds – to account for donations received for the purpose of funding scholarships.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

										Exhibit 27
	School Operating Fund		School Fundraising Fund		School Capital Improvement Fund	Co	School nstruction Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,864,023	\$	2,414,844	\$	7,405,867	\$	488,062	\$ 4,674,947	\$	16,847,743
Investments	63,847		82,687		253,668		16,717	132,649		549,568
Receivables, net:										
Accounts	90,676		-		-		-	3,425		94,101
Promises to give	-		2,381		-		-	-		2,381
Due from other funds	4,206,696		-		2,000		-	2 270 705		4,208,696
Due from other governments	1,011,273		-		-		-	2,379,705		3,390,978
Investments - restricted	-		-		-		1,124,913	100,159		100,159
mvestments - restricted		_		_	<u>-</u>		1,124,913		_	1,124,913
Total assets	\$ 7,236,515	\$	2,499,912	\$	7,661,535	\$	1,629,692	\$ 7,290,885	\$	26,318,539
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 835,429	\$	_	\$	1,216,071	S	256,395	\$ 140,266	\$	2,448,161
Accrued payroll	6,060,371	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	•	-	603,071		6,663,442
Due to other funds	-		-		-		2,000	4,206,696		4,208,696
Total liabilities	6,895,800			_	1,216,071		258,395	4,950,033	_	13,320,299
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue	10,690		2,381	_	-		-		-	13,071
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,690		2,381	_						13,071
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-	100,159		100,159
Restricted:							868,518			060 510
Debt proceeds not yet spent Assigned	330,025		2,497,531		6,445,464		502,779	3,641,306		868,518 13,417,105
Unassigned	330,023		2,497,331		0,445,404		302,779	(1,400,613		(1,400,613)
Chassigned						-			-	
Total fund balances	330,025		2,497,531	_	6,445,464		1,371,297	2,340,852	_	12,985,169
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 7,236,515	\$	2,499,912	\$	7,661,535	\$	1,629,692	\$ 7,290,885		
Amounts reported for governmental activi Position (Exhibit 1) are different becar Capital assets used in governmenta resources and, therefore, are no	use: al activities are not finar	ncial								134,664,429
Other long-term assets are not ava expenditures and, therefore, ar		-perio	od							13,071
Internal service funds are used by maintenance and risk managen and liabilities of the internal se	nent, to individual funds ervice fund is included in	s. The	e assets							71.050
activities in the Statement of N Long-term liabilities, including de in the current period and there	bt and leases payable, a									71,959
Leases Compensated absences										(401,221) (2,669,253)
Financial statement elements relate future periods and, therefore, a			to							
Pension related deferred outflo Pension related deferred inflov Net pension asset Net pension liability										10,463,293 (22,265,791) 1,386,621 (27,138,040)
Financial statement elements relate applicable to future periods an										
Other postemployment benefit Other postemployment benefit Net other postemployment ben	related deferred inflows								_	1,067,820 (1,150,923) (6,447,115)
Net position of governmental a	activities								\$	100,580,019

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	School Operating Fund	F	School undraising Fund		chool Capital nprovement Fund	School Construction Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES										
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	20,288	\$	(1,324)	\$	(3,132)	\$ 13,36	0 5	(1,282)	\$ 27,910
Charges for services		280,744		-		-	-		816,188	1,096,932
Miscellaneous		337,061		640,078		-	-		35,894	1,013,033
Recovered costs		-		-		120,613	-		-	120,613
Intergovernmental revenues:										
Local		29,430,040		-		2,404,101	-		-	31,834,141
Commonwealth		31,281,563		-		-	-		25,159	31,306,722
Federal									9,510,434	9,510,434
Total revenues		61,349,696		638,754		2,521,582	13,36	0	10,386,393	74,909,785
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Education		59,232,886		40,051		101,302			10,139,329	69,513,568
Capital outlay		2,336,459		(195)		1,489,758	5,248,61	1	237,110	9,311,743
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		211,832		-		79,296	-		-	291,128
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,131		-		131			-	3,262
Total expenditures		61,784,308		39,856		1,670,487	5,248,61	1	10,376,439	79,119,701
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		(434,612)		598,898		851,095	(5,235,25	1)	9,954	(4,209,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Issuance of leases		231,481		_		_	_		_	231,481
Total other financing sources	-	231,481								231,481
Total other manering sources		231,401								231,401
Net change in fund balances		(203,131)		598,898		851,095	(5,235,25	1)	9,954	(3,978,435
Fund balances - beginning		533,156	-	1,898,633		5,594,369	6,606,54	8	2,330,898	
Fund balances - ending	\$	330,025	\$	2,497,531	\$	6,445,464	\$ 1,371,29	7 5	2,340,852	
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amo \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciati	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expe	enditures. How ted over their es ense. This is the	vever, timate amou	d useful lives or int by which cap	lease	terms and				5,318,765
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as: reported as depreciation or amo	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expe ion and amor ae gain or los	tenditures. How ted over their es ense. This is the tization, \$4,295	vever, timate amou 5,838, i	in the Statement d useful lives or ant by which cap in the current pe al assets is repor	lease ital ou riod. ted, w	terms and atlays,				5,318,765
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amo \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciati In the statement of activities, only th	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expe ion and amor ae gain or los ntire proceed	tenditures. How ted over their esense. This is the tization, \$4,295 as on the sale of the from the sale of	vever, timate e amou i,838, i capita	in the Statement d useful lives or ant by which cap in the current pe al assets is repor se financial resor	lease vital ou riod. ted, w urces.	terms and atlays,				5,318,765 (129,009
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amo \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciati In the statement of activities, only th in the governmental funds, the e Thus, the change in net position	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expe ion and amor as gain or los ntire proceed differs from	tenditures. How ted over their es ense. This is the tization, \$4,295 as on the sale of is from the sale in the the change in fu	vever, timate amou i,838, i capita increasind bal	in the Statement d useful lives or ant by which cap in the current pe al assets is repor se financial reson ances by the cos	lease vital ou riod. ted, w urces.	terms and atlays,				
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amo \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciati In the statement of activities, only the in the governmental funds, the earthus, the change in net position the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activities.	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expe ion and amor as gain or los ntire proceed differs from the ties that do n he funds.	enditures. How ted over their es ense. This is the tization, \$4,295 as on the sale of is from the sale the change in fu of provide curre of charge the cose et revenue (expe	vever, timate amou i,838, i capita increase and bal	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe all assets is repor se financial resonances by the cost ances by the cost ancial resources	lease vital ou riod. ted, w urces.	terms and atlays,				(129,009
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amo \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciati In the statement of activities, only the in the governmental funds, the error Thus, the change in net position the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by management, to individual for the statement of the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management, to individual for the service funds are used by management.	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expection and amor ne gain or los intire proceed differs from ties that do n he funds. anagement to funds. The ne with government of Acti	senditures. How ted over their es ense. This is the trization, \$4,295 as on the sale of is from the sale the change in fut of provide curre to charge the cos et revenue (expenental activities vities do not rec	vever, ttimate e amou s,838, i capita increas increas and bal ats of ense) c	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe al assets is report see financial resonances by the costancial resources of this	lease lease vital ou riod.	terms and utlays, thereas				(129,009 (32,697
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciati In the statement of activities, only the in the governmental funds, the earthus, the change in net position the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service fund is reported. Some expenses reported in the State.	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expection and amor ne gain or los intire proceed differs from ties that do n he funds. anagement to funds. The ne with government of Acti	senditures. How ted over their es ense. This is the trization, \$4,295 as on the sale of is from the sale the change in fut of provide curre to charge the cos et revenue (expenental activities vities do not rec	vever, ttimate e amou s,838, i capita increas increas and bal ats of ense) c	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe al assets is report see financial resonances by the costancial resources of this	lease lease vital ou riod.	terms and utlays, thereas				(129,009 (32,697
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those ass reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciation. In the statement of activities, only the in the governmental funds, the errors are the form of the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are proported. Some expenses reported in the State financial resources and, therefor Compensated absences The issuance of long-term debt, including the repayment of the prince resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds and similar items when debt is financial resources of governmental funds and similar items when debt is financial resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds and similar items when debt is financial resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds and similar items when debt is financial resources of governmental funds position.	utlays as expsets is allocat rtization expection and amor as gain or los intire proceed differs from ties that do n he funds. anagement to funds. The ne with government of Acti e are not repo- uding leases, ipal of long-ts. s. Neither tra nds report the trist issued, with the set issued, with the trist issued, with the set is the set of the tribulance of the set of the set of the set of the tribulance of the set of the set of the set of the set of the tribulance of the set of the set of the set of the set of the tribulance of the set of the tribulance of the set of the tribulance of the set of th	nenditures. How ted over their esense. This is the tization, \$4,295 are on the sale of is from the sale of the change in function of the change in f	vever, timate e amou (,838, i capita increasind bal ent fina tts of ense) c	in the Statement d useful lives or int by which cap in the current pe all assets is repor se financial resor ances by the cos ancial resources of this the use of current in governmental acial resources to the current finance t	t lease leas	terms and atlays. thereas				(129,009 (32,697 (520,037
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciation in the governmental funds, the earthus, the change in net position the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service fund is reported. Some expenses reported in the State financial resources and, therefor Compensated absences The issuance of long-term debt, including the prince resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds	utlays as expsets is allocat rtization expection and amor as gain or los intire proceed differs from ties that do n he funds. anagement to funds. The ne with government of Acti e are not repo- uding leases, ipal of long-ts. s. Neither tra nds report the trist issued, with the set issued, with the trist issued, with the set is the set of the tribulance of the set of the set of the set of the tribulance of the set of the set of the set of the set of the tribulance of the set of the set of the set of the set of the tribulance of the set of the tribulance of the set of the tribulance of the set of th	nenditures. How ted over their esense. This is the tization, \$4,295 are on the sale of is from the sale of the change in function of the change in f	vever, timate e amou (,838, i capita increasind bal ent fina tts of ense) c	in the Statement d useful lives or int by which cap in the current pe all assets is repor se financial resor ances by the cos ancial resources of this the use of current in governmental acial resources to the current finance t	t lease leas	terms and atlays. thereas				(129,009 (32,697 (520,037
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciation in the statement of activities, only the in the governmental funds, the errors are not reported as revenues in the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activity are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual funternal service funds are properted. Some expenses reported in the State financial resources and, therefor Compensated absences The issuance of long-term debt, including the repayment of the prince resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds and similar items when debt is financial repayments	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expetion and amor as gain or los ntire proceed differs from ties that do n he funds. anagement to tunds. The n with government of Acti e are not repo uding leases, ipal of long-ts. Neither tra nds report th trist issued, w ctivities.	senditures. How ted over their esense. This is the tization, \$4,295 are on the sale of is from the sale of the change in function of the change in function of the change in function of the change in the change in the change in the change in function of	vever, timate a amou to 1,838, in the same to 1,838, in the same that th	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe all assets is reporse financial resonances by the cosmolar resources of this the use of current in governmental acial resources as any effect on a discounts, are deferred and wever, in the	t lease leas	terms and atlays. thereas				(129,009 (32,697 (520,037 (30,174
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those ass reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciation in the governmental funds, the errors are not reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual from the internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual from the property sold. Some expenses reported in the State financial resources and, therefor Compensated absences The issuance of long-term debt, including the reported in the State financial resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds and similar items when debt is finamortized in the Statement of Activities, the cost Governmental funds report pension. Statement of Activities, the cost	utlays as exp sets is allocat rtization expetion and amor as gain or los ntire proceed differs from ties that do n he funds. anagement to tunds. The n with government of Acti e are not repo uding leases, ipal of long-ts. Neither tra nds report th trist issued, w ctivities.	senditures. How ted over their esense. This is the tization, \$4,295 are on the sale of is from the sale of the change in function of the change in function of the change in function of the change in the change in the change in the change in function of	vever, timate a amou to 1,838, in the same to 1,838, in the same that th	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe all assets is reporse financial resonances by the cosmolar resources of this the use of current in governmental acial resources as any effect on a discounts, are deferred and wever, in the	t lease leas	terms and atlays. thereas			5,435,870 555,088	(129,009 (32,697 (520,037 (30,174
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those ass reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciation in the governmental funds, the errors are not reported as revenues in the property sold. Revenues in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by marisk management, to individual fundermal service fund is reported. Some expenses reported in the State financial resources and, therefor Compensated absences. The issuance of long-term debt, including the reported in the State financial resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds resourced in the Statement of Activities, the cost contributions is reported as pense Employer pension contributions	utlays as exp sets is allocat rization expe ion and amor	senditures. How ted over their estense. This is the trization, \$4,295 as on the sale of its from the sale of its from the sale of the change in full of th	rever, timate a amou of a more than the control of	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe all assets is reported from the control of the control o	t lease leas	terms and atlays. thereas		_		(129,009 (32,697 (520,037 (30,174 291,128 (231,481
Governmental funds report capital o of Activities the cost of those as reported as depreciation or amor \$9,614,603, exceeded depreciation in the governmental funds, the earnest of Activities, only the in the governmental funds, the earnest of Activities are not reported as revenues in the Internal service funds are used by mark management, to individual funderal service fund is reported. Some expenses reported in the State financial resources and, therefor Compensated absences The issuance of long-term debt, including the trepayment of the principle resources of governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds position. Also, governmental funds position and similar items when debt is finamortized in the Statement of Activities, the cost contributions is reported as pense Employer pension contributions Pension expense Governmental funds report OPEB of Statement of Activities, the cost contributions Pension expense	utlays as exp sets is allocat rization expe ion and amor	senditures. How ted over their estense. This is the trization, \$4,295 as on the sale of its from the sale of its from the sale of the change in full of th	rever, timate a amou or (,838, i a capita increase) control of the	in the Statement d useful lives or unt by which cap in the current pe all assets is reported from the control of the control o	t lease leas	terms and atlays. thereas		-		(129,009 (32,697 (520,037 (30,174 291,128 (231,481

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHOOL OPERATING FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			School Ope	rating	2 Fund	Exhibit 29
	Budgeted	Amou	•		3 · ·	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable
	Original		Final		Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 55,000	\$	55,000	\$	20,288 \$	(34,712)
Charges for services	202,400		202,400		280,744	78,344
Miscellaneous	284,999		397,531		337,061	(60,470)
Recovered costs	-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental:						
Local	31,600,406		31,602,995		29,430,040	(2,172,955)
Commonwealth	 29,853,356		30,083,266		31,281,563	1,198,297
Total revenues	 61,996,161	-	62,341,192		61,349,696	(991,496)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	61,594,238		60,228,576		59,232,886	995,690
Capital outlay	401,923		2,112,616		2,336,459	(223,843)
Debt service:	 					-
Principal	-		_		211,832	(211,832)
Interest and other fiscal charges	-		-		3,131	(3,131)
Total expenditures	 61,996,161		62,341,192		61,784,308	556,884
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	 				(434,612)	(434,612)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Issuance of leases	_		-		231,481	231,481
Total other financing sources	 				231,481	231,481
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(203,131) \$	(203,131)

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

				Sı	pecial Revenue				
	School Cafeteria Fund	School Federal Grants Fund			School Textbook Fund	School Activity Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,761,539	\$	1,059,756	\$	1,052,266	\$	801,386	\$	4,674,947
Investments	60,307		36,299		36,043		=		132,649
Accounts receivable	-		-		3,425		-		3,425
Due from other governments	70,883		2,308,822		-		-		2,379,705
Inventories	 100,159				-		-		100,159
Total assets	\$ 1,992,888	\$	3,404,877	\$	1,091,734	\$	801,386	\$	7,290,885
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 570	\$	139,696	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,266
Accrued payroll	143,973		459,098		-		-		603,071
Due to other funds	 <u>-</u>		4,206,696						4,206,696
Total liabilities	 144,543		4,805,490						4,950,033
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable	100,159		-		-		-		100,159
Assigned	1,748,186		-		1,091,734		801,386		3,641,306
Unassigned	 -		(1,400,613)		-	_	-		(1,400,613)
Total fund balances	 1,848,345		(1,400,613)		1,091,734		801,386		2,340,852
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,992,888	\$	3,404,877	\$	1,091,734	\$	801,386	\$	7,290,885

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD NONMAJOR FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Special Revenue		Exhibit 51
	School Cafeteria Fund	School Federal Grants Fund	School Textbook Fund	School Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	(982) \$ -	\$ (378)) \$ 78	\$ (1,282)
Charges for services		,526 -	· (570)	684,662	816,188
Miscellaneous		5,243 651	_	-	35,894
Intergovernmental revenues:		,			20,05.
Local			-	-	-
Commonwealth	25		=	-	25,159
Federal	2,843	,470 6,666,964	-	-	9,510,434
Total revenues	3,034	-,416 6,667,615	(378)	684,740	10,386,393
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	2 402	110 7.005.005		561.050	10 120 220
Education	2,492	7,085,232 0,634 76,476		561,979	10,139,329
Capital outlay	-	<u> </u>			237,110
Total expenditures	2,652	7,161,708	<u> </u>	561,979	10,376,439
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	381	,664 (494,093	(378)	122,761	9,954
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources				-	-
Net change in fund balances	381	,664 (494,093	(378)	122,761	9,954
Fund balance - beginning	1,466	(906,520	1,092,112	678,625	2,330,898
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,848	\$,345 \$ (1,400,613	\$ 1,091,734	\$ 801,386	\$ 2,340,852



CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			School Caf	eteria	Fund		
	 Budgeted	Amo	unts	:		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final			Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ 2,000	\$	2,000	\$	(982)	\$ (2,982)	
Charges for services	690,000		690,000		131,526	(558,474)	
Miscellaneous	15,000		15,000		35,243	20,243	
Intergovernmental:							
Local	-		-		-	-	
Commonwealth	60,000		60,000		25,159	(34,841)	
Federal	 1,755,716		1,755,716		2,843,470	1,087,754	
Total revenues	 2,522,716		2,522,716		3,034,416	511,700	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	2,522,716		2,522,716		2,492,118	30,598	
Capital outlay	 		-		160,634	(160,634)	
Total expenditures	 2,522,716	-	2,522,716	-	2,652,752	(130,036)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	 		-		381,664	381,664	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in	 						
Total other financing sources	 				-		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 	\$		\$	381,664	\$ 381,664	

Ex	-:	L:4	22

School Federal Grants Fund										School Tex	tboo	ok Fund		
Budgeted	l Am	ounts	=			ariance with inal Budget -		Budgeted	l A	amounts	=			Variance with inal Budget -
Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	Original Final			Final	Actual			Positive (Negative)
 <u> </u>						(<u> </u>						(
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	S -	\$	(378)	\$	(378)
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		651		651		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		675,681		-		(675,681)
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
 9,405,649		16,160,281		6,666,964		(9,493,317)		-	_	-	_	-		-
 9,405,649		16,160,281		6,667,615	_	(9,492,666)	-	-	-	675,681	_	(378)	_	(676,059)
9,359,633		16,114,265		7,085,232		9,029,033		400,000		1,075,681				1,075,681
46,016		46,016		76,476		(30,460)		400,000		1,073,081		-		1,075,061
9,405,649		16,160,281		7,161,708		8,998,573		400,000	_	1,075,681				1,075,681
 				(494,093)		(494,093)	-	(400,000)	_	(400,000)		(378)	_	399,622
								400.000		400.000				(400,000)
 <u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	-		-		400,000	_	400,000	_	<u> </u>		(400,000)
 -		-				-		400,000	-	400,000	_	-	_	(400,000)
\$ 	\$		\$	(494,093)	\$	(494,093)	\$		\$	-	\$	(378)	\$	(378)

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School Fu	ndraisi	ng Fund	
	 Budgeted	Amounts	_		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Revenues from use of money and property	\$ _	\$ -	\$	(1,324)	\$ (1,324)
Miscellaneous	220,000	543,01	3	640,078	97,065
Recovered costs	-	-		-	-
Intergovernmental:					
Local	-	-		-	-
Commonwealth	 		_		
Total revenues	 220,000	543,01	3	638,754	95,741
EXPENDITURES					
Education	-	-		40,051	(40,051)
Capital outlay	620,000	1,343,01	3	(195)	1,343,208
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-		-	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	 -				
Total expenditures	 620,000	1,343,01	3	39,856	1,303,157
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 (400,000)	(800,00	0)	598,898	1,398,898
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	 400,000	800,00	0		(800,000)
Total other financing sources	 400,000	800,00	0		(800,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 	\$ -	\$	598,898	\$ 598,898

Exhibit 33

School Capital Improvement Fund						School Construction Fund								
Budgeted Amounts		_	Variance with Final Budget -		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -				
	Original Final		Positive Actual (Negative)			Original Final		Final	Actual			Positive (Negative)		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ (3,132)	\$ (3,132)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,360	\$	13,360		
	-	-	120,613	120,613		-		-		-		-		
	-	2,856,548	3 2,404,101	(452,447)	,	6,384,000		6,036,026		-		(6,036,026)		
	-		<u> </u>		l	-		-				<u> </u>		
	-	2,856,548	2,521,582	(334,966)		6,384,000	_	6,036,026		13,360	_	(6,022,666)		
	500,000 2,500,000	500,000 5,356,548		398,698 3,866,790		6,384,000		6,036,026		- 5,248,611		- 787,415		
	-	-	79,296	79,296		-		-		-		-		
			131	131								-		
	3,000,000	5,856,548	1,670,487	4,344,915	_	6,384,000	_	6,036,026	_	5,248,611		787,415		
	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000	851,095	3,851,095						(5,235,251)		(5,235,251)		
	3,000,000	3,000,000) -	(3,000,000)	,	_		_		_		-		
	3,000,000	3,000,000		(3,000,000)		-	_	-		-		-		
\$		\$ -	\$ 851,095	\$ 851,095	\$	-	\$		\$	(5,235,251)	\$	(5,235,251)		

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

June 30, 2022

	Exhibit 34
	School Insurance Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,524
Investments	2,929
Total current assets	88,453
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	16,494
Total liabilities	16,494
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 71,959

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Tor the Tent Ended out 500, 2022	Exhibit 35
		School Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services		\$ 5,707,464
Total operating revenues		5,707,464
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance claims and expenses		6,227,556
Total operating expenses		6,227,556
Operating loss		(520,092)
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Investment earnings		55
Total nonoperating revenues		55
Change in net position		(520,037)
Total net position - beginning		591,996
Total net position - ending		\$ 71,959

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	School Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from internal services provided	\$ 5,709,544
Cash paid to suppliers	16,494
Premiums paid	(5,795,780)
Net cash used in operating activities	(69,742)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of investments, net	5,379
Interest and dividends received	55
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,434
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(64,308)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	149,832
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$ 85,524</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
used in operating activities: Operating loss	\$ (520,092)
(Increase) decrease in:	<u> </u>
Prepaids	431,776
Total adjustments	450,350
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (69,742)
rect cash used in operating activities	φ (09,742)

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD June 30, 2022

			Private-Purpo	se T	Trust Funds	nds						
	School Scholarship Fund		Newton B. Shingleton Scholarship Fund		M. Louise Cooper Scholarship Fund		Total					
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Investments - restricted	\$	34,793 441,438	\$ 3,272 28,094	\$	84,351 35,547	\$	122,416 505,079					
Total assets	\$	476,231	\$ 31,366	\$	119,898	\$	627,495					
NET POSITION												
Restricted for scholarships	\$	476,231	\$ 31,366	\$	119,898	\$	627,495					
Total net position	\$	476,231	\$ 31,366	\$	119,898	\$	627,495					

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10	n the rear E	mucu sunc 50,	2022			Exhibit 38
	School Scholarship Fund		Newton B. Shingleton Scholarship Fund	M. Louise Cooper Scholarship Fund		Total
ADDITIONS						
Gifts and contributions	\$	21,492	\$ 3,150	\$ 35,803	\$	60,445
Investment earnings:						
Interest		79	-	95		174
Dividends		13,818	-	-		13,818
Realized and unrealized losses on investments		(84,376)	-			(84,376)
Total additions		(48,987)	3,150	35,898		(9,939)
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative expenses		3,654	3,109	-		6,763
Scholarships awarded		21,274	-	29,000		50,274
Transfers out		20,750	-			20,750
Total deductions		45,678	3,109	29,000	_	77,787
Change in net position		(94,665)	41	6,898		(87,726)
Net position - beginning		570,896	31,325	113,000		715,221
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	476,231	\$ 31,366	\$ 119,898	\$	627,495

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - PARKING AUTHORITY

ENTERPRISE FUND

Parking Authority Fund – to account for the provision of parking facilities to City residents and visitors through City-owned parking lots and garages and metered on-street parking. All activities necessary to provide such services are included in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - WINCHESTER PARKING AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND

June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022	
	Exhibit 39
	Parking
	Authority Fund
	Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 820,217
Investments	28,094
Accounts receivable, net	15,988
Total current assets	864,299
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	11,685
Depreciable, net	6,879,265
Total capital assets, net	6,890,950
Total noncurrent assets	6,890,950
Total assets	7,755,249
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferred outflows	65,349
Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows	31,983
Total deferred outflows of resources	97,332
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	10,032
Accrued payroll	13,853
Accrued interest payable	58,597
Compensated absences - current	19,083
Revenue bonds payable - current	335,234
Total current liabilities	436,799
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net pension liability	286
Net other postemployment benefit liability	44,256
Compensated absences	22,216
Revenue bonds payable	5,949,766
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,016,524
Total liabilities	6,453,323
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on refunding	77,093
Pension related deferred inflows	
	139,283
Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows	31,408
Total deferred inflows of resources	247,784
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	528,857
Unrestricted Total not resition	622,617 \$ 1,151,474
Total net position	\$ 1,151,474

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - WINCHESTER PARKING AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Tear Ended June 30, 2022		Exhibit 40
		Parking Authority Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	1,451,804
Miscellaneous	~	27,064
Total operating revenues		1,478,868
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services		435,770
Contractual services		173,048
Other supplies and expenses		120,625
Depreciation		257,537
Total operating expenses		986,980
Operating income		491,888
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest and fiscal charges		(184,604)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(184,604)
Change in net position		307,284
Total net position - beginning		844,190
Total net position - ending	\$	1,151,474

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - WINCHESTER PARKING AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Exhibit 41 Parking Authority Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 1,476,540
Cash paid to suppliers	(382,630)
Cash paid to employees	(416,883)
Net cash provided by operating	
activities	677,027
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(31,656)
Principal paid on capital debt	(285,400)
Proceeds from debt refunding	6,285,000
Escrow payment for bond refunding	(6,243,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(231,065)
Net cash used in capital	
and related financing activities	(506,121)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds of investments, net	7,496
Net cash provided by investing	
activities	7,496
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	178,402
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	641,815
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$ 820,217</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 491,888
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	257,537
Pension expense, net of employer contributions	380
Other postemployment benefit expense, net of employer contributions	6,612
(Increase) decrease in:	(2.220)
Accounts receivable	(2,328)
Increase (decrease) in:	(00.057)
Accounts payable	(88,957)
Accrued payroll	4,012
Compensated absences	7,883
Total adjustments	185,139
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 677,027</u>



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Winchester's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages
Financial Trends – Tables 1 – 4 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	140-146
Revenue Capacity – Tables 5 – 8 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	147-150
Debt Capacity – Tables 9 – 13 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future	151-155
Demographic and Economic Information – Tables 14 – 15 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place	156-157
Operating Information – Tables 16 – 18 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and activities it performs	158-160

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.



CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 1

	2013(1)	2014 (1)	2015 (2)	2016	2017	2018 (3)	2019	2020	2021 (4)	2022 (5)
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 56,163,377	\$ 57,626,610	\$ 62,544,269	\$ 66,966,198	\$ 69.929.756	\$ 70,459,348	\$ 72,904,117	\$ 74,708,474	\$ 79,574,272	\$ 87,323,524
Restricted Unrestricted	(33,564,155)	(46,366,141)	(55,025,188)	(47,098,924)	364,378 (44,101,379)	180,235 (43,546,593)	161,576 (37,104,769)	150,594 (42,760,281)	335,969 (52,768,802)	213,733 (37,014,473)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 22,599,222	\$ 11,260,469	\$ 7,519,081	\$ 19,867,274	\$ 26,192,755	\$ 27,092,990	\$ 35,960,924	\$ 32,098,787	\$ 27,141,439	\$ 50,522,784
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 49,037,689	\$ 51,196,584	\$ 54,226,599	\$ 56,936,681	\$ 57,742,151 -	\$ 59,597,359 -	\$ 67,751,354	\$ 67,170,510 -	\$ 73,095,972	-
Unrestricted	778,298	1,811,069	1,468,786	2,059,919	6,099,423	7,127,252	3,398,883	10,010,985	4,111,254	11,268,228
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 49,815,987	\$ 53,007,653	\$ 55,695,385	\$ 58,996,600	\$ 63,841,574	\$ 66,724,611	\$ 71,150,237	\$ 77,181,495	\$ 77,207,226	\$ 83,208,147
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 105,201,066	\$ 108,823,194 -	\$ 116,770,868 -	\$ 123,902,879 -	\$ 127,671,907 364,378	\$ 130,056,707 180,235	\$ 140,655,471 161,576	\$ 141,878,984 150,594	\$ 152,670,277 335,969	\$ 159,263,443 213,733
Unrestricted	(32,785,857)	(44,555,072)	(53,556,402)	(45,039,005)	(38,001,956)	(36,419,341)	(33,705,886)	(32,749,296)	(48,657,548)	(25,746,245)
Total primary government net position	\$ 72,415,209	\$ 64,268,122	\$ 63,214,466	\$ 78,863,874	\$ 90,034,329	\$ 93,817,601	\$ 107,111,161	\$ 109,280,282	\$ 104,348,698	\$ 133,730,931
School Board Component Unit										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 111,503,820	\$ 109,960,064	\$ 114,558,724	\$ 124,932,493	\$ 123,044,755	\$ 120,782,253	\$ 118,910,329	\$ 119,204,107	\$ 129,013,805	\$ 134,263,208
Restricted	575,798	20,371,300	13,403,506	821,630	300,258	1,831,921	-	6,937,921	6,404,579	2,255,139
Unrestricted	5,578,658	3,363,800	(43,930,728)	(43,319,468)	(43,545,337)	(51,460,197)	(47,853,349)	(45,286,745)	(41,748,465)	(35,938,328)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 117,658,276	\$ 133,695,164	\$ 84,031,502	\$ 82,434,655	\$ 79,799,676	\$ 71,153,977	\$ 71,056,980	\$ 80,855,283	\$ 93,669,919	\$ 100,580,019

Notes: (1) These totals are as previously reported. A prior period adjustment was required in 2010, 2011, 2013, 2014 and 2015 which modified these amounts. (2) GASB Statement No. 68 was adopted in fiscal year 2015.

- (3) GASB Statement No. 75 was adopted in fiscal year 2018.
- (4) GASB Statement No. 84 was adopted in fiscal year 2021. (5) GASB Statement No. 87 was adopted in fiscal year 2022.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2

	-	2013	2014	2015			2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
		2013	2014	2015			2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Expenses																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$	4,098,528 \$	4,847,983	\$ 4,5	68,861	\$	5,329,460	\$	5,451,957	\$	5,979,196	\$	6,076,967	\$	7,037,126	\$	7,735,258	\$	8,066,864
Judicial administration		3,208,823	3,217,304	3,0	58,235		3,567,530		3,874,647		4,068,397		4,050,790		4,749,053		4,951,042		4,593,264
Public safety		19,051,218	19,691,104	19,8	87,873		20,791,778		22,064,479		23,349,564		23,636,754		25,216,038		27,625,527		26,732,161
Public works		10,462,004	12,276,087	10,8	79,509		11,195,268		12,104,532		12,006,083		12,447,637		13,135,183		12,680,285		13,033,839
Health and welfare		7,208,056	6,874,897	7,4	25,520		7,773,128		8,962,664		10,109,412		9,846,626		10,885,673		11,812,539		12,651,515
Education		26,706,238	45,697,366	27,5	76,745		29,707,234		29,222,718		30,404,117		30,516,542		40,872,759		41,906,085		31,894,879
Parks, recreation, and culture		3,792,062	3,504,618	4,0	21,683		3,366,170		3,497,835		3,565,732		3,678,228		5,600,748		6,216,111		4,243,367
Community development		2,438,493	1,810,977	2,4	90,393		1,632,494		2,424,272		1,762,569		1,808,680		1,861,174		3,113,080		2,593,936
Interest on long-term debt		3,156,413	3,682,243	3,5	51,526		3,585,291		3,526,095		3,014,335		2,935,800		3,139,550		2,767,187		2,381,752
Bond issuance costs		-	183,567	1	79,468		75,256		55,800		-		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities expenses		80,121,835	101,786,146	83,6	39,813		87,023,609		91,184,999		94,259,405		94,998,024		112,497,304		118,807,114		106,191,577
Business-type activities:																			
Water and sewer		19,207,251	21,294,667	20.6	36,511		21,456,454		22,171,658		24,222,296		27,743,327		27,037,990		30,472,903		29,414,553
Transit service				,-	-		,,		,-,-,								-		
Total business-type activities expenses		19,207,251	21,294,667	20.6	36,511		21,456,454		22,171,658		24,222,296		27,743,327	-	27,037,990		30,472,903		29,414,553
Total primary government expenses	9	99,329,086 \$	123,080,813		76,324	\$	108,480,063	\$		s		\$	122,741,351	S	139,535,294	\$		\$	135,606,130
Total primary government expenses	Ψ	77,327,000	125,000,015	Ψ 101,2	70,521	Ψ	100,100,003	Ψ	113,330,037	Ψ	110,101,701	Ψ	122,711,331	Ψ	137,333,271	Ψ	117,200,017	Ψ	133,000,130
D																			
Program Revenues Governmental activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
•	\$	112.065 @	147,384	e 1	54,503	•	237,474	•	172 246	•	225 962	•	201.269	•	291,934	•	206,699	•	100 525
General government Judicial administration	Þ	113,965 \$ 683,121	634,692		53,086	Э	707,512	Э	173,246 624,795	Þ	235,862 698,834	3	201,368 701,643	3	659,418	Э	362,568	э	189,525 697,127
		1,226,999	1,193,298		54,909		1,349,908		1,261,688		1,297,234		1,283,210		1,448,273		1,399,770		1,701,058
Public safety Public works		1,226,999	1,071,780		94,206		1,584,757		1,611,541		1,474,553		1,418,784		1,448,273		1,394,533		2,095,569
Health and welfare		52,875	52,008		55,214		67,621		73,984		80,057		2,716		96,171		1,394,333		125,250
Parks, recreation, and culture		665,747	833,837		74,561		839,602		913,764		80,037 889,174		961,009		801,765		315,020		682,153
Community development		302,148	316,428		90,299		352,184		390,131		387,336		387,420		299,136		328,168		589,024
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		11,914,905 1,141,420	11,606,524 1,921,832		93,980 34,183		15,312,212 3,775,641		14,049,448 1,443,507		15,695,768 1,085,606		15,636,296 753,680		18,300,232 2,166,142		22,753,874 1,619,557		25,985,180 4,755,284
	-																		
Total governmental activities revenues		17,260,171	17,777,783	19,0	04,941	-	24,226,911		20,542,104		21,844,424		21,346,126		25,538,788		28,488,104		36,820,170
Business-type activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
Water and sewer		20,229,861	22,411,243	24,8	14,747		25,686,701		26,809,216		28,793,288		31,093,254		31,095,173		31,057,985		36,195,859
Operating grants and contributions		-	-		-		-		-		269,348		270,721		233,366		428,676		120,975
Capital grants and contributions		3,882,896	2,809,805	1,4	00,500		1,237,760		252,812		17,280		1,208,398		2,695,234		397,297		300,400
Total business-type activities revenues		24,112,757	25,221,048	26,2	15,247		26,924,461		27,062,028		29,079,916		32,572,373		34,023,773		31,883,958		36,617,234
Total primary government revenues	\$	41,372,928 \$	42,998,831	\$ 45.2	20,188	\$	51,151,372	S	47,604,132	•	50,924,340	\$	53,918,499	•	59,562,561	\$	60,372,062	\$	73,437,404

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2 (Continued)

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net (Expense)/Revenue											
Governmental activities	\$	(62,861,664) \$	(84,008,363) \$	(64,634,872) \$	(62,796,698) \$	(70,642,895) \$	(72,414,981) \$	(73,651,898) \$	(86,958,516) \$	(90,319,010) \$	(69,371,407)
Business-type activities	•	4,905,506	3,926,381	5,578,736	5,468,007	4,890,370	4,857,620	4,829,046	6,985,783	1,411,055	7,202,681
Total primary government net expense	\$	(57,956,158) \$	(80,081,982) \$	(59,056,136) \$	(57,328,691) \$	(65,752,525) \$	(67,557,361) \$	(68,822,852) \$	(79,972,733) \$	(88,907,955) \$	(62,168,726)
General Revenues and Other Changes in											
Net Position											
Governmental activities:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes	\$	35,952,587 \$	37,597,733 \$	38,692,668 \$	39,173,337 \$	40,050,899 \$	42,217,997 \$	43,975,091 \$	46,200,389 \$	47,023,633 \$	49,817,931
Sales taxes		8,718,682	8,119,431	8,859,376	9,086,187	9,431,564	9,749,245	10,008,106	9,724,767	10,834,790	12,129,457
Utility taxes		2,015,264	2,233,337	2,048,531	1,989,779	1,986,800	2,163,796	2,013,325	1,934,929	1,921,589	1,925,536
Business license taxes		5,736,888	6,016,529	6,096,072	6,373,410	6,541,576	6,744,219	7,225,613	7,428,688	7,224,306	8,638,935
Franchise taxes		360,030	402,711	407,787	417,860	408,904	488,219	516,131	541,248	511,022	546,449
Hotel and meals taxes		6,217,625	6,596,681	8,343,827	8,834,036	9,216,945	9,496,911	9,807,536	8,905,186	9,543,120	11,387,014
Communication sales taxes		2,199,696	2,145,662	2,142,416	2,070,870	2,020,045	1,959,936	1,969,935	1,771,153	1,573,184	1,526,944
Other local taxes		1,820,712	1,979,202	2,443,144	2,253,116	2,458,236	2,246,671	2,049,677	1,848,957	2,077,961	2,323,744
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-	-	11,250	(6,210)	-	-	-	1,928	-
Unrestricted grants and contributions		2,966,192	2,987,618	3,051,563	3,036,203	3,110,202	3,079,396	3,134,496	3,073,601	3,067,832	3,161,850
Investment earnings		68,675	70,590	78,070	159,131	98,245	144,080	313,472	244,789	41,212	1,212
Miscellaneous		47,216	33,441	16,349	139,712	51,170	32,996	106,450	22,672	41,085	47,670
Special item		-	3,451,777	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers		1,870,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,500,000	1,246,010
Total governmental activities		67,973,567	73,234,712	73,779,803	75,144,891	76,968,376	79,823,466	82,519,832	83,096,379	85,361,662	92,752,752
Business-type activities:											
Investment earnings		20,577	426	1,833	7,565	4,443	105,567	957,384	378,324	64,293	12,777
Miscellaneous		5,825	6,694	2,858	3,280	9,299	18,393	39,196	67,151	50,383	31,473
Transfers		(1,870,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,400,000)	(1,400,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,246,010)
Total business-type activities		(1,843,598)	(1,592,880)	(1,595,309)	(1,589,155)	(1,586,258)	(1,376,040)	(403,420)	(954,525)	(1,385,324)	(1,201,760)
Total primary government	\$	66,129,969 \$	71,641,832 \$	72,184,494 \$	73,555,736 \$	75,382,118 \$	78,447,426 \$	82,116,412 \$	82,141,854 \$	83,976,338 \$	91,550,992
Change in Net Position											
Governmental activities	\$	5,111,903 \$	(10,773,651) \$	9,144,931 \$	12,348,193 \$	6,325,481 \$	7,408,485 \$	8,867,934 \$	(3,862,137) \$	(4,957,348) \$	23,381,345
Business-type activities	•	3,061,908	2,333,501	3,983,427	3,878,852	3,304,112	3,481,580	4,425,626	6,031,258	25,731	6,000,921
Total primary government	\$	8,173,811 \$	(8,440,150) \$	13,128,358 \$	16,227,045 \$	9,629,593 \$	10,890,065 \$	13,293,560 \$	2,169,121 \$	(4,931,617) \$	29,382,266

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2 (Continued)

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses											
School Board Component Unit:											
Education	\$	53,609,858 \$	54,649,291 \$	56,430,750 \$	59,044,154 \$	61,691,194 \$	61,583,347 \$	62,317,846 \$	65,139,530 \$	68,385,049 \$	67,967,043
Total School Board component unit expenses		53,609,858	54,649,291	56,430,750	59,044,154	61,691,194	61,583,347	62,317,846	65,139,530	68,385,049	67,967,043
Program Revenues											
School Board Component Unit:											
Charges for services:											
Education		734,401	697,971	773,193	711,854	795,911	848,227	792,653	699,290	558,525	1,096,932
Operating grants and contributions		23,468,737	23,720,228	25,339,877	27,795,460	28,511,661	28,573,524	30,216,022	32,262,568	36,824,663	40,817,156
Capital grants and contributions		137,927	248,673	335,570	542,786	389,555	490,731	474,697	880,769	1,032,663	980,336
Total School Board component unit revenues		24,341,065	24,666,872	26,448,640	29,050,100	29,697,127	29,912,482	31,483,372	33,842,627	38,415,851	42,894,424
N + (T) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \											
Net (Expense)/Revenue School Board Component Unit		(29,268,793)	(29,982,419)	(29,982,110)	(29,994,054)	(31,994,067)	(31,670,865)	(30,834,474)	(31,296,903)	(29,969,198)	(25,072,619)
School Board Component Onit	-	(29,200,793)	(29,902,419)	(29,962,110)	(29,994,034)	(31,994,007)	(31,070,003)	(30,834,474)	(31,290,903)	(29,909,198)	(23,072,019)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position											
School Board Component Unit:											
Payment from City of Winchester		26,651,702	45,659,975	27,521,529	29,646,946	29,158,944	30,142,733	30,452,322	40,807,449	41,841,339	31,834,141
Investment earnings		80,761	115,791	105,585	133,071	61,775	86,982	208,516	220,650	45,184	27.965
Miscellaneous		214,500	243,541	220,122	136,115	138,369	156,157	76,639	67,107	193,920	120,613
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total School Board Component Unit		26,946,963	46,019,307	27,847,236	29,916,132	29,359,088	30,385,872	30,737,477	41,095,206	42,080,443	31,982,719
Change in Net Position											
School Board Component Unit	\$	(2,321,830) \$	16,036,888 \$	(2,134,874) \$	(77,922) \$	(2,634,979) \$	(1,284,993) \$	(96,997) \$	9,798,303 \$	12,111,245 \$	6,910,100

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 3

	 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Post-GASB 54 implementation:										
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 8,408	\$ 11,916	\$ 12,488	\$ 23,986	\$ 40,261	\$ 4,299	\$ 7,603	\$ 10,942	\$ 9,658	\$ 4,974
Restricted	486,062	495,790	457,025	444,950	359,898	180,235	161,576	150,594	335,969	213,733
Committed	1,218,750	1,926,988	1,811,912	1,678,662	816,327	758,966	802,452	1,629,059	1,568,721	2,288,502
Assigned	4,405,933	3,722,604	2,620,451	2,311,176	3,992,120	6,097,662	4,306,925	2,922,439	3,040,614	3,284,955
Unassigned	 16,071,618	 16,084,160	 17,180,500	 18,669,609	 19,879,105	 19,545,641	 21,741,580	 21,520,699	 21,138,627	 24,951,839
Total general fund	\$ 22,190,771	\$ 22,241,458	\$ 22,082,376	\$ 23,128,383	\$ 25,087,711	\$ 26,586,803	\$ 27,020,136	\$ 26,233,733	\$ 26,093,589	\$ 30,744,003
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 182,500	\$ 167,500	\$ 152,500	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ -
Restricted	-	4,013,360	138,891	2,107,704	7,962,437	3,653,335	685,317	3,260,108	7,430,820	9,028,279
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	426,435
Assigned	2,316,213	1,493,250	4,134,658	2,319,870	1,316,253	880,491	1,467,063	983,346	972,105	1,148,328
Unassigned	 		 		 	(11,814)	(15,109)	(17,481)	 (666,405)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,498,713	\$ 5,674,110	\$ 4,426,049	\$ 4,467,574	\$ 9,318,690	\$ 4,562,012	\$ 2,177,271	\$ 4,265,973	\$ 7,776,520	\$ 10,603,042



CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 4

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Revenues General property taxes 36,115,435 \$ 37,746,991 \$ 38,656,808 \$ 39,043,098 \$ 40,096,166 \$ 42,004,425 \$ 43,326,891 \$ 45,189,753 \$ 45,850,960 \$ 48,478,205 8,859,376 9.431.564 9,749,245 10.008.106 9,724,767 10.834.790 Sales taxes 8,718,682 8,119,431 9,086,187 12,129,457 18,346,602 19,374,122 21,481,775 21,939,070 22,632,506 23,099,752 23,582,217 22,427,329 22,851,182 26,348,621 Other local taxes 285,746 300,089 294,552 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 409,230 359,045 406,597 374,275 366,388 345,145 655,791 Fines and forfeitures 161,403 149,170 135,749 103,149 80,424 151,034 124,210 93,011 62,821 81,641 Revenues from use of money and property 219,226 194,025 212,093 309,350 275,080 331,454 530,560 491,370 139,194 290,260 Charges for services 1,951,951 2,011,886 2,465,271 2,572,507 2,788,014 2,589,743 2,582,744 2,316,443 2,095,129 2,835,481 Miscellaneous 1,044,782 1,132,586 1,127,260 1,125,757 1,084,921 1,032,841 1,147,040 948,580 1,077,661 900,172 Recovered costs 726,062 612,575 632,710 1,700,831 1,068,531 1,484,328 1,143,333 2,134,030 1,841,979 1,328,664 Intergovernmental 15,888,838 15,711,958 17,139,226 19,412,471 18,121,076 19,009,080 18,933,779 22,224,664 26,491,960 30,425,802 83,458,727 95,603,369 96,025,715 99,878,257 Total revenues 85,352,833 91,119,498 101,631,069 106,042,959 111,413,332 123,522,502 Expenditures General government administration 4,607,388 5,046,842 5,489,981 5,314,055 5,278,350 5,761,070 6,102,281 6,605,455 7,165,856 7,852,021 4,004,740 4,309,282 Judicial administration 3,099,072 3,201,762 3,288,665 5,460,743 3,673,845 3,904,672 4,271,818 4,451,654 Public safety 19,021,960 19,944,482 21,462,926 24,408,681 21,452,314 22,486,874 23,247,842 23,290,742 24,948,434 25,857,283 Public works 14,011,949 12,450,392 14,757,732 8,776,740 8,676,462 9,409,177 9,455,255 9,608,918 10,392,486 10,215,038 Health and welfare 7,256,023 6,880,143 7,522,062 7,972,355 8,964,354 10,189,623 10,068,857 10,839,383 11,617,879 12,813,132 Education 26,706,238 45,697,366 27,576,745 29,707,234 29,222,718 30,208,188 30,516,542 40,872,759 41.906.085 31,894,879 3,696,943 3,455,932 3,707,994 3,924,291 3,037,578 3,195,797 3,742,667 Parks, recreation, and culture 3,063,164 2,966,816 3,135,134 3,554,065 2,414,416 Community development 1,808,990 2,529,929 1,708,508 1,783,419 1,930,713 1,867,775 3,066,179 2,626,884 Capital outlay 5,480,740 8,556,040 6,960,346 11,712,403 9,039,041 18,582,038 Debt service: Principal retirement 6.064,266 6.047.562 6,202,770 6,127,933 6,885,730 6,720,569 7,488,901 8,041,602 8,174,980 8,954,909 Interest and fiscal charges 3,183,954 3,672,839 3,923,059 3,885,011 3,818,856 3,327,472 3,269,128 3,156,366 3,490,794 2,987,065 Bond issuance costs 216,634 183,567 179,468 75,256 55,800 254,708 23,720 284,345 525,696 232,681 Total expenditures 87,621,581 109,951,434 94,333,991 103,341,799 99,061,441 104,932,261 106,218,044 123,402,183 126,950,814 130,387,699 Excess of revenues over (under) (4,162,854)(24,598,601) (3,214,493) (7,738,430)(3,035,726) (5,054,004)(4,586,975)(17,359,224) (15,537,482)(6,865,197) expenditures

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 4 (Continued)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of property	s -	\$ -	s - s	11,250 \$	795,000 \$	3,443 \$	5,117 \$	62,000 \$	1,928 \$	5,218
Insurance recoveries	47,216	33,437	16,349	139,712	51,170	32,996	106,450	22,672	41,085	47,670
Bonds issued	27,963,072	24,265,000	11,255,180	7,075,000	7,400,000	16,660,000	1,000,000	15,000,000	41,593,535	11,960,000
Proceeds from premium on bond issuance	-	1,926,248	1,309,592	-	-	2,751,878	-	2,176,851	4,781,523	1,083,235
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(26,730,493)	-	(12,373,771)	-	-	(19,151,899)	-	-	(29,010,186)	-
Transfers in	5,694,575	6,312,546	7,592,391	6,231,504	5,451,618	5,895,255	6,915,933	8,267,520	7,305,998	6,259,990
Transfers out	(3,824,575)	(4,712,546)	(5,992,391)	(4,631,504)	(3,851,618)	(4,395,255)	(5,391,933)	(6,867,520)	(5,805,998)	(5,013,980)
Total other financing sources and uses	3,149,795	27,824,685	1,807,350	8,825,962	9,846,170	1,796,418	2,635,567	18,661,523	18,907,885	14,342,133
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,013,059)	\$ 3,226,084	\$ (1,407,143) \$	1,087,532 \$	6,810,444 \$	(3,257,586) \$	(1,951,408) \$	1,302,299 \$	3,370,403 \$	7,476,936
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.3%	9.5%	11.6%	11.0%	11.4%	10.4%	10.8%	10.0%	9.7%	10.7%

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 5

1.45

1.29

Real Property (1)(3) Personal Property (1) (4) Motor **Total Taxable** Total Fiscal Tax Rate Public Tax Rate Vehicles Tax Rate Public Tax Rate Machinery Tax Rate Mobile Tax Rate Assessed Direct Year and Tangibles per \$100 per \$100 per \$100 per \$100 Residential Commercial per \$100 Service per \$100 Service & Tools Homes Value Tax Rate 64,839,333 \$ 0.95 5,936 163,048 \$ 2013 (2) \$ 1,618,898,500 \$ 1,142,293,500 \$ 0.95 \$ 253,205,986 \$ 4.50 \$ \$ 4.50 \$ 152,329,260 \$ 1.30 \$ 0.95 \$ 3,231,735,563 \$ 1.24 2014 1,629,108,700 1,137,899,900 0.95 67,540,972 0.95 269,630,162 4.50 5,936 4.50 144,655,883 1.30 159,988 0.95 3,249,001,541 1.26 2015 1,744,437,672 1,170,855,700 0.91 66,459,087 0.91 269,176,193 4.50 32,033 4.50 136,394,356 218,148 0.91 3,387,573,189 1.21 (2) 1.30 2016 1,749,683,800 0.91 68,938,755 0.91 281,484,105 4.50 25,661 4.50 158,636,967 238,845 0.91 3,436,111,033 1.22 1,177,102,900 1.30 2017 1,895,930,700 284,408,731 4.50 20,377 4.50 1.30 217,381 0.91 1.23 (2) 1,219,641,300 0.91 68,267,350 0.91 143,653,774 3,612,139,613 2018 1,895,930,700 1,219,641,300 0.91 87,307,664 0.91 303,831,699 4.80 46,895 4.80 135,968,993 1.30 182,061 0.91 3,642,909,312 1.25 2019 (2) 1,986,440,800 1,215,715,500 0.93 89,076,531 0.93 333,421,362 4.80 43,778 4.80 133,782,120 1.30 173,327 0.93 3,758,653,418 1.28 2020 2,006,756,600 1,214,191,000 0.93 88,459,324 0.93 494,764,225 4.80 42,866 4.80 132,975,414 1.30 159,690 0.93 3,937,349,119 1.39

4.80

4.80

40,650

28,731

4.80

4.80

124,779,994

123,596,370

1.30

1.30

251,490

256,380

0.93

0.93

4,152,205,572

4,331,994,505

Notes:

2021

2022

(1) Property assessed at 100% of actual value. Tax rates are assessed per \$100 of assessed value.

1,197,398,500

1,124,700,200

(2) General reassessment of real property completed for the 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2019 tax years.

0.93

0.93

- (3) Real Property tax rate for residential and commercial property is rate in effect for 1st half billing coming due in the current fiscal year.
- (4) Starting in 2020 Personal property billing began to transition from monthly in arrears to semi-annual current year causing the large increase, this increase should level out after several years and return to the prior historical trend.

84,348,848

87,225,742

0.93

0.93

547,641,690

715,445,182

Source:

City of Winchester, Commissioner of the Revenue

2,197,744,400

2,280,741,900

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Table 6

		City Direct	Rates (2)		
Fiscal	Real	Public Service Real	Motor Vehicles	Machinery	Total Direct
Year	Estate	Estate	and Tangibles	& Tools	Rate
2013	0.81	0.02	0.35	0.06	1.20
2014	0.81	0.02	0.37	0.06	1.24
2015	0.78	0.02	0.36	0.05	1.20
2016	0.78	0.02	0.37	0.06	1.2
2017	0.78	0.02	0.35	0.05	1.23
2018	0.78	0.02	0.40	0.05	1.23
2019	0.79	0.02	0.43	0.05	1.23
2020	0.76	0.02	0.60	0.04	1.42
2021	0.76	0.02	0.63	0.04	1.4
2022	0.73	0.02	0.79	0.04	1.5

Notes:

- (1) The City is autonomous from any other political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and there are no overlapping taxing powers with other political subdivisions.
- (2) Direct rates are derived by calculating a weighted average that multiplies each rate by the proportion of the revenue base to which it applies.

Source:

City of Winchester, Commissioner of the Revenue

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 7

		December 31, 2021				Dece	mber 31	, 2011
<u>Taxpayer</u>			Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>
	Mayflower Apple Blossom LP		39,318,700	1	1.15%	48,943,400	1	1.79%
	TSO Winchester Station LP		24,010,600	2	0.70%			
	Denstock Meadow Branch LLC		23,561,300	3	0.69%			
	PDK Winchester LC		20,989,400	4	0.62%	21,322,200	4	0.78%
	Rubbermaid Commercial Prod Inc		20,389,000	5	0.60%	20,114,100	5	0.74%
	Canterbury Hill LLC		20,180,700	6	0.59%			
	Wal-Mart Realty Company		19,477,400	7	0.57%	23,733,000	2	0.87%
	DDRM Apple Blossom Corners LLC		18,405,900	8	0.54%	16,440,400	6	0.60%
	Jubal Square LLC		16,450,500	9	0.48%			
	PV Associates LLC		14,688,300	10	0.43%			
	National Fruit Prod Co Inc					14,589,400	7	0.53%
	Lowe's Home Center Inc					12,283,600	9	0.45%
	Pleasant Valley Market Place LLC					12,510,500	8	0.46%
	G W Development LLC Winchester Medical Center							
	Stuart Hill Apartments					12,147,000	10	0.45%
	Loveless Home X LLC J A							
	Cole MT Winchester LC					21,952,800	3	0.78%
	Total	\$	217,471,800		6.37%	\$ 204,036,400		7.45%

Source:

City of Winchester, Commissioner of the Revenue

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 8

	Taxes Levied		_			Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy (1)			Collections Refunds)	Total Collect	tions to Date		
	for the T	ax Year				Total			Percentage of	in	Subsequent		Percentage of
Year	(Origina	l Levy)	Adj	ustments	ents Adjusted Levy			Amount	Original Levy	Years		Amount	Adjusted Levy
2013	\$ 36,	736,704	\$	25,803	\$	36,762,507	\$	35,636,313	97.00%	\$	891,044	\$ 36,527,357	99.36%
2014	37,	464,538		132,914		37,597,452		36,358,575	97.05%		1,029,444	37,388,019	99.44%
2015	38,	015,252		12,320		38,027,572		36,950,548	97.20%		724,988	37,675,536	99.07%
2016	38,	468,743		59,315		38,528,058		37,485,391	97.44%		709,605	38,194,996	99.14%
2017	41,	131,840		(801)		41,131,039		39,976,381	97.19%		782,472	40,758,853	99.10%
2018	41,	417,336		(226,410)		41,190,926		40,093,397	96.80%		696,527	40,789,924	99.03%
2019	42,	062,215		(63,106)		41,999,109		38,788,843	92.22%		732,204	39,521,047	94.10%
2020	42,	729,722		1,481		42,731,203		41,533,134	97.20%		470,067	42,003,201	98.30%
2021	44,	685,599		48,585		44,734,184		42,858,718	95.91%		318,403	43,177,121	96.52%
2022	38,	709,468		(4,556)		38,704,912		19,697,592	50.89%		(31,972)	19,665,620	50.81%

Source:

City of Winchester, Treasurer

⁽¹⁾ Includes the Commonwealth's personal property tax reimbursement. Personal Property Taxes are levied in arrears over multiple calendar years.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities			В	usiness-type Activities							
Fiscal Year	Bonds (2)		Obligations and Leases Payable		General Obligation Bonds (2)			Revenue Bonds (2)		Obligations and Leases Payable		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)	
2013	\$	85,909,809	\$	900,000	\$	21,557,534	\$	69,725,303	\$	17,709,408	\$	195,802,054	21.45%	\$	7,242
2014		105,525,330		600,000		19,806,474		66,997,071		16,202,542		209,131,417	20.78%		7,283
2015		99,712,411		400,000		17,963,960		65,703,296		14,597,808		198,377,475	20.79%		7,684
2016		100,191,106		200,000		16,131,797		62,598,576		38,040,155		217,161,634	18.96%		7,202
2017		99,842,184		-		14,021,066		59,832,770		37,505,134		211,201,154	19.49%		7,884
2018		93,457,246		-		11,780,883		97,467,969		36,474,141		239,180,239	19.48%		8,541
2019		85,101,955		900,000		9,449,051		93,778,788		35,358,843		224,588,637	17.36%		7,990
2020		93,467,155		600,000		7,409,640		90,026,942		33,967,211		225,470,948	16.30%		7,855
2021		101,209,497		400,000		5,804,724		120,525,066	120,525,066		261,747,775		18.37%		9,119
2022		104,548,373		67,894		4,268,137		122,693,846		32,216,429		263,794,679	17.79%		9,318

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.
- (2) Includes Unamortized Bond Premiums

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund			Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)		
2013	\$ 107,467,343	\$	-	\$	107,467,343	3.33%	\$	3,998	
2014	125,331,804		-		125,331,804	3.86%		4,605	
2015	117,676,371		-		117,676,371	3.47%		4,272	
2016	116,322,903		-		116,322,903	3.39%		4,223	
2017	113,863,250		-		113,863,250	3.32%		4,104	
2018	105,238,129		-		105,238,129	2.89%		3,758	
2019	94,551,006		-		94,551,006	2.52%		3,364	
2020	100,876,795		-		100,876,795	2.56%		3,514	
2021	107,014,221		-		107,014,221	2.58%		3,728	
2022	108,816,510		-		108,816,510	2.51%		3,844	

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.
- (2) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of June 30, 2022

				Table 11
	Debt	Percentage Applicable to	A	Amount Applicable to
Jurisdiction	Outstanding	City of Winchester	City	of Winchester
City of Winchester	\$ 104,616,267	100%	\$	104,616,267

Notes:

(1) The City is autonomous from any other political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and there is no overlapping debt or taxing powers.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 12

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 282,603,133 \$	283,454,957	\$ 298,175,246	\$ 299,572,546	\$ 300,004,355	\$ 320,287,966	\$ 321,224,942	\$ 330,940,692	\$ 347,949,175 \$	349,266,784
Total net debt applicable to limit	107,467,343	114,224,636	106,210,407	105,885,838	104,449,458	95,354,720	85,790,000	91,165,000	95,905,000	98,000,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 175,135,790 \$	169,230,321	\$ 191,964,839	\$ 193,686,708	\$ 195,554,897	\$ 224,933,246	\$ 235,434,942	\$ 239,775,692	\$ 252,044,175	251,266,784
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	38.03%	40.30%	35.62%	35.35%	34.82%	29.77%	26.71%	27.55%	27.56%	28.06%
	Legal Debt Margin	Calculation for l	Fiscal Year 2022							
	Assessed Value of R Debt Limit - 10%	eal Property							\$	3,492,667,842 349,266,784
	Amount of Debt App General obligation		mit						-	98,000,000
	Legal Debt Margin								\$	251,266,784

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed real property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 13

Water	and	Sewer	Revenue	Ronds
vv atti	anu	DCWCI	1XC Y CHUC	Dunus

	Water a	and Sewer			Net				
Fiscal	Ch	arges	Less: Operating		Available	Debt S	Servi	ce	
Year	and	Other		Expenses	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2013	\$	22,417,068	\$	12,860,026	\$ 9,557,042	\$ 1,715,000	\$	3,247,700	1.93
2014		24,821,441		12,413,786	12,407,655	2,436,879		3,204,543	2.20
2015		25,689,559		13,326,754	12,362,805	2,538,184		3,102,309	2.19
2016		26,812,496		14,285,299	12,527,197	2,724,187		2,884,045	2.23
2017		28,903,369		13,199,892	15,703,477	2,795,220		3,311,743	2.57
2018		28,811,681		14,221,898	14,589,783	2,981,285		3,191,748	2.36
2019		31,132,450		16,570,222	14,562,228	3,092,381		4,612,341	1.89
2020		31,162,324		16,152,665	15,009,659	3,208,511		4,251,191	2.01
2021		31,108,368		18,006,732	13,101,636	4,489,675		3,649,471	1.61
2022		36,227,332		17,913,228	18,314,104	4,585,874		4,376,594	2.04

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Water and Sewer charges and other includes investment earnings but not availability fees. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 14

			Personal Income			Educational a	ttainment (4)		
Fiscal Year	Popu- lation(1)	e	amounts expressed thousands)	Per capita come(2)	Median age(4)	High School Graduate or higher	Bachelor's Degree or higher	School enrollment(5)	Unemployment rate (3)
2013	26,881	\$	942,125	\$ 35,048	35.1	82.2%	29.2%	4,085	6.60%
2014	27,216		1,005,767	36,955	35.6	81.9%	29.5%	4,147	5.10%
2015	27,543		1,046,056	37,979	35.3	83.8%	28.6%	4,135	4.80%
2016	27,543		1,114,280	40,456	35.7	83.3%	28.1%	4,227	3.80%
2017	27,743		1,177,302	42,436	36.8	84.2%	28.3%	4,255	3.80%
2018	28,005		1,227,627	43,836	37.6	83.5%	31.3%	4,170	2.80%
2019	28,108		1,293,980	46,036	37.6	83.6%	32.5%	4,163	2.70%
2020	28,705		1,382,835	48,174	37.3	83.1%	33.9%	4,194	2.30%
2021	28,705		1,425,002	49,643	38.1	84.1%	35.1%	4,160	5.80%
2022	28,310		1,482,793	52,377	37.3	86.2%	34.3%	3,968	2.70%

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Virginia Employment Commission
- (4) U.S. Census Bureau
- (5) City of Winchester School Board

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 15

	Decem	ber 31, 2	2021	December 31, 2012				
<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Valley Health System	1,000 and over	1	6.86%	1,000 and over	1	7.31%		
Winchester Public Schools	500 - 999	2	3.43%	500 - 999	3	3.66%		
Shenandoah University	500 - 999	3	3.43%	500 - 999	2	3.66%		
Wal Mart	500 - 999	4	3.43%	500 - 999	5	3.66%		
U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation	500 - 999	5	3.43%					
Newell Brand Industries- Rubbermaid	500 - 999	6	3.43%	500 - 999	4	3.66%		
City of Winchester	500 - 999	7	3.43%	500 - 999	7	3.66%		
U.S. Department of Defense	250 - 499	8	1.71%	500 - 999	6	3.66%		
American Woodmark	250 - 499	9	1.71%					
O'Sullivan Films Inc	250 - 499	10	1.71%	250 - 499	8	1.83%		
Grafton School Inc				250 - 499	9	1.83%		
Axiom Staffing Group				250 - 499	10	1.83%		
Total	4,750	-	32.58%	4,750	-	34.74%		

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Percentage calculations and totals are based on the minimum number of employees in the respective range.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
General government administration	38	44	41	42	43	42	43	42	56	43
Judicial administration	44	45	48	50	50	49	47	51	47	53
Public safety	228	216	234	233	226	223	240	215	227	237
Public works	61	56	53	59	71	58	62	58	85	102
Health and welfare	40	43	46	45	46	39	45	49	53	64
Parks, recreation and culture	46	46	42	39	36	38	35	33	22	22
Community development	12	12	19	21	12	11	12	12	12	14
Water and sewer	67	61	65	70	63	58	59	78	79	82
Bus service	15	18	19	21	13	18	21	22	14	27
Parking authority	6	6	6	6	6	3	5	6	6	7
Schools	668	674	689	703	707	700	703	703	707	746
Total	1,225	1,221	1,262	1,289	1,273	1,239	1,272	1,269	1,308	1,397

City FTE:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 80 hours per biweekly pay period (including annual leave, sick leave, overtime, etc.). FTE employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours per pay period by 80.

Schools FTE:

Teacher FTE is based on 200 days at 7 hours per day.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 17

	Fiscal Year											
<u>Function</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
General Government												
Building permits issued	1,463	1,709	1,732	1,787	1,898	1,913	3,949*	4,286*	1,855	1,819		
Building inspections conducted (commercial and residential)	6,025	7,408	8,150	8,858	8,829	8,902	11,645*	5,114	4,166	3,777		
	-,	,,	-,	-,	-,	-,	,	-,	.,	-,		
Police												
Physical arrests	3,018	3,802	2,838	4,113	2,653	2,796	2,325	1,976	1,207	1,428		
Parking violations	4,526	4,226	3,542	3,013	3,634	3,941	10,107	8,316	4,055	5,664		
Traffic violations	4,304	4,580	4,543	4,534	5,190	5,021	7,947	5,378	6,368	3,657		
Fire												
Emergency responses	5,518	5,804	6,022	6,282	6,784	6,588	6,142	5,854	6,116	6,779		
Structure fires	57	55	54	52	48	56	54	45	33	42		
On-site fire inspections	377	486	333	918	809	457	881	666	275****	895		
Fire suppression inspection tests	61	82	63	136	116	111	171	68	44****	74		
Refuse Collection												
Refuse collected (tons per year residential and non-residential)	6,681	6,608	6,451	6,534	6,629	6,561	6,719	6,794	7,109	7,217		
Recyclables collected (tons per year does not include cardboard or yard waste)	3,312	3,068	3,076	3,094	3,051	2,931	2,850	2,190	2,154	1,972		
Recyclable scrap	21.00	13.00	10.00	8.00	19.37	34.00	3.39	16.50	20.51	23.26		
Other Public Works	5.00		21.20	7 .00		10.00	0.50	10.00		5.50		
Street resurfacing (miles)	5.60	5.10	21.38	7.00	11.98	10.00	9.59	10.23	1.39	5.58		
Parks and Recreation												
Shelter permits issued	691	493	352	390	386	420	293	221**	239***	359		
Indoor/Outdoor pool attendance (does not include user groups e.g., teams, etc.)	25,156	25,776	23,349	33,515	33,163	36,236	36,797	26,111**	4,109***	15,978		
Racquetball court users (1)	2,506	2,445	2,711	1,980	1,824	2,550	2,402	1,340**	738***	701**		
Indoor fitness room users (1)	7,375	6,067	5,797	2,535	3,128	3,808	3,335	1,944**	7***	1,019**		
Water												
Average daily production	6.14mgd	5.95mgd	6.43 mgd	6.55mgd	7.09 mgd	6.17 mgd	6.10mgd	5.82mgd	5.76mgd	5.54mgd		
New connections	26	28	38	44	41	24	16	18	38	23		
Total connections	11,047	11,075	11,113	11,157	11,198	11,222	11,238	11,256	11,294	11,317		
Water main breaks	29	42	48	33	37	42	25	32	38	29		
Average daily consumption	4.5mgd	5.09mgd	5.4 mgd	6.12 mgd	5.75 mgd	5.21 mgd	4.79mgd	3.83mgd	3.84mgd	3.91mgd		
Wastewater												
Average daily flow (12 month period)	4.96mgd	4.87mgd	4.70 mgd	4.96 mgd	4.97 mgd	5.09 mgd	4.72 mgd	4.11mgd	4.82mgd	4.75mgd		
Peak Flow (12 month period)	22.0mgd	25.9mgd	25.47 mgd	18.49 mgd	20.1 mgd	20.05 mgd	21.14mgd	20.04mgd	20.50mgd	21.27mgd		
Transit Passenger trips	130,190	120,758	126,122	138,961	143,208	139,998	134,832	110,844**	85,334***	134,223		
rassenger trips	130,190	120,736	120,122	138,901	143,208	139,998	134,632	110,644	65,554	134,223		
Schools (2)												
Number of teachers, Elementary (K-4)	143	147	150	159	157	156	154	146	157	166		
Number of teachers, Middle 5-8)	95	98	104	107	108	105	103	110	121	113		
Number of teachers, Secondary (9-12)	98	99	101	102	104	102	102	101	111	114		
Number of students, Elementary (K-4)	1776	1,707	1,688	1,698	1,677	1,598	1,576	1,742	1,502	1,446		
Number of students, Middle (5-8)	1190	1,177	1,287	1,306	1,343	1,304	1,287	1,313	1,265	1,213		
Number of students, Secondary (9-12)	1119	1,263	1,190	1,259	1,269	1,297	1,258	1,297	1,315	1,326		

Source: Various Departments in the City

^{*} Total FY Building permits and inspections increase is due to the Water Meter Replacement (Expansion Tank) Project.

^{**} Decrease in participation reflects impact of COVID-19 pandemic March 17- June 30, 2020.

*** Decrease in participation reflects impacts of COVID-19 pandemic during FY21.

^{****} There was a vacancy for most of the year for a Fire Marshall and COVID restricted the ability to perform the normal inspections per JD Orndorff

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Table 18

<u>Function</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SubStations	1		1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-
Patrol cars	76	73	69	74	85	81	85	81	81	85
Tutor curs	70	75	0)	, ,	05	01	05	01	01	05
Fire										
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Refuse Collection										
Collection Trucks	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
od Dir Wil										
Other Public Works	221.00	221.00	221.00	221.00	221.00	210.24	210.24	222.66	222.72	222.72
Streets (miles) Streetlights	63	63	221.00 63	221.00 126	221.00 121	219.34 121	219.34 121	223.66 121	222.72 121	121
Traffic signals	56	56	57	59	55	54	54	55	55	57
Traffic signals	30	30	31	39	33	34	34	33	33	31
Parks and Recreation										
Number of parks	14	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	15
Acreage	248	247	247	247	247	248	271	271	271	271
Miles of Trails								6.1	*7.1	*7.1
Playgrounds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball/softball diamonds	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8
Soccer/football fields	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10
Basketball courts	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8
Tennis courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Horseshoe courts	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Water										
Miles of water mains	126	126	126	127	127	127	127	128	128	129
Fire hydrants	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,088	1,290	1,290	1,316	1,316	1,316	1,345
Water storage capacity	12 mg	1,003	1,003	1,000 12 mg	1,250 12 mg	1,250 12 mg	1,510 12mg	10.3mg	10.1mg	10.1mgd
water storage capacity	12 mg	12 1115	12 mg	12 mg	12 mg	12 mg	121115	10.5111g	10.1111g	10.1mgu
Wastewater										
Miles of storm sewers	82	82	82	83	83	83	83	83	83	84
Miles of sanitary sewers	122	122	122	123	123	123	123	123	123	124
Opequon wastewater treatment capacity (1)	7.1 mgd	7.1 mgd	7.1 mgd	7.1 mgd	7.1 mgd	7.1 mgd	7.1mgd	7.1mgd	7.1mgd	7.1mgd
Transit	7	7					-	-	5	-
Minibuses	7 2	7 2	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
Trolleys Vans	2	1	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
vans	2	1	2	2	+	4	4	4	4	4
Schools										
Attendance Centers, Elementary	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Attendance Centers, Middle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Attendance Centers, Secondary	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of classrooms, Elementary	127	127	127	127	168	168	168	168	168	168
Number of classrooms, Middle	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Number of classrooms, Secondary	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	115

Source: Various Departments in the City

Operated by Frederick Winchester Service Authority
 Includes the ParCourse Trail





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Winchester, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winchester, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as item 2022-004, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-003.

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Company, S. L. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 1, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Winchester, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Winchester, Virginia's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Winchester, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliances requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Winchester, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal documentation of the City of Winchester, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of Winchester, Virginia's federal programs.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City of Winchester, Virginia's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
 in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of Winchester, Virginia's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of
 Winchester, Virginia's internal control over compliance Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed one instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, as discussed below, we did identify one deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Company, S. L. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 1, 2022

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2022

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Governor's Opportunity Funds
Comprehensive Services Act
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Sheriff Internal Controls

State Agency Requirements
Education
Social Services
Urban Highway Maintenance
Fire Programs Aid to Localities

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **One significant deficiency** relating to the audit of the financial statements was reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **One significant deficiency** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs was reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **one audit finding related to major programs**.
- 7. The programs tested as major were:

Name of Program	Assistance <u>Listing Number</u>
SNAP Cluster – State Administration Matching Grants for Supplemental	
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561
Federal Transit Cluster – Formula Grants	20.507
Teacher and School Leader Incentive Program	84.374A
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425D, 84.425U
COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City of Winchester was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2022-004 Audit Adjustments (Significant Deficiency) – Schools

Condition:

As part of our audit, we proposed multiple significant adjustments to retainage payable, construction in progress, revenue, expenditures, and beginning fund balance.

Criteria:

Transactions should be reviewed in detail to ensure proper accounting treatment.

Cause:

Transactions and adjustments pertaining to year end were not adequately reviewed for proper inclusion or exclusion in the accounting records.

Effect:

Multiple significant adjustments were made to various transaction classes.

Recommendation:

We suggest management implement procedures, such as review of transactions near year end, to ensure that transactions are appropriately accounted for and reflected. Additionally, all adjustments that were made as a result of our current year audit should be reviewed during the next year as a reminder of matters needing accounting attention in preparing for the 2023 audit.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

Management approved and made all adjusting journal entries that were suggested as part of our audit. The staff have discussed the documented processes and are considering additional procedures to confirm year end transactions are appropriately accounted for and reflected.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

2022-001: Controls Over Cutoff – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) – AL# 84.425D, 84.425U (Significant Deficiency in Controls Over Compliance)

Condition:

During our review of ESSER expenditures, we noted approximately \$14,000 of allowable costs that were recorded in the wrong period.

Criteria:

The expenditures must be reported in the proper period for accurate reporting on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Cause:

Procedures in place to ensure all expenditures are recorded in the proper period were not followed.

Effect:

Approximately \$14,000 of allowable costs were recorded in fiscal year 2022 instead of fiscal year 2021.

Ouestioned Cost Amount:

N/A – the expenditures in question are allowable costs that were reported in the wrong fiscal year.

Perspective Information:

Two items out of 25 tested.

Context:

The individual overseeing the project did not provide invoices to Finance in a timely manner.

Recommendation:

We recommend continued communications with all departments to ensure all invoices are being submitted to Finance in a timely manner in order to record expenditures in the proper reporting period.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The Director of Finance of Winchester Public Schools will communicate the importance of getting invoices to the School's finance department in a timely manner.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT (Continued)

2022-002: Unallowable Costs – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) – AL# 84.425D, 84.425U

Condition:

As part of our audit, we noted one instance where payroll for an elementary school teacher was incorrectly charged to this program.

Criteria:

All expenditures being coded to Federal programs must be reviewed to ensure they are an allowable cost.

Cause:

Procedures in place to ensure all expenditures are allowable were not followed.

Effect:

Payroll for one elementary school teacher was incorrectly recorded as an ESSER expenditure.

Ouestioned Cost Amount:

The total of the error noted in testing was approximately \$450. The projected error is estimated to be approximately \$7,900.

Perspective Information:

One item out of 25 tested.

Context:

Budget reports submitted to and approved by the Virginia Department of Education (VDOE) include details explaining how Winchester Public Schools will spend ESSER funds. The elementary school position was not included in this report and, thus, not approved by the VDOE.

Recommendation:

We recommend continued review of payroll costs and positions before using ESSER funds.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The Director of Finance of Winchester Public Schools concurred with the finding and made the appropriate entries to remove these payroll costs out of the grant. The School's finance department will continue to have heightened scrutiny when using Federal funds.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2022-003 Department of Social Services – System Access

Condition:

During our review of system access, we noted one individual did not have system access request forms on hand, which would signify the type of access the individual should have.

Criteria:

The Department of Social Services requires auditors to review access to various reporting platforms. This includes keeping system access request forms for each individual, which details the access they should have. Additionally, management should review everyone's access on an annual basis to conclude whether employees have appropriate access for their job duties.

Cause:

System access request forms were not maintained for one individual.

Effect:

An individual did not have completed or reviewed system access request forms.

Recommendation:

We recommend that system access request forms be maintained for each employee of the City of Winchester's Department of Social Services. Additionally, we recommend that these system access request forms be reviewed by appropriate levels of management on an annual basis.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

While this occurred under the previous local security officer (LSO), management concurred and will be thorough with completing and maintaining system access request forms for all applicable employees of the City of Winchester's Department of Social Services.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2021-001 Audit Adjustments (Significant Deficiency) – City and Schools

Condition:

As part of our audit we proposed multiple significant adjustments to accounts receivable, revenue, accounts payable, expenditures, prepaids, and capital assets. We proposed one significant entry related to the City.

Recommendation:

We suggest management implement procedures, such as review of transactions near year end, to ensure that transactions are appropriately accounted for and reflected. Additionally, all adjustments that were made as a result of our current year audit should be reviewed during the next year as a reminder of matters needing accounting attention in preparing for the 2022 audit.

Current Status:

During the fiscal year 2022 audit, audit entries for the City did not rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency. Finding appears to be resolved for the City. See the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Finding 2022-004, for an update on the Schools.

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program	Federal AL Number	Passthrough Number	Amounts Passed Thru to Sub- recipients	Cluster Expenditures	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Pass-through payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
SNAP Cluster - State Administration Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition		84703, 84903, 85503, 84322, 84703, 84903, 85503,			
Assistance Program	10.561	85803, 84704, 84904, 85504, 85804			\$ 923,709
Department of Forest Service:					
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	0000106723			5,900
Department of Corrections:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE402540		30,168	
Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE402540		2,068,469	
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	APE402540		237,093	
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE402540		118,315	
School Breakfast Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.553	APE405880		602,265	3,056,310
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					3,985,919
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Direct payments:					
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	97.044	N/A			105,841
Pass-through payments:					
Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	62744			8,905
State Homeland Security Grant Program	97.073	7760200			45,903
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security					160,649
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Direct payments:					
Community Development Block Grants:					
Entitlement Grants Cluster	14.218	N/A			422,141
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					422,141
U.S. Department of Justice					
Direct payments:					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A			15,952
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program (HIDTA)	95.001	N/A			65,635
Pass-through payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services	4 6 7700	2020 1411 1211 0002			##0
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020-MU-BX-0035			778
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Title II - Alternative Interventions for Status Offenders Crime Victim Assistance	16.540 16.575	20-A4954JJ16 86015			63,434 115,535
Total U.S. Department of Justice	10.575	50015			261,334
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Direct payments:					
COVID-19 - Federal Transit	20.507	N/A			931,874
Pass-through payments:					
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles					
Highway Safety Cluster - Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention	20.601	55383			18,296
Virginia Department of Transportation	20.205	0000007024			111.057
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	0000097834			111,857
Total U.S. Department of Transportation					1,062,027
National Endowment for the Arts					
Direct payments:	45.005	27/4			4.50-
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreement	45.025	N/A			4,500

CITY OF WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program	Federal AL Number	Passthrough Number	Amounts Passed Thru to Sub- recipients	Cluster Expenditures	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education					
Direct payments:					
McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children & Youth	84.387	N/A			9,060
Education Innovation and Research Teacher and School Leader Incentive Program	84.411C 84.374A	N/A N/A			1,006,664 859,299
Pass-through payments:	04.57424	IVA			037,277
Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education:					
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.027	APE42901		1.001.241	939,321
Special Education Cluster - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	APE43071 APE62521		1,001,241 63,466	
Total Special Education Cluster:	073	1 11 10/20/20 1		03,100	1,064,707
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	APE60512			127,573
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.367 84.048	APE61480 APE61095			211,663 39,762
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425D	APE501950000		1,311,427	39,762
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U	APE501950000		677,305	
COVID-19 - Unfinished Learning	84.425D	APE501850000		450,684	
Total for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief and Unfinished Learning Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services					2,439,416
Early Intervention	84.181	N/A			221,441
Safe and Drug-Fee Schools and Communities	84.184	APE600220			51,247
Total U.S. Department of Education					6,970,153
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass-through Payments:					
Department of Social Services: Guardianship Assistance	93.090	85828			11,644
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	85851			9,149
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	85829			50,960
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	93.558	85809 thru 85812, 85827, 85830			315,464
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566	85813			3,899
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	85814			49,193
Community Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	86609			993
CCDF Cluster - Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	85516, 85517, 85518			71,005
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	86101			7,166
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	82001			4,952
Child Welfare Services	93.645	84731, 84931, 85531			754
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	81107, 81108, 81110, 81112, 81403, 85505, 85506, 85507, 85533, 85538, 85547, 87301, 84319, 84705, 84706, 84707, 84733, 84738, 84747, 84905, 84906, 84907, 84933, 84938, 84947, 85805, 85806, 85807, 85833, 85838, 85847			384,458
Adoption Assistance	93.659	81201, 81202, 81203, 85508,81201, 81202, 81203, 85508, 85808			706,592
Social Service Block Grant	93.667	1000121, 1000122			373,491
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	85534, 86201, 84734, 84934, 85534, 86201			6,220
State Children's Insurance Program	93.767	85502, 84702, 84092, 85502, 85802 85501, 85546, 85550, 84323, 84701, 84746, 84750,			4,971
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	84901, 84946, 84950, 85801, 85846, 85850			486,766
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					2,487,677
Department of the Treasury: Direct Payments:					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Pass-through Payments:	21.027	N/A	48,234		3,424,923
Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - CARES Act Coronoavirus Relief Funds	21.019	N/A			630,539
Total Department of Treasury					4,055,462
Federal Communications Commission					
Direct Payments: COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	N/A			347,226
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					\$ 19,757,088

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of federal expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs of the City of Winchester, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

Note 2: Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 3: De Minimus Indirect Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

Note 4: Subrecipient Monitoring
Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	AL	Sub-recipient	A	mount
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027 21.027	Blue Ridge Habitat for Humanity Congregational Community Action Plan	\$	11,319 5,175
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Sinclair Health Clinic	-	31,740
			\$	48,234